

**ARTEP 5-617-35-MTP**

**MISSION TRAINING PLAN  
FOR THE  
ENGINEER COMPANY,  
ENGINEER PRIME POWER  
BATTALION**

**OCTOBER2003**

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HEADQUARTERS  
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
Washington, DC, 30 October 2003

**MISSION TRAINING PLAN  
FOR THE  
ENGINEER COMPANY,  
ENGINEER PRIMER POWER BATTALION**

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## **PREFACE**

This mission training plan (MTP) provides active component (AC) and reserve component (RC) training managers with a descriptive, mission-oriented training program to train the unit to perform its critical wartime operations. This MTP aligns with and is part of the United States (US) Army Training and Tactical Doctrine Program. While missions and deployment assignments impact on the priorities, the operations described here are expected to be executed with a high level of proficiency. Each unit is expected to train, as a minimum, to the standards of the training and evaluation outlines (T&EOs) in this MTP. Standards for training may be raised, but they may not be lowered.

This MTP applies to the engineer company, engineer prime power battalion table(s) of organization and equipment (TOE) 05617L000.

The proponent for this publication is HQ, TRADOC. Send comments and recommendations on Department of the Army (DA) Form 2028 directly to Commander, US Army Maneuver Support Center, ATTN: ATZT-DT-WF-E, Directorate of Training Development, 320 MANSCEN Loop, Suite 220, Fort Leonard Wood, MO 65473-8929.

Unless this publication states otherwise, masculine nouns and pronouns refer to both men and women.

## CHAPTER 1

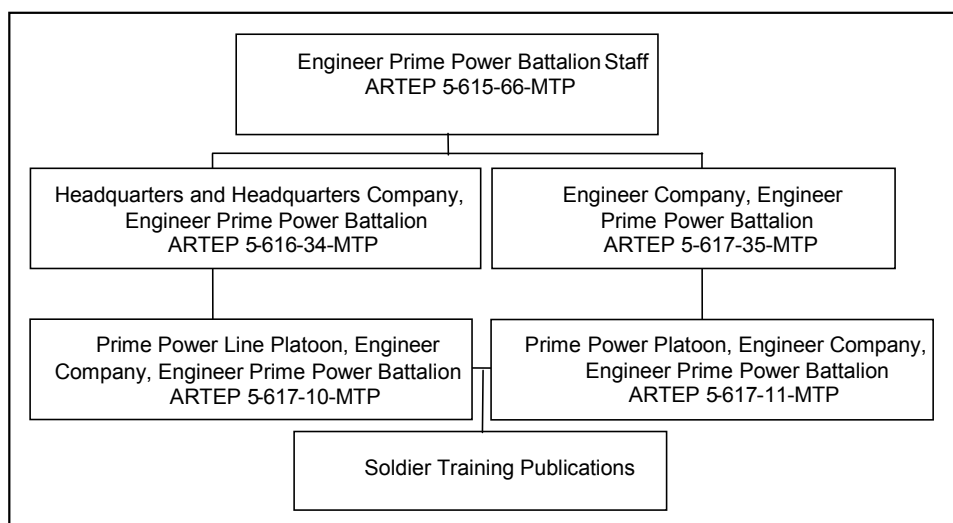
### Unit Training

1-1. General. This MTP provides the commander and leaders with guidance on how to train the key missions of the unit. The specific details of the unit training program will depend on the—

- Unit mission-essential task list (METL).
- Chain-of-command training directives and guidance.
- Unit training priorities.
- Availability of training resources and areas.

1-2. Supporting Material. This MTP describes a critical wartime mission-oriented training program that is part of the next higher echelon training program. This relationship is illustrated in Figure 1-1. The unit training program consists of the following publications:

- a. Army Training and Evaluation Program (ARTEP) 5-615-66-MTP for the engineer prime power battalion, battalion staff. This MTP indicates the relationship of the battalion training program.
- b. ARTEP 5-616-34-MTP for the headquarters and headquarters company, engineer prime power battalion. This MTP indicates the relationship of the support company training program to the battalion training program.
- c. ARTEP 5-617-10-MTP and ARTEP 5-617-11-MTP for the engineer platoons (prime power). These ARTEP MTPs indicate the relationship of the platoon training programs to the company training program.
- d. Soldier training publications (STPs) for the appropriate military occupational specialties (MOSs) and skill levels.



**Figure 1-1. MTP Echelon Relationship**

1-3. Contents. This MTP is organized into six chapters and three appendices.

- a. Chapter 1, Unit Training, provides the explanation and organization of an MTP. This chapter explains how to use an MTP in establishing an effective training program.
- b. Chapter 2, Training Matrixes, shows the relationship between the mission and the collective tasks.
- c. Chapter 3, Mission Outlines/Training Plans, presents a graphic portrayal of the relationship between missions and their subordinate tasks.
- d. Chapter 4, Training Exercise, consists of a sample training exercise. This exercise provides training information and a preconstructed sample scenario. It can serve as a part of an internal or external evaluation. This exercise may be modified to suit the training needs of the unit.
- e. Chapter 5, Training and Evaluation Outlines, contains the T&EOs for the unit. T&EOs are the foundation of the MTP and the collective training of the unit. Each task is a T&EO that identifies task steps, performance measures, individual and leader tasks, and opposing forces (OPFOR) countertasks. The unit must master designated collective tasks to perform its critical wartime operations. T&EOs can be trained separately, in a situational training exercise (STX), in a field training exercise (FTX), or in live-fire exercises. For collective live-fire standards, the trainer needs to refer to the applicable gunnery manual for the appropriate course of fire. Those standards and courses of fire need to be integrated into the training exercise. Each T&EO is part of a mission and, in various combinations, composes the training exercise in Chapter 4.

(1) Format. The T&EOs are prepared for every collective task that supports critical wartime operation accomplishment. Each T&EO contains the following items:

- (a) Elements. This identifies the unit or unit element(s) that perform the task.
- (b) Task. This describes the action to be performed by the unit and provides the task number.
- (c) Reference. This identifies the publication used to develop the task and is in parenthesis following the task number. If more than one reference is used, the reference that contains the most information (primary reference) about the task is listed first and underlined. If there is only one reference, it is not underlined.
- (d) Iteration. This is used to identify how many times the task is performed and evaluated during training. The M identifies when the task is performed in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.
- (e) Commander/leader assessment. This is used by the unit leadership to assess the proficiency of the unit in performing the task to standard. Assessments are subjective in nature. Therefore, use all available evaluation data and subunit-leader input to assess the overall capability of the organization to accomplish the task. Use the following ratings:

- **T - Trained.** The unit is trained and has demonstrated its proficiency in accomplishing the task to wartime standards.
- **P - Needs practice.** The unit needs to practice the task. Performance has demonstrated that the unit does not achieve the task to standard without some difficulty or has failed to perform some task steps to standard.
- **U - Untrained.** The unit cannot demonstrate an ability to achieve wartime proficiency.

(f) Conditions. This describes the situation or environment in which the unit is to perform the collective task.

(g) Task standards. This states the performance criteria that a unit must achieve to successfully execute the task. This overall standard should be the focus of training and should be understood by every soldier. The trainer or evaluator determines the unit training status by using performance observation measurements (where applicable) and his judgment. The unit must be evaluated in the context of the mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations (METT-TC). The conditions should be as similar as possible for all evaluated elements. This will establish a common baseline for unit performance.

(h) Task steps and performance measures. This is a list of actions that the unit is to perform to complete the task. These actions are stated in terms of observable performance for evaluating training proficiency. The task steps are arranged sequentially along with any supporting individual tasks and their references. An asterisk (\*) to the left of the step number indicates the leader tasks within each T&EO. If the unit fails to correctly perform one of the task steps to standard, it has failed to achieve the overall task standard. The task step may contain performance measures that must be accomplished to correctly perform the task step.

(i) GO/NO-GO column. This column is provided for annotating the performance of the task steps. Evaluate each performance measure for a task step and place an X in the appropriate column. A major portion of the performance measures must be marked a GO for the task step to be successfully performed.

(j) Task performance/evaluation summary block. This block provides the trainer with a means of recording the total number of task steps and performance measures evaluated and those evaluated as GO. It also provides the evaluator with a means to rate the unit demonstrated performance as a GO or NO-GO. It also provides the leader with a historical record for five training iterations.

(k) Supporting individual tasks. This is a listing of all supporting individual tasks required to correctly perform the task. The task number and task title for each individual task are listed.

(l) Supporting collective tasks. This is a listing of all supporting collective tasks required to correctly perform the task. The task number and task title for each collective task are listed.

(m) Opposing forces tasks. These standards specify overall OPFOR performance for each collective task. The standards ensure that the OPFOR soldiers accomplish meaningful training and force the training unit to perform its task to standard or lose to the OPFOR. The OPFOR standards specify what must be accomplished—not how it must be accomplished. The OPFOR must always attain its task standards, using tactics consistent with the type of enemy being portrayed.

(2) Usage. The T&EOs can be used to train or evaluate a single task. Several T&EOs can be used to train or evaluate a group of tasks such as an STX or FTX.

f. Chapter 6, External Evaluation, provides instructions for the planning, preparation, and execution of an external evaluation.

g. Appendix A, Sample Operation Order, contains a sample operation order (OPORD) to be used with the exercise in Chapter 4.

h. Appendix B, Threat Analysis, describes local, regional, and global threats and special situations that impact operations.

i. Appendix C, Metric Conversion Chart, contains an English-to-metric measurement conversion chart.

1-4. Missions and Tasks.

a. This MTP concerns specific missions found in the TOE and an implied mission that the unit must perform in order to accomplish the specified missions. The critical missions are the focus for the unit. The commander may supplement these missions with his own. The following is a listing of the missions for the unit:

- Provide power generation support.
- Provide power distribution support.
- Sustain unit operations.
- Defend the unit.
- Conduct unit survivability operations.

b. Each of these tasks may be trained individually or jointly. Training is based on the criteria described in the T&EOs. Several T&EOs can be trained as an STX. Various combinations of STXs can be used to develop an FTX for the unit to practice its entire mission responsibility. Several STXs can be developed into an external evaluation that is designed by the next higher echelon to evaluate the ability of the unit to perform multiple missions under stress in a realistic environment.

c. Squad tasks are trained in much the same way as described above. However, the squad leader must also train the drills provided in the drill book.

d. Leader tasks that support unit missions are trained through STP training, battle simulations, and execution of unit missions.

e. Individual tasks that support unit tasks are mastered by training to standards outlined in the appropriate STPs. The T&EOs in Chapter 5 show the individual tasks that support collective-task training.

1-5. Training Principles. This MTP is based on the training principles explained in Field Manual (FM) 7-0.

1-6. Training Strategy. The training program, developed and executed by the engineer battalion to train to standards in its critical wartime missions, will be a component of the Army Combined Arms Training Strategy (CATS). The purpose of CATS is to provide direction and guidance on how the total Army will train and identify the resources required to support that training. CATS will provide the tools that enable the Army to focus and manage training in an integrated manner. Central to CATS is a series of proponent-generated unit and institutional strategies that describe the training events and resources required to facilitate training to standard. CATS will be embedded in the Standard Army Training System (SATS), version 4.1 and higher. The Web site for this information is <http://www.atsc.army.mil/atmd/strac>.

a. The unit training strategies central to CATS provide the commander with a descriptive menu for training. These strategies reflect that while there is an optimal way to train to standard, it is unlikely that all units in the Army will have the exact mix of resources required to execute an optimal training strategy.

b. The unit training strategy is a descriptive training strategy that provides a means for training the battalion to standard by listing required training events, critical training gates, training event frequencies, and training resources. The commander selects those tasks required to train his METL from this MTP. The training strategies to be provided in SATS 4.1 will provide the means whereby those tasks can be trained through a focused and integrated training plan.

c. The unit training strategy will be comprised of three separate training strategies. When integrated with the training tasks found in this MTP, they form a comprehensive and focused training



strategy that allows the unit to train to standard. The elements of the unit training strategy are discussed below.

(1) Maneuver- and collective-training strategy. The maneuver- and collective-training strategy is intended to provide a set of recommended training frequencies for key training events in a unit and depicts those resources that are required to support the training events.

(2) Gunnery strategy. The gunnery strategy is based on weapons systems found in the unit and is intended to provide an annual training plan and to depict resources required to support weapons training. Data for the gunnery strategy comes from the Standards in Training Commission (STRAC) manual or the appropriate FMs.

(3) Soldier strategy. The soldier strategy provides an annual plan for training and maintaining skills at the individual level and lists the resources required to train a soldier.

d. A vital element in the unit training strategy is the identification of critical training gates. Critical training gates are defined as training events that must be conducted to standard before moving on to a more difficult or resource-intensive training event or task. Training gates follow the crawl, walk, run training methodology. For instance, if the unit training strategy calls for conducting an FTX, and an STX has been identified as a critical training gate for the FTX, the training tasks in the STX must be trained to standard before conducting the FTX. Standards for all tasks must be clearly defined so that the trainer can assess the preparedness of the soldiers, or units, to move on to more complex training events. The provision for critical training gates is made recognizing that the unit METL and the commander's assessment of his unit training status will determine the selection and timing of the collective-training exercises in a specific unit training strategy.

e. When developing the unit training plan, the commander identifies from the MTP the training tasks required to train his METL.

1-7. Training Conduct. This MTP is designed to facilitate planning, preparing, and conducting unit training as explained in FMs 7-0 and 25-101. The commander performs the following:

a. Assigns the missions and supporting tasks for training based on his METL and guidance from the next higher headquarters (HQ). Trainers must plan and execute training to support this guidance.

b. Reviews the mission outline in Chapter 3 to determine whether the STXs and the FTXs provided will support, or can be modified to support, the command guidance. If they do not support the guidance or if they need to be modified, refer to the matrix in Chapter 2. This matrix provides a list of all critical collective tasks, drills, and individual tasks that must be mastered to perform the mission.

c. Prioritizes the tasks that need training. There is never time to train everything. Orient the training toward the greatest challenges and the most difficult sustainment skills.

d. Integrates training tasks into the training schedule, using the following procedures:

- (1) List the tasks in the priority and frequency that they need to be trained.
- (2) Determine the amount of time required and how to use multiechelon training for the best results.
- (3) Determine where the training can take place.
- (4) Determine who will be responsible for what. The leader of the element being trained must always be involved.
- (5) Organize needs into blocks of time and training vehicles.

- e. Approves the list of tasks to be trained and schedules them on the unit training schedule.
- f. Determines the equipment and supplies needed to conduct the training.
- g. Keeps subordinate leaders informed, and oversees their training. The standards must be rigidly enforced.

1-8. Force Protection.

a. **Safety.** Safety is a component of force protection. Commanders, leaders, and soldiers use risk assessment and risk management to tie force protection into the military around the mission. Risk management assigns responsibility, institutionalizes the commander review of operational safety, and leads to decision making at a level of command that is appropriate to the risk. The objective of safety is to help units protect combat power through accident prevention, which enables units to win quickly and decisively, with minimum losses. Safety is an integral part of all combat operations. Safety begins with readiness that determines the ability of the unit to perform its METL to standard. Readiness standards addressed during METL assessment are as follows:

- (1) Soldiers with the self-discipline to consistently perform tasks to standard.
- (2) Leaders who are ready, willing, and able to enforce standards.
- (3) Training that provides skills needed for performance to standard.
- (4) Standards and procedures for task preferences that are clear and practical.
- (5) Support for task preference, including equipment, personnel, maintenance, facilities, and services.

b. **Risk Management.** Risk management addresses the root causes (readiness shortcomings) of accidents. It helps commanders and leaders identify and predict the next accident. Risk management is a way to put more realism into training without paying the price in deaths, injuries, or damaged equipment. Risk management is a five-step, cyclic process that is easily integrated into the decision-making process outlined in FM 101-5.

**Step 1.** Identify Any Hazards. Identify the most probable hazards for the mission.

**Step 2.** Assess the Hazards. Analyze each hazard to determine the probability of it causing an accident and the probable effect of the accident. Identify control options to eliminate or reduce the hazard. The Army standard risk assessment matrix in Figure 1-2 is a tool to use for assessing hazards.

			HAZARD PROBABILITY				
			FREQUENT	PROBABLE	OCCASIONAL	REMOTE	IMPROBABLE
			A	B	C	D	E
E F F E C T	CATASTROPHIC	I	EXTREMELY		HIGH		
	CRITICAL	II	HIGH				
	MARGINAL	III		MEDIUM		LOW	
	NEGLIGIBLE	IV					

**Severity**

Catastrophic	Death, permanent total disability, system loss, major property damage
Critical	Permanent partial disability, temporary total disability in excess of three months, major system damage, significant property damage
Marginal	Minor injury, lost workday accident, compensable injury or illness, minor system/property damage
Negligible	First aid or minor supportive medical treatment, minor system impairment

**Probability**

Frequent	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Occurs often in career/equipment or both service life Continuously experienced
Probable	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Occurs several times in career/equipment service life Occurs frequently
Occasional	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Occurs sometime in career/equipment service life Occurs sporadically or several times in inventory service life
Remote	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Possible to occur in career/equipment service life Remote chance of occurrence; expected to occur sometime in inventory service life
Improbable	Individual soldier/item All soldiers exposed or item inventory	Can assume will not occur in career/equipment service life Possible, but not probable; occurs only very rarely

**Risk Levels**

Extremely High	Loss of ability to accomplish mission
High	Significantly degrades mission capabilities in terms of required mission standards
Medium	Degrades mission capabilities in terms of required mission
Low	Little or no impact on mission accomplishment

Figure 1-2. Risk Assessment Matrix

**Step 3. Make Risk Decisions.** Weigh the risk against the benefits of performing the operation. Accept no unnecessary risks, and make any remaining risk decisions at the proper level of command.

**Step 4. Implement Controls.** Integrate specific controls into operation plans (OPLANs), OPORDs, standing operating procedures (SOPs), and rehearsals. Communicate controls to the individual soldier.

**Step 5. Supervise.** Determine the effectiveness of controls in reducing the probability and effect of identified hazards, to include a follow-up and an after-action review (AAR). Develop lessons learned.

c. Chain of Command. Safety demands total chain-of-command involvement in planning, preparing, executing, and evaluating training. Responsibilities of the chain of command include—

- (1) Commanders.
  - (a) Seek optimum, not adequate, performance.
  - (b) Specify the risk you will accept to accomplish the mission.
  - (c) Select risk reductions provided by the staff.
  - (d) Accept or reject residual risk, based on the benefit to be derived.
  - (e) Train and motivate leaders at all levels to effectively use risk management concepts.
- (2) Staff.
  - (a) Assist the commander in assessing risks and developing risk reduction options for training.
  - (b) Integrate risk controls in plans, orders, METL standards, and performance measures.
  - (c) Eliminate unnecessary safety restrictions that diminish training effectiveness.
  - (d) Assess safety performance during training.
  - (e) Evaluate safety performance during AARs.
- (3) Subordinate leaders.
  - (a) Apply effective risk management concepts and methods consistently to the operations they lead.
  - (b) Report risk issues beyond their control or authority to their superiors.
- (4) Individual soldiers.
  - (a) Report unsafe conditions and acts, and correct the situation when possible.
  - (b) Establish a buddy system to keep a safety watch on one another.
  - (c) Take responsibility for personal safety.
  - (d) Work as a team member.
  - (e) Modify your own risk behavior.

d. Fratricide. Fratricide is the employment of weapons, with the intent to kill the enemy or destroy its equipment, that results in unforeseen and unintentional death, injury, or damage to friendly personnel or equipment. Fratricide prevention is a component of force protection and is closely related to safety. Fratricide is, by definition, an accident. Risk assessment and risk management are mechanisms used to control the incidence of fratricide.

- (1) Causes. The primary causes of fratricide are—

- (a) Direct-fire control plan failures. These failures result when units fail to develop defensive and, particularly, offensive fire control plans.
  - (b) Land navigation failures. These failures result when units stray out of sector, report incorrect locations, or become disoriented.
  - (c) Combat identification failures. These failures include gunners or pilots being unable to distinguish thermal and optical signatures near the maximum range of their sighting systems and units in proximity mistaking each other for the enemy under limited-visibility conditions.
  - (d) Inadequate control measures. These occur when units fail to disseminate the minimum maneuver and fire support control measures that are necessary to tie control measures to recognizable terrain or events.
  - (e) Reporting communication failures. Units at all levels face problems in generating timely, accurate, and complete reports as locations and tactical situations change.
  - (f) Weapons errors. Lapses in individual discipline lead to charge errors, accidental discharges, mistakes with explosives or hand grenades, and similar incidents.
  - (g) Battlefield hazards. Unexploded ordnance (UXO), unmarked or unrecorded minefields, scatterable mines (SCATMINES), and booby traps litter the battlefield. Failure to mark, record, remove, or anticipate these hazards increases the risk of friendly casualties.
- (2) Results. Fratricide results in unacceptable losses and increases the risk of mission failure. Fratricide undermines the ability of the unit to survive and function. Units experiencing fratricide observe these consequences:
- (a) Loss of confidence in unit leadership.
  - (b) Increase of self-doubt among leaders.
  - (c) Hesitation to use supporting combat systems.
  - (d) Oversupervision of units.
  - (e) Hesitation to conduct night operations.
  - (f) Loss of aggressiveness during fire and maneuver.
  - (g) Loss of initiative.
  - (h) Disrupted operations.
  - (i) General degradation of cohesiveness, morale, and combat power.

1-9. Environmental Protection. Protection of natural resources has continued to become an ever-increasing concern to the Army. It is the responsibility of all unit leaders to decrease and, if possible, eliminate damage to the environment when conducting training. Environmental risk management parallels safety risk management and is based on the same philosophy. Environmental risk management consists of the following steps:

**Step 1.** Identify Any Hazards. Identify potential sources for environmental degradation during the analysis of METT-TC factors. This requires the identification of environmental hazards. An environmental hazard is a condition with the potential for polluting air, soil, or water and/or destroying cultural and historical artifacts.

**Step 2.** Assess the Hazards. Analyze the potential severity of environmental degradation using the environmental risk assessment matrix (Figure 1-3). Consider the severity of environmental degradation when determining the potential effect an operation will have on the environment. The risk impact value is defined as an indicator of the severity of environmental degradation. Quantify the risk to the environment resulting from the operation as extremely high, high, medium, or low, using the environmental risk assessment matrix.

Environmental Risk Assessment Work Sheet							
Environmental Area:						Rating:	
Unit Operations		Risk Impact					
Movement of heavy vehicles/systems		5	4	3	2	1	0
Movement of personnel and light vehicles/systems		5	4	3	2	1	0
Assembly area activities		5	4	3	2	1	0
Field maintenance of equipment		5	4	3	2	1	0
Garrison maintenance of equipment		5	4	3	2	1	0

Overall Environmental Risk Assessment Form						
Unit Operation Environmental Issues	Movement of Heavy Vehicles/ Systems	Movement of Personnel and Light Vehicles/ Systems	Assembly Area Activities	Field Maintenance of Equipment	Garrison Maintenance of Equipment	Risk Rating
Air pollution						
Archeological and historical sites						
Hazardous material/waste						
Noise pollution						
Threatened/endangered species						
Water pollution						
Wetland protection						
Overall rating						

Risk Categories			
Category	Range	Environmental Damage	Decision Maker
Low	0-58	Little or none	Appropriate level
Medium	59-117	Minor	Appropriate level
High	118-149	Significant	Division commander
Extremely high	150-175	Severe	MACOM commander

**Figure 1-3. Environmental Risk Assessment Matrix**

**Step 3.** Make Environmental Risk Decisions. Make decisions and develop measures to reduce high environmental risks.

**Step 4.** Brief the Chain of Command. Brief the chain of command (to include the installation environmental office, if applicable) on proposed plans and pertinent high-risk environmental matrixes. Risk decisions are made at a level of command that corresponds to the degree of risk.

**Step 5.** Implement Controls. Implement environmental-protection measures into plans, orders, SOPs, training performance standards, and rehearsals.

**Step 6.** Supervise. Supervise and enforce environmental-protection standards.

1-10. Evaluation. The T&EOs in Chapter 5 describe the standards that must be met for each task.

a. Evaluations can be either internal or external. Internal evaluations are conducted at all levels, and they must be inherent in all training. External evaluations are usually more formal and are normally conducted by a HQ that is two levels above the evaluated unit. See Chapter 6 for more information on external evaluations.

b. A critical weakness in training is the failure to evaluate each task every time it is executed. The ARTEP concept is based on simultaneous training and evaluation. Too often, leaders do not practice continuous evaluation. Soldiers or small units are trained to perform a task to standard, and then later, when they execute that task as part of a training exercise, they execute it poorly or incorrectly and are not corrected. For this program to work, trainers and leaders must continually evaluate training as it is being executed.

c. Leaders should emphasize direct, on-the-spot evaluations. Correcting poor performance during individual or small-group training is easy to do. In higher-level exercises, it is usually not feasible to do this with outside evaluators, but evaluations should not be totally eliminated. Plan AARs at frequent, logical intervals during the exercises (usually after the completion of a major subordinate task). This is a proven technique that allows the correction of performance shortcomings while they are still fresh in everyone's mind. Also, it gets everyone involved and prevents the reinforcement of bad habits.

d. FM 25-101 provides detailed instructions for conducting an AAR. It also provides detailed guidance on coaching and critiquing during training.

1-11. Feedback. Recommendations for improvement of this MTP are requested. Feedback will help to ensure that this MTP answers the training needs of units in the field. Please make your comments on DA Form 2028 or DA Form 7507 and send to the address reflected in the preface.

## CHAPTER 2

### Training Matrixes

2-1. General. The training matrix assists the commander in planning the training of his unit personnel. Figure 2-1 provides mission identification for the unit.

Mission Identification Table Mission Title
Provide power generation support. Provide power distribution support. Sustain unit operations. Defend the unit. Conduct unit survivability operations.

**Figure 2-1. Mission Identification Table**

2-2. Mission-to-Collective Task Matrix. This matrix (Figure 2-2) identifies the mission and its supporting collective tasks. The tasks are listed under the appropriate battlefield operating system (BOS), indicated by an X in the matrix. The BOSs that are used in this matrix are defined in United States Army Training and Doctrine Command (TRADOC) Pamphlet (Pam) 11-9. A specific mission is trained by using the collective tasks in the vertical column for the mission. Based on the proficiency of the unit, training is focused on operational weaknesses.

Collective Tasks	Power Distribution	Power Generation	Sustain Operations	Unit Defense
<b>Develop Intelligence</b>				
19-3-3105.05-T01A Process Captured Documents and Equipment			X	X
71-2-0332.05-T01A Maintain Operations Security (OPSEC)			X	X
<b>Deploy/Conduct Maneuver</b>				
05-1-1026 Conduct Deployment Operations	X	X	X	X
07-1-1923.05-T01A React to Indirect Fire				X
07-2-1301.05-T01A Conduct a Convoy			X	X
07-3-1112.05-T01A React to an Ambush			X	X
12-1-0409.05-T01A Prepare Personnel for Deployment			X	
63-1-8064.05-T01A Perform Home Station Rear Detachment Activities			X	
63-2-8002.05-T01A Perform Personnel and Administrative Predeployment Activities			X	
63-2-8017.05-T01A Perform Redeployment Maintenance Activities			X	



Collective Tasks	Power Distribution	Power Generation	Sustain Operations	Unit Defense
<b>Protect the Force</b>				
03-2-3008.05-T01A Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey			X	X
03-3-C201.05-T01A Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions				X
03-3-C202.05-T01A Prepare for a Chemical Attack				X
03-3-C203.05-T01A Respond to a Chemical Attack				X
03-3-C205.05-T01A Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike				X
03-3-C206.05-T01A Prepare for a Nuclear Attack				X
03-3-C208.05-T01A Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area				X
03-3-C209.05-T01A React to Smoke Operations				X
03-3-C222.05-T01A Respond to the Residual Effects of a Nuclear Attack				X
03-3-C223.05-T01A Respond to the Initial Effects of a Nuclear Attack				X
03-3-C224.05-T01A Conduct Operational Decontamination			X	X
03-3-C226.05-T01A Cross a Chemically Contaminated Area			X	X
05-2-0911 Defend a Convoy Against a Ground Attack			X	X
07-2-0414.05-T01A Establish a Company Defensive Position				X
09-2-0337.05-T01A React to Unexploded Ordnance (UXO)			X	X
19-3-2204.05-T01A Employ Physical Security Measures			X	X
44-1-C220.05-T01A Use Passive Air Defense Measures			X	X
71-2-0326.05-T01A Perform Risk Management Procedures			X	X
<b>Perform CSS and Sustainment</b>				
05-2-1007 Conduct Administrative Operations			X	
05-3-1041 Perform Battle-Damage Assessment and Repair (BDAR)			X	

Collective Tasks		Power Distribution	Power Generation	Sustain Operations	Unit Defense
05-3-5733	Perform Power Plant and Distribution Equipment Shipment	X	X		
08-2-0003.05-T01A	Treat Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel)			X	
08-2-C316.05-T01A	Transport Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel)			X	
08-2-R303.05-T01A	Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures			X	X
08-2-R315.05-T01A	Perform Field Sanitation Functions			X	X
10-2-0318.05-T01A	Perform Unit Graves Registration (GRREG) Operations			X	X
10-2-0320.05-T01A	Provide Company Supply Support			X	
19-3-3106.05-T01A	Handle Enemy Prisoners of War (EPWs)			X	X
43-2-0001.05-T01A	Conduct Unit Level Maintenance Operations			X	X
<b>Exercise Command and Control</b>					
05-1-0026	Report Engineer Information	X	X	X	X
05-1-0029	Develop and Implement an Area Damage Control (ADC) Plan	X	X		
05-1-0721	Plan/Control Augmentation Support	X	X	X	X
05-2-7008	Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon)			X	X
05-3-1018	Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures			X	X
05-4-1379	Provide Liaison	X	X	X	X
11-3-0214.05-T01A	Establish and Operate a Single-Channel Voice Radio Net			X	X
12-1-0408.05-T01A	Participate in the Operation Order (OPORD) Process			X	X
12-2-0321.05-T01A	Maintain Company Strength			X	
12-2-0338.05-T01A	Maintain Troop Morale and Combat Capability			X	

Collective Tasks		Unit Survivability
<b>Develop Intelligence</b>		
19-3-3105.05-T01A	Process Captured Documents and Equipment	<b>X</b>
71-2-0332.05-T01A	Maintain Operations Security (OPSEC)	<b>X</b>
<b>Deploy/Conduct Maneuver</b>		
05-1-1026	Conduct Deployment Operations	<b>X</b>
07-1-1923.05-T01A	React to Indirect Fire	<b>X</b>
07-2-1301.05-T01A	Conduct a Convoy	<b>X</b>
07-3-1112.05-T01A	React to an Ambush	<b>X</b>
12-1-0409.05-T01A	Prepare Personnel for Deployment	
63-1-8064.05-T01A	Perform Home Station Rear Detachment Activities	
63-2-8002.05-T01A	Perform Personnel and Administrative Predeployment Activities	
63-2-8017.05-T01A	Perform Redeployment Maintenance Activities	
<b>Protect the Force</b>		
03-2-3008.05-T01A	Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey	<b>X</b>
03-3-C201.05-T01A	Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions	<b>X</b>
03-3-C202.05-T01A	Prepare for a Chemical Attack	<b>X</b>
03-3-C203.05-T01A	Respond to a Chemical Attack	<b>X</b>
03-3-C205.05-T01A	Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike	<b>X</b>
03-3-C206.05-T01A	Prepare for a Nuclear Attack	<b>X</b>
03-3-C208.05-T01A	Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area	<b>X</b>
03-3-C209.05-T01A	React to Smoke Operations	<b>X</b>
03-3-C222.05-T01A	Respond to the Residual Effects of a Nuclear Attack	<b>X</b>

Collective Tasks		Unit Survivability
03-3-C223.05-T01A	Respond to the Initial Effects of a Nuclear Attack	X
03-3-C224.05-T01A	Conduct Operational Decontamination	X
03-3-C226.05-T01A	Cross a Chemically Contaminated Area	X
05-2-0911	Defend a Convoy Against a Ground Attack	X
07-2-0414.05-T01A	Establish a Company Defensive Position	X
09-2-0337.05-T01A	React to Unexploded Ordnance (UXO)	X
19-3-2204.05-T01A	Employ Physical Security Measures	X
44-1-C220.05-T01A	Use Passive Air Defense Measures	X
71-2-0326.05-T01A	Perform Risk Management Procedures	X
<b>Perform CSS and Sustainment</b>		
05-2-1007	Conduct Administrative Operations	
05-3-1041	Perform Battle-Damage Assessment and Repair (BDAR)	
05-3-5733	Perform Power Plant and Distribution Equipment Shipment	
08-2-0003.05-T01A	Treat Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel)	X
08-2-C316.05-T01A	Transport Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel)	X
08-2-R303.05-T01A	Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures	X
08-2-R315.05-T01A	Perform Field Sanitation Functions	X
10-2-0318.05-T01A	Perform Unit Graves Registration (GRREG) Operations	X
10-2-0320.05-T01A	Provide Company Supply Support	X
19-3-3106.05-T01A	Handle Enemy Prisoners of War (EPWs)	X
43-2-0001.05-T01A	Conduct Unit Level Maintenance Operations	X
<b>Exercise Command and Control</b>		

<b>Collective Tasks</b>		<b>Unit Survivability</b>
05-1-0026	Report Engineer Information	<b>X</b>
05-1-0029	Develop and Implement an Area Damage Control (ADC) Plan	<b>X</b>
05-1-0721	Plan/Control Augmentation Support	<b>X</b>
05-2-7008	Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon)	<b>X</b>
05-3-1018	Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures	<b>X</b>
05-4-1379	Provide Liaison	<b>X</b>
11-3-0214.05-T01A	Establish and Operate a Single-Channel Voice Radio Net	<b>X</b>
12-1-0408.05-T01A	Participate in the Operation Order (OPORD) Process	<b>X</b>
12-2-0321.05-T01A	Maintain Company Strength	<b>X</b>
12-2-0338.05-T01A	Maintain Troop Morale and Combat Capability	<b>X</b>

**Figure 2-2. Mission-to-Collective Task Matrix**

## CHAPTER 3

### Mission Outlines/Training Plans

3-1. General. The mission outline illustrates the relationship between the missions and their support tasks. Each outline provides the trainer with a diagram of the unit mission, sample FTXs and/or STXs, and the collective tasks that comprise them.

3-2. Mission Outlines. Since unit training is mission-oriented, the mission outline shows how task training contributes to the unit ability to perform its missions. The mission outlines, Tables 3-1 through 3-5, provide the commander with a visual outline of his unit missions in a format that facilitates the planning and management of training.

**Table 3-1. Sample Countermobility Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER PLATOON COUNTERMOBILITY</b>	
<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
03-3-C201.05-T01A	Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions
05-3-0303	Construct Wire Obstacles
05-3-0306	Construct a Tank Ditch
05-3-0307	Construct a Log Obstacle
05-3-0904.05-R01A	Establish Jobsite Security
05-3-1018	Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures
07-1-1923.05-T01A	React to Indirect Fire
10-2-0319.05-T01A	Receive Airdrop Resupply
71-2-0326.05-T01A	Perform Risk Management Procedures

**Table 3-2. Sample General Engineering Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER COMPANY GENERAL ENGINEERING</b>	
<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-2-0726	Conduct Dump Truck Hauling Operations
05-3-0313	Construct Revetments
05-3-0402.05-R01A	Perform a Route Classification
05-3-0611	Construct/Repair a Bridge Abutment
05-3-0710	Assemble and Install Culverts
05-3-0765	Construct or Repair a Sewerage System
05-3-0778	Construct or Repair a Steel Frame Pre-engineered Structure
05-3-0784	Construct/Repair Headwalls
05-3-0787	Construct/Repair a Wood Frame Structure
05-3-0789	Construct/Repair a Concrete Structure
05-3-0790	Construct/Repair Electrical Utilities
05-3-0791	Construct/Repair a Water Distribution System
05-3-0792	Install Coupled Pipeline
05-3-0904	Establish Jobsite Security
08-2-0314.05-T01A	Treat Unit Casualties (for Units With Medical Treatment Personnel)

**Table 3-3. Sample Mobility Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER PLATOON MOBILITY</b>	
<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-3-0114	Conduct Breaching Operations
05-3-0404	Conduct a River Crossing Site Reconnaissance
05-3-0118	Conduct Minesweeping Operations
05-3-0609	Operate River Crossing Sites
05-3-0603	Prepare an Expedient Ford
05-3-0767	Clear Obstacles With Engineer Equipment
03-2-3008.05-T01A	Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey
03-3-C208.05-T01A	Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area

**Table 3-4. Sample Perform Survivability Construction Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER PLATOON PERFORM SURVIVABILITY CONSTRUCTION</b>	
<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-3-0304	Construct Vehicle Fighting Positions
05-3-0305	Construct Vehicle Protective Positions
05-3-0306	Construct a Tank Ditch
05-3-0312	Construct Bunkers and Shelters

**Table 3-5. Sample Unit Survivability/Unit Defense Mission Outline**

<b>ENGINEER COMPANY UNIT SURVIVABILITY/UNIT DEFENSE</b>	
<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
03-3-C203.05-T01A	Respond to a Chemical Attack
03-3-C205.05-T01A	Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike
05-2-0301	Camouflage Vehicles and Equipment
11-5-0121.05-T01A	Provide a Field Cable or Wire System
44-1-C220.05-T01A	Use Passive Air Defense Measures
44-1-C221.05-T01A	Take Active Combined Arms Air Defense Measures Against Hostile Aircraft

## CHAPTER 4

### Training Exercise

4-1. General. Training exercises are used to train and practice the performance of collective tasks. This MTP contains a sample FTX. It is designed to assist in developing, sustaining, and evaluating the unit mission proficiency. Table 4-1 lists the FTX by exercise number, title, and page number.

**Table 4-1. FTX Exercise**

Exercise Number	Exercise Title	Page
FTX 5-1-E0001	Conduct Mobility Operations	4-1

4-2. Field Training Exercise. The FTX is designed to provide a training method for the unit to train its critical wartime missions. It provides a logical sequence for the performance of the tasks previously trained in STXs.

4-3. Situational Training Exercise. STXs are short, scenario-driven, mission-oriented tactical exercises used to train a group of closely related collective tasks. STXs provide the information for training the missions that make up the critical wartime mission. STXs—

- Provide repetitive training of missions.
- Allow the training to focus on identified weaknesses.
- Allow the unit to practice the mission STX before conducting a higher-echelon FTX.
- Save time by providing most of the information needed to develop a vehicle for training.

### ENGINEER COMPANY FTX 5-1-E0001 CONDUCT MOBILITY OPERATIONS

1. Objective. This sample exercise trains collective, leader, and individual tasks in the company operation, Conduct Mobility Operations.

2. Interface. This exercise supports the task force (TF) requirement to conduct combat operations.

3. Training Enhancers.

a. The training matrix in Chapter 2 shows the collective tasks that must be mastered to perform the company mission. Training that will improve its ability to perform its mission are—

(1) Planning, controlling, and coordinating mobility operations. Training may be conducted in garrison and/or local training areas by one of the following methods:

- (a) Classroom instruction.
- (b) A map exercise (MAPEX) combined with a sand table exercise.
- (c) A command post exercise (CPX) conducted in garrison.
- (d) A command field exercise (CFX) conducted in a field environment.



- (e) A tactical exercise without troops (TEWT).
- (f) A communications exercise (COMEX).
- (g) Simulations and games.

(2) Establishing an aggressive spirit. An aggressive spirit can be established in a unit and its leaders by engaging in the following activities:

- (a) Aggressive unit sports and physical-fitness programs.
- (b) Leader and individual confidence courses.
- (c) Appropriate training films that have a positive, aggressive effect on the soldiers.
- (d) Awareness of the unit heritage.

b. This exercise begins with the receipt of a warning order (WO) and ends upon the compilations of area damage control (ADC) activities. Figure 4-1 illustrates the general scenario of the exercise. Table 4-2 is a suggested scenario and Figure 4-2 is the movement order for the scenario.

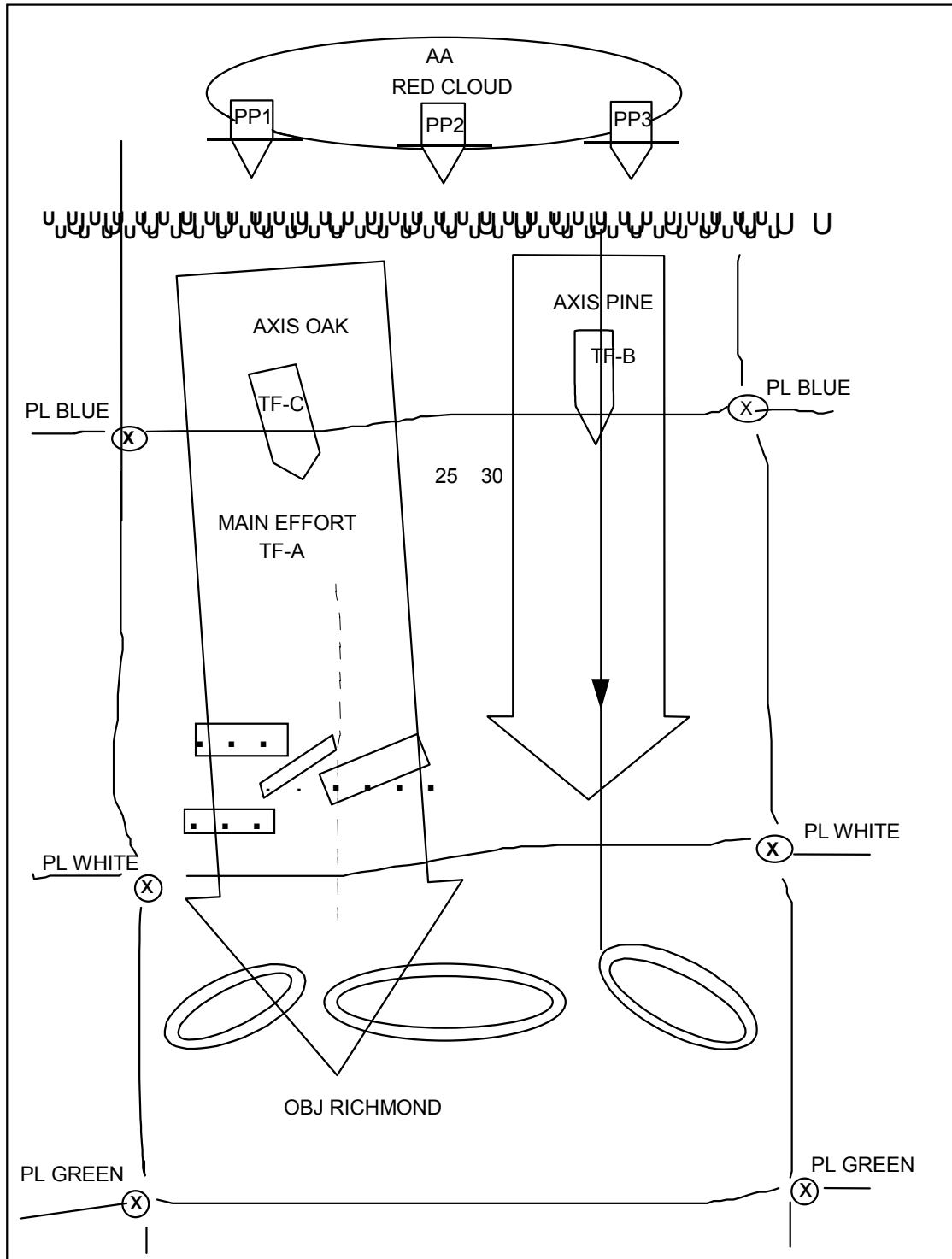


Figure 4-1. General Scenario FTX

**Table 4-2. Sample Suggested Scenario**

Event	Action	Estimated Time
<u>Module 1</u>		
1	Receive a Bridge WO	15 minutes
2	Receive a Bridge Movement Order	30 minutes
3	Plan and Issue a Movement Order	2.5 hours
4	Conduct a Tactical Road March	6 hours
5	Occupy an AA	4 hours
6	Receive a Brigade WO	15 minutes
7	Receive a Brigade OPORD	2 hours
8	Conduct an AAR	1 hour
<u>Module 2</u>		
9	Conduct Precombat Operations	20 hours
	Plan/Direct an Engineer Reconnaissance	8 hours
	Perform an Engineer Battlefield Assessment	4 hours
	Prepare an Engineer Estimate	3 hours
	Prepare an Engineer Annex	1 hour
10	Conduct an AAR	1 hour
<u>Module 3</u>		
11	Monitor the Conduct of the Attack, and Coordinate and Issue FRAGOs, as appropriate	9.5 hours
<u>Module 4</u>		
12	Move to the AA	4 hours
13	Conduct a Final AAR	2 hours
*	Defend Against an Air Attack	
*	Control Combat Formations	
*	Prepare an OPORD	
*	Camouflage Vehicles and Equipment	
*	Manage Battlefield Stress	
*	Use Passive Air Defense Measures	
*	Perform PMCS	
*	Operate a Net Control Station	
*	Establish and Operate a Single-Channel, Voice Radio Station	
	ENDEX	
		<b>Total time: 69 hours</b>
<b>*These tasks are integrated and evaluated throughout the exercise.</b>		

### Movement Order

1. SITUATION. Contact with the enemy has been broken. The enemy has withdrawn to vicinity NK 403087. It is being reinforced and is preparing to counterattack. The division is moving to occupy an assembly area (AA) in preparation of combat operations.
2. MISSION. The 25th Brigade moves by tactical road march via route Monroe, commencing 011600 hours to AA vicinity NK 243567. The order of march is TF A, TF B, and TF C. The interval between serials is 30 minutes. Close on the AA no later than 011900 hours.
3. EXECUTION.
  - a. Concept of Movement. TF A will be the lead element with assistance from the military police (MP) for traffic control. TF B will follow 30 minutes after TF A. Brigade HQ will follow 30 minutes after TF B. TF C will follow 30 minutes after brigade HQ.
  - b. Tasks to Subordinate Units. The MPs will provide traffic control for the brigade movement.
  - c. Detailed Timings. None.
  - d. Coordinating Instructions.
    - (1) Start point (SP) NK 243567 at 011600 hours.
    - (2) Route Monroe command post (CP) is at NK 248560.
    - (3) Quarters party is the 25th Battalion.
    - (4) Vehicle markings are according to the unit SOP.
    - (5) Additional information, as required.
4. SERVICE SUPPORT. Per the unit SOP.
5. COMMAND AND SIGNAL.
  - a. Command.
  - b. Signal.
    - (1) Current signal operation instructions (SOI) are in effect.
    - (2) Visual signals according to the unit SOP.

**Figure 4-2. Movement Order**

#### 4. General Situation.

- a. Contact with the enemy has been broken. The enemy has withdrawn deep to the rear, is being reinforced, and is preparing to counterattack within 24 hours. The enemy is expected to use nonpersistent nerve agents. Enemy air is expected to be active in the area. The latest intelligence summary (INTSUM)

indicates that the enemy may have a company-size strong point in the brigade sector. Enemy units occupying the combat outpost are half strength. Counterattacking forces are expected to be full strength.

b. This exercise is conducted under all environments during both day and night operations. The company is operating in an arid environment. The company will operate under threat of NBC attacks, ground or air attacks, indirect fire, and electronic warfare (EW).

c. This exercise is conducted under Threat Level I, II, or III attacks.

d. The company should be prepared to relocate at least every three to four days.

e. The unit should be prepared to move by echelons while continuing to provide support to the assigned area.

5. Special Situation.

a. The lead TF encounters an unexpected obstacle that prevents bypass. Enemy contact has been made. The brigade commander gives the following fragmentary order (FRAGO):

“TF, conduct breaching operations and continue the attack.”

b. After completing the breaches, the TF receives fire from an enemy position and encounters complex obstacles that prevent bypass. The attack is stalled. The unit is ordered to move in.

6. Support Requirements.

a. Minimum Trainers and Observers/Controllers. The battalion commander or the Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) who will be the trainer and the primary evaluator can conduct this task. At least one other observer/controller (O/C) is required for each engineer platoon and OPFOR platoon involved in this FTX.

b. Opposing Forces.

(1) OPFOR is required for the exercise to simulate Threat Level II and III activities.

(2) OPFOR should have specific missions and be controlled whenever used.

(3) The Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System (MILES) can be used, or the trainer and O/C can assess the damage to equipment and personnel casualties.

c. Vehicles and Communications. Vehicles and communications equipment organic to the unit are used. Each trainer and O/C needs a vehicle and a radio. Radios are also required for OPFOR vehicles during mounted operations.

d. Maneuver Area. Depending on the local training area, an area with a minimum dimension of 15 x 6 kilometers for the hasty attack is desirable. The terrain should offer multiple covered and concealed approaches to the objective area. Using terrain that limits the leader to a geographical or school solution does not allow an evaluation of the unit ability to conduct a terrain analysis and to select an appropriate course of action.

e. Consolidated Support Requirements. Company support requirements can be calculated by adding the total of the requirements for each participating subordinate element. See Table 4-3.

**Table 4-3. Consolidated Support Requirements for FTX 5-1-E0001**

Ammunition	DODIC	Estimated Basic Load	
5.56 mm	A080	150 rounds per rifle	
7.62 mm	A111	400 rounds per M60	
5.56 mm	A075	250 rounds per SAW	
Caliber .50	A598	250 rounds per M2	
ATWESS (AT-4)	L367	15 each per company (inert)	
Hand grenade, body, M69	G811	2 per man	
Hand grenade, fuse (practice)	G878	2 per man	
Simulators, projectile, ground burst	L598	50 per exercise	
Simulator, hand grenade, M116 series	L601	20 per squad (without live demolitions to simulate demolitions) or 6 per squad	
Demolitions (See the note below.)			
MICLIC		4 per company with 2 reloads	
Bangalore torpedo kit		1 per squad	
Charge, block TNT		50 per squad	
MDI M11, 12, 13, 14		15 each (total 60) per platoon	
MDI igniters		60 per platoon	
Time fuse		500 feet per platoon	
Satchel charge, M183		30 per platoon	
40-pound shape charge		12 per platoon	
Smoke grenades, white		60 per platoon	
Smoke pot, ground		10 per platoon	
Mines			
Other Items			
Batteries, BA 200 (6-volt)		50 each	
Batteries, BA 3090 (9-volt)		400 each	
Class IV			
Concertina wire			
Pickets			
Staples			
Barbed wire			
MILES Equipment	Company	Evaluators	OPFOR
APC	13		13/4
Caliber .50 system	15		13/4
M240 system	2		
M19 blank firing adapter	15		13/4
M16 system	120		120/28
M60 machine gun system	13		13/2
Controller guns		8	
Small arms alignment fixture		2	
NOTE: Ammunition and demolitions are basic loads and should be restocked (according to use) during the FTX.			

7. Training and Evaluation Outline Sequence. Table 4-4 lists the T&EOs from Chapter 5 that are used to evaluate the FTX.

**Table 4-4. T&EOs Used in Evaluating FTX 5-1-E0001**

<b>Task Title</b>	<b>Task Number</b>
Disseminate Combat Information and Intelligence (Battalion)	34-1-2005.05-T01A
Maintain Operations Security	71-2-0332.05-T01A
Prepare an Obstacle Plan (Battalion)	05-1-0001
Control a Hasty Gap Crossing	05-1-0500
Plan Breaching Operations	05-1-0520
Camouflage Vehicles and Equipment	05-2-0301
Prepare for a Chemical Attack	3-2-C202.05-T01A
Process Personnel and Administrative Actions	12-1-0406.05-T01A
Conduct Unit Level Maintenance Operations	43-2-0001.05-T01A
Treat Casualties	08-2-0003.05-T01A
Perform Field-Sanitation Measures	08-2-R315.05-T01A
Transport Casualties	08-2-C316.05-T01A
Provide Food-Service Support	10-2-0317.05-T01A
Provide Company Supply Support	10-2-0320.05-T01A
Process Personnel and Administrative Action	12-1-0406.05-T01A
Prepare an Engineer Annex	05-1-0003
Prepare an Operations Order	05-1-0008
Perform an Engineer Battlefield Assessment	05-1-0027
Report Obstacle Information	05-1-0025
Report Engineer Information	05-1-0026
Analyze Battlefield Information	05-1-0415
Control Combined Arms Breaching	05-1-0048
Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures	05-2-1018
Establish and Operate a Single-Channel Voice Radio Net	11-3-0214.05-T01A
Operate a Telephone Switch (Manual/SB22/PT)	11-5-0050.05-T01A
Establish External Communications	11-5-0121.05-T01A
Install, Operate, and Maintain a Single-Channel, Ground and Airborne Radio System (SINCGARS) Frequency Hopping (FH) Net	11-5-1102.05-T01A
Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures	08-2-R303.05-T01A
Report Casualties	12-1-0403.05-T01A
Conduct Replacement Operations	12-1-0405.05-T01A

## CHAPTER 5

### Training and Evaluation Outlines

The T&EOs for the unit are listed in Figure 5-1. The mission-to-collective task matrix in Chapter 2 lists the T&EOs required to train the critical wartime missions according to their specific BOS.

#### Develop Intelligence

Process Captured Documents and Equipment (19-3-3105.05-T01A).....	5-3
Maintain Operations Security (OPSEC) (71-2-0332.05-T01A).....	5-5

#### Deploy/Conduct Maneuver

Conduct Deployment Operations (05-1-1026).....	5-8
React to Indirect Fire (07-1-1923.05-T01A).....	5-12
Conduct a Convoy (07-2-1301.05-T01A).....	5-14
React to an Ambush (07-3-1112.05-T01A).....	5-18
Prepare Personnel for Deployment (12-1-0409.05-T01A).....	5-20
Coordinate Rear Detachment Support (63-1-8063.05-T01A).....	5-22
Perform Home Station Rear Detachment Activities (63-1-8064.05-T01A).....	5-24
Perform Personnel and Administrative Predeployment Activities (63-2-8002.05-T01A).....	5-26
Perform Redeployment Maintenance Activities (63-2-8017.05-T01A).....	5-29

#### Protect the Force

Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey (03-2-3008.05-T01A) .....	5-32
Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions (03-3-C201.05-T01A) .....	5-35
Prepare for a Chemical Attack (03-3-C202.05-T01A) .....	5-37
Respond to a Chemical Attack (03-3-C203.05-T01A).....	5-39
Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike (03-3-C205.05-T01A).....	5-41
Prepare for a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C206.05-T01A).....	5-43
Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area (03-3-C208.05-T01A).....	5-45
React to Smoke Operations (03-3-C209.05-T01A) .....	5-47
Respond to the Residual Effects of a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C222.05-T01A) .....	5-49
Respond to the Initial Effects of a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C223.05-T01A).....	5-51
Conduct Operational Decontamination (03-3-C224.05-T01A) .....	5-53
Cross a Chemically Contaminated Area (03-3-C226.05-T01A) .....	5-57
Defend a Convoy Against a Ground Attack (05-2-0911).....	5-59
Establish a Company Defensive Position (07-2-0414.05-T01A).....	5-62
React to Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) (09-2-0337.05-T01A) .....	5-66
Employ Physical Security Measures (19-3-2204.05-T01A).....	5-68
Use Passive Air Defense Measures (44-1-C220.05-T01A).....	5-70
Perform Risk Management Procedures (71-2-0326.05-T01A).....	5-72

#### Perform CSS and Sustainment

Conduct Administrative Operations (05-2-1007).....	5-74
Perform Battle-Damage Assessment and Repair (BDAR) (05-3-1041) .....	5-77
Perform Power Plant and Distribution Equipment Shipment (05-3-5733).....	5-79
Treat Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel) (08-2-0003.05-T01A) .....	5-82
Transport Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel) (08-2-C316.05-T01A) .....	5-85
Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures (08-2-R303.05-T01A) .....	5-88
Perform Field Sanitation Functions (08-2-R315.05-T01A).....	5-91
Perform Unit Graves Registration (GRREG) Operations (10-2-0318.05-T01A).....	5-94
Provide Company Supply Support (10-2-0320.05-T01A).....	5-96
Handle Enemy Prisoners of War (EPWs) (19-3-3106.05-T01A).....	5-98



Conduct Unit Level Maintenance Operations (43-2-0001.05-T01A) .....	5-100
<b>Exercise Command and Control</b>	
Report Engineer Information (05-1-0026).....	5-103
Develop and Implement an Area Damage Control (ADC) Plan (05-1-0029).....	5-105
Plan/Control Augmentation Support (05-1-0721) .....	5-107
Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon) (05-2-7008) .....	5-109
Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures (05-3-1018).....	5-111
Provide Liaison (05-4-1379) .....	5-115
Establish and Operate a Single-Channel Voice Radio Net (11-3-0214.05-T01A) .....	5-117
Participate in the Operation Order (OPORD) Process (12-1-0408.05-T01A) .....	5-119
Maintain Company Strength (12-2-0321.05-T01A) .....	5-121
Maintain Troop Morale and Combat Capability (12-2-0338.05-T01A) .....	5-123

**Figure 5-1. List of T&EOs**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Command Section  
 S-2 and S-3

**TASK:** Process Captured Documents and Equipment (19-3-3105.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-19.40)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The enemy equipment and documents have been captured. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element processes all captured equipment and documents based on disposition instructions and within the time standards established by higher headquarters (HQ). The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
1. The element tags all captured equipment and documents. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Described the type of equipment and documents, such as maps, photos, rifles, and radios.</li> <li>b. Annotated the date and time of capture.</li> <li>c. Provided the place (grid coordinates) of capture.</li> <li>d. Noted the capturing unit.</li> <li>e. Furnished the circumstances of the capture.</li> <li>f. Identified the prisoner's name on the tag if the items were taken from enemy prisoners of war (EPWs).</li> </ul>		
* 2. The element leader reports the capture of equipment and documents to higher HQ. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Described the type of equipment and documents.</li> <li>b. Stated the date and time of capture.</li> <li>c. Identified the capturing unit.</li> <li>d. Furnished the place (grid coordinates) of the capture.</li> </ul>		
* 3. The element leader disposes of the equipment and documents according to the guidance received from higher HQ. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Destroyed, secured, evacuated, or abandoned the equipment.</li> <li>b. Evacuated the documents through the chain of command to intelligence personnel.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section  
 S-1  
 S-2 and S-3  
 S-4

**TASK:** Maintain Operations Security (OPSEC) (71-2-0332.05-T01A)  
 (AR 530-1) (AR 380-5) (FM 24-33)  
 (FM 24-35) (FM 24-35-1) (FM 3-19.30)  
 (FM 34-60)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is operating where the enemy can detect it. The enemy can employ electronic-warfare (EW) measures and air and ground reconnaissance elements. The element can also use the local populace and enemy intelligence agencies. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element prevents the enemy from learning its strength, dispositions, intentions, and any essential elements of friendly information (EEFI) or from surprising the elements main body. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. Leaders check or perform information security measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Disseminated the information on a need-to-know basis.</li> <li>b. Prohibited fraternization with civilians.</li> <li>c. Conducted alerts, deployment preparations, and loading operations to minimize detection.</li> <li>d. Ensured that maps contained only the minimum-essential information.</li> <li>e. Conducted inspections and gave briefings to ensure that personnel did not carry any details of military activities in their personal materials, such as letters, diaries, notes, drawings, sketches, or photographs.</li> <li>f. Sanitized all planning areas and positions before departure.</li> </ul> <p>2. The element performs camouflage discipline.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Concealed and camouflaged with natural materials, whenever possible, to prevent ground or air observation.</li> <li>b. Moved on covered and concealed routes.</li> <li>c. Covered all reflective surfaces and unit markings with nonreflective material, such as cloth, mud, or a camouflage stick.</li> <li>d. Covered or removed all vehicle markings.</li> </ul> <p>3. The element camouflages individual positions and equipment to prevent detection from 35 meters or greater and camouflages vehicles to prevent detection from 100 meters or greater.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that the foliage was not stripped near the unit position.</li> <li>b. Camouflaged earth berms.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>c. Ensured that the camouflage nets were erected.</li> <li>d. Evaded crossing near footpaths, trails, and roads.</li> <li>e. Erased any tracks leading into the positions.</li> <li>f. Ensured that vehicles that were parked in the shadows were moved as the shadows shifted.</li> <li>g. Replaced and replenished the camouflage.</li> <li>h. Evaded movement in the area to prevent ground and air detection.</li> </ul> <p>4. The element employs the company net control station (NCS) and enforces communications security (COMSEC).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Enforced signal operation instructions (SOI) and signal supplemental instructions (SSI) procedures, such as challenges, authentications decoding, and call signs and frequencies. Ensured that the monitored traffic did not reveal information to the enemy.</li> <li>b. Employed approved radiotelephone operator (RATELO) procedures.</li> <li>c. Followed COMSEC procedures, such as keeping transmissions short, using the lowest possible power settings, using directional antennas, changing transmission patterns, and maintaining radio silence.</li> <li>d. Followed procedures for operations during jamming.</li> <li>e. Made maximum use of the messenger and wire service.</li> <li>f. Used visual signals according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP).</li> </ul> <p>5. The element employs physical security measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Employed observation posts (OPs).</li> <li>b. Employed counterreconnaissance patrols.</li> <li>c. Followed stand-to procedures.</li> <li>d. Employed mines and obstacles, when permitted.</li> <li>e. Tied in with adjacent units for coordination and fire.</li> <li>f. Used the challenge and password.</li> <li>g. Limited access into the area of the unit.</li> <li>h. Safeguarded weapons, ammunition, sensitive items, and classified documents.</li> <li>i. Picked up litter.</li> <li>j. Employed air guards.</li> </ul> <p>* 6. All leaders enforce noise and light discipline.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Command Section  
 S-1  
 S-2 and S-3  
 S-4

**TASK:** Conduct Deployment Operations (05-1-1026)  
 (DD FORM 1387-2) (FM 55-65)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is directed to report to a port of embarkation (POE). This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The battalion deploys all unit personnel, equipment, and basic loads by the required modes of transportation (road, rail, air, or sea) to its destination by the time specified in the operation order (OPORD).

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
1. The battalion staff develops and maintains strategic movement plans and the standing operating procedure (SOP). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Developed and maintained contingency operations for all modes of transportation.</li> <li>b. Developed individual load plans for aircraft, rail cars, and vehicles based on the unit table(s) of organization and equipment (TOE).</li> <li>c. Prepared a unit movement plan that identified administrative personnel processing, security, logistics, and coordination requirements for implementation.</li> <li>d. Developed procedures for detailed personnel processing, censorship, and security.</li> <li>e. Coordinated with the installation and transportation activities to ensure the availability of securing materials required for each move.</li> </ul> 2. The battalion initiates the unit plan. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Initiated recall procedures. Accounted for all unit personnel no later than the time specified in the SOP.</li> <li>b. Established security of the unit area.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Concealed unit markings on all equipment and personnel.</li> <li>(2) Restricted personnel to the unit area.</li> <li>(3) Implemented a censorship plan.</li> <li>(4) Restricted access to the unit area.</li> </ul> </li> <li>c. Established communications to higher and subordinate units.</li> <li>d. Reported personnel, logistics, and maintenance status to higher headquarters (HQ). Ensured that reports were 100 percent complete.</li> </ul> 3. The battalion staff performs unit movement staff functions. The staff ensured that— <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) received and disseminated the operations concept to the battalion staff and subunit leaders.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. The Supply Officer (US Army) (S4) identified the companies and corrected shortcomings in equipment (to include personal equipment), supplies, common table of allowances (CTA)/50, and basic loads.</li> <li>c. The S3 or S4 packed equipment loads according to vehicle load plans.</li> <li>d. The S3 or S4 packaged and marked the load with Department of Defense (DD) special handling data or certification.</li> <li>e. The S3 or S4 submitted requests to the movement control center (MCC) and/or installation transportation officer (ITO) for convoy and special hauling permits and additional hauls as required.</li> </ul> <p>4. The unit conducts the readiness actions outlined in the unit SOP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Secured the unit area.</li> <li>b. Loaded and secured ammunition.</li> <li>c. Processed replacement personnel.</li> <li>d. Secured privately owned vehicles (POV).</li> <li>e. Inventoried and secured personal property.</li> <li>f. Conducted communications and electronics checks.</li> <li>g. Updated dependent affairs, such as enrollment in the Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System (DEERS) and service member pay.</li> </ul> <p>5. The subordinate elements prepare for movement.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that equipment was packed and loaded according to the load plans.</li> <li>b. Determined the center of balance that was indicated on each item prepared for air movement.</li> <li>c. Prepared and reduced all vehicles to the configuration required by the mode of transportation being used.</li> <li>d. Assembled unit personnel at designated staging areas. The ITO and the transportation movement office(r) (TMO) supervised equipment inspections.</li> <li>e. Accomplished loading, by the unit load teams, according to the approved load plans.</li> </ul> <p>6. The battalion staff inspects subordinate units. The staff included the following items:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. CTA 50-900, unit equipment, and personnel clothing.</li> <li>b. Vehicle maintenance. Ensured that the vehicles met deployment standards.</li> <li>c. Weapons issue and accountability.</li> <li>d. The mess equipment, if available.</li> <li>e. The basic load for compliance with load plans.</li> </ul> <p>7. The battalion deploys by convoy to the railhead, POE, or airhead as required.</p> <p>8. The battalion performs preembarkation operations at the departure airfield. Ensured that—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The S3 established liaison with the departure airfield control group (DACG).</li> <li>b. The S4 had shoring material available and readily accessible.</li> <li>c. The S3 appointed chalk commanders and that the DACG briefed them.</li> <li>d. The S3 prepared passenger equipment manifests and gave them to the DACG.</li> <li>e. The S3 ensured that each chalk responded to all call-forward orders and directed issue by the DACG before release to the airlift control element (ALCE).</li> <li>f. The S4 or ALCE had shoring, floor protection material, and 463L pallet dunnage available and ready for use, when required.</li> <li>g. The S3 maintained chalk integrity and that the chalks were properly loaded.</li> </ul>		



TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>h. The companies assembled vehicles, personnel, and equipment into chinks according to the unit readiness SOP.</li> <li>i. The companies performed final preparation of vehicles and equipment for loading.</li> <li>j. The companies maintained unit integrity and security.</li> <li>k. The chalk commander secured two copies of the final passenger and equipment manifest, one for himself and one according to ALCE instructions.</li> </ul> <p>9. The battalion deploys by rail to the POE. Ensured that—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The S3 or S4 checked the availability of blocking and bracing material.</li> <li>b. The S3 assembled troops, vehicles, and equipment at the designated railhead staging area. The S3 prepared and processed for movement according to instructions contained in the applicable publications, the unit SOP, and higher headquarters (HQ) directives.</li> <li>c. The S3 inspected loading, blocking, and bracing of vehicles and equipment by unit personnel. The ITO or TMO checked the cargo documentation.</li> <li>d. The battalion accomplished tie-down procedures according to applicable technical manuals (TMs) for each type of equipment.</li> <li>e. The unit, ITO, and railroad representatives performed joint inspections of the loaded equipment before the release of movement.</li> </ul> <p>10. The battalion deploys by sea. Ensured that—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The S3 coordinated with the MCC for equipment operators and maintenance personnel for the port support activity.</li> <li>b. The MCC inspected the chalked equipment and stencils or marked the ship manifest before loading.</li> <li>c. The S3 or S4 obtained the estimated date of arrival at the POE from the MCC ship manifest.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
63-1-8063	COORDINATE REAR DETACHMENT SUPPORT
63-1-8064	PERFORM HOME STATION REAR DETACHMENT ACTIVITIES
63-2-8001	PERFORM DEPLOYMENT ALERT ACTIVITIES
63-2-8003	PERFORM PREDEPLOYMENT TRAINING ACTIVITIES
63-2-8004	PERFORM PREDEPLOYMENT SUPPLY ACTIVITIES
63-2-8005	PERFORM PREDEPLOYMENT MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
63-2-8014	PERFORM REDEPLOYMENT PERSONNEL AND ADMINISTRATIVE ACTIONS
63-2-8016	PERFORM REDEPLOYMENT SUPPLY ACTIVITIES
63-2-8017	PERFORM REDEPLOYMENT MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES
63-2-8029	PLAN UNIT REDEPLOYMENT

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** React to Indirect Fire (07-1-1923.05-T01A)  
 (FM 7-7) (FM 3-21.71) (FM 7-10)  
 (FM 7-8)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is moving, halted, or occupying a defensive position. Any member of the platoon gives the alert, "Incoming!" or a round impacts on or near their location. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Within 2 seconds of the alert, the leader designates the direction and the distance to move. The platoon moves to the specified location. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
1. The element reacts to indirect fire while moving mounted. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. The element leader gave the direction and distance to move; for example, "3 o'clock, 200 meters."</li> <li>b. Vehicle commanders repeated the "Incoming!" alert to squad personnel.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Personnel closed all hatches.</li> <li>(2) Drivers moved rapidly out of the impact area in the direction ordered by the leader.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
2. The element reacts to indirect fire while moving dismounted. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that if vehicles with mounted weapons were available, the vehicles—               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Halted as close as possible to the dismounted team, allowing personnel to mount.</li> <li>(2) Moved rapidly out of the impact area in the direction ordered by the squad leader.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Ensured that if vehicles were not available, dismounted personnel kept low and ran out of the impact area in the direction and at the distance ordered by the squad leader.</li> </ul>		
3. The element reacts to indirect fire when in a defensive position. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Moved the vehicles immediately out of the impact area to alternate positions.</li> <li>b. Protected any dismounted personnel by having each one go under the overhead cover of their fighting positions.</li> </ul>		
4. The element members move to designated rally points according to the element operation order (OPORD).		
5. The element establishes immediate security at the designated rally point.		
6. The element consolidates and reorganizes.		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
* 7. The element leader submits a shelling report (SHELREP) or a mortar bombing report (MORTREP) to higher headquarters (HQ). <b>NOTE: Digital units send the SHELREP using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means or the Force XXI Battle Command Brigade and Below (FBCB2) System according to the unit tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP).</b>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Conduct a Convoy (07-2-1301.05-T01A)  
 (FM 55-30) (FM 21-16)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Upon receipt of an operation order (OPORD), the element moves to a new location given in the OPORD and conducts operations at that location. There is a possibility of enemy contact with threat patrols up to platoon and company size. Threat mounted forces have been operating in the area through which the route passes. The company standing operating procedure (SOP) is available and contains movement readiness levels and current loading plans. The convoy may be conducted during daylight or darkness, including blackout conditions. Radio and visual signals will be used for convoy control. The column may conduct halts. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element conducts the convoy and arrives at its new location by the time specified in the OPORD. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element commander conducts a map reconnaissance using all available position/navigation (POS/NAV) and terrain analysis capabilities, to include space-based assets.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Indicated the start point (SP).</li> <li>b. Identified locations of friendly units.</li> <li>c. Identified potential ambush sites.</li> <li>d. Identified checkpoints (CPs).</li> <li>e. Identified sites to be used for scheduled halts.</li> <li>f. Indicated the release point (RP).</li> </ul> <p>2. The reconnaissance party conducts a route reconnaissance using all available POS/NAV and mapping capabilities available.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Dressed in the designated MOPP gear.</li> <li>b. Activated the automatic chemical alarm.</li> <li>c. Monitored radiation-monitoring devices.</li> <li>d. Verified map information.</li> <li>e. Identified capacities of bridges and underpasses.</li> <li>f. Identified the location of culverts, ferries, fording areas, steep grades, and possible ambush sites.</li> <li>g. Prepared the map overlay.</li> <li>h. Computed the travel time.</li> <li>i. Prepared the strip map.</li> </ul> <p>* 3. The convoy commander coordinates for required support with higher headquarters (HQ).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Included military police (MP) support.</li> <li>b. Included medical support.</li> <li>c. Included fire support (FS).</li> <li>d. Included engineer support.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>e. Included maintenance contact team support.</li> <li>f. Included additional requirements.</li> </ul> <p>4. The element prepares vehicles and equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed preventive-maintenance checks and services (PMCS).</li> <li>b. Corrected minor deficiencies.</li> <li>c. Reported major deficiencies.</li> <li>d. Hardened vehicles using sandbags or other authorized materials.</li> <li>e. Covered unit identification markings on vehicles and personnel.</li> <li>f. Covered or removed reflective surfaces.</li> <li>g. Placed antennas at their lowest height.</li> <li>h. Turned radio volumes and squelches to their lowest setting, consistent with operational requirements.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The convoy commander organizes the convoy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assigned cargo vehicle positions.</li> <li>b. Positioned control vehicles without setting a pattern.</li> <li>c. Assigned recovery vehicle positions.</li> <li>d. Arranged hardened vehicles near the head of the convoy.</li> <li>e. Specified passenger locations.</li> <li>f. Appointed air guards.</li> <li>g. Organized the trail party element.</li> <li>h. Provided vehicle position listings to the trail party leader.</li> </ul> <p>* 6. The convoy commander briefs the convoy personnel.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided strip maps to each vehicle driver.</li> <li>b. Identified the convoy chain of command.</li> <li>c. Detailed the convoy route.</li> <li>d. Specified the march rate and the catch-up speed.</li> <li>e. Specified convoy intervals.</li> <li>f. Identified the scheduled halts.</li> <li>g. Briefed accident and breakdown procedures.</li> <li>h. Briefed immediate-action security measures.</li> <li>i. Briefed blackout condition procedures.</li> <li>j. Specified the location of medical support.</li> <li>k. Specified the location of maintenance support.</li> <li>l. Briefed communication procedures.</li> <li>m. Specified the location and the identification of the destination.</li> </ul> <p>7. The convoy crosses the SP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Crossed at the specified time.</li> <li>b. Verified that vehicles had crossed the SP.</li> <li>c. Forwarded the SP crossing report to the convoy commander when the entire unit had passed the SP.</li> </ul> <p>* 8. The convoy commander provides convoy information to higher HQ.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reported the SP crossing time.</li> <li>b. Reported the CP clearance, when crossed.</li> <li>c. Pointed out data that conflicted with the maps.</li> <li>d. Used the correct signal operation instructions (SOI) codes in all transmissions.</li> <li>e. Reported the RP crossing time.</li> </ul> <p>9. The convoy maintains march discipline.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained the designated march speed.</li> <li>b. Maintained proper vehicle intervals.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>c. Crossed CPs as scheduled.</li> <li>d. Reacted correctly to the convoy commander's signals.</li> <li>e. Maintained security throughout the movement and during halts.</li> </ul> <p>10. The company conducts a scheduled halt.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Stopped the column at the prescribed time.</li> <li>b. Maintained prescribed vehicular intervals.</li> <li>c. Moved vehicles off the road.</li> <li>d. Established local security.</li> <li>e. Performed PMCS.</li> <li>f. Inspected vehicle loads.</li> <li>g. Departed at the specified time.</li> </ul> <p>11. The company conducts an unscheduled halt.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Alerted the march column.</li> <li>b. Reported the stoppage to higher HQ.</li> <li>c. Maintained prescribed vehicular intervals.</li> <li>d. Established local security.</li> <li>e. Reported the resumption of the march to higher HQ.</li> </ul> <p>12. The convoy moves under blackout conditions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided a visual adjustment period.</li> <li>b. Prepared vehicles for blackout conditions.</li> <li>c. Maintained prescribed vehicle distances.</li> <li>d. Wore night vision goggles (specified personnel).</li> <li>e. Wore regular eye protection goggles.</li> <li>f. Used ground guides during poor visibility periods.</li> </ul> <p>13. The trail party recovers disabled vehicles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected the disabled vehicles.</li> <li>b. Repaired the disabled vehicles, when possible.</li> <li>c. Towed the vehicles, if necessary.</li> <li>d. Reported the status of the vehicles to the convoy commander.</li> </ul> <p>14. The convoy moves through urban areas.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified weight, height, and width restrictions.</li> <li>b. Used close-column formation.</li> <li>c. Obeyed traffic control directions.</li> <li>d. Used direction guides at critical intersections.</li> </ul> <p>15. The convoy crosses the RP.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Crossed at the specified time.</li> <li>b. Verified that the vehicles had crossed the RP.</li> <li>c. Forwarded the crossing report to higher HQ.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE****SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-1-1391	Request a Standard Geospatial Product
05-3-0412	Perform a Technical Reconnaissance
19-1-1102	Coordinate Route Reconnaissance and Surveillance
19-1-1201	Prepare Traffic Control Plan

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**



**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** React to an Ambush (07-3-1112.05-T01A)  
 (FM 7-8) (FM 3-20.98) (FM 34-2-1)  
 (FM 7-92)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is in a prepared kill zone. The enemy initiates the ambush with a casualty-producing device and a high volume of fire. The unit has guidance provided by the rules of engagement (ROE) and from mission instructions, such as the peace mandate terms of reference, the Status of Forces Agreement (SOFA), and the rules of interaction (ROI). Civilians, government organizations, nongovernment organizations, private voluntary organizations, and the international press may be present on the battlefield. The presence of civilians can restrict the use of fires and reduce the combat power available to the commander. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element reacts immediately to the ambush based on the type (near, far). The platoon disengages the element in the kill zone or forces the enemy to withdraw. The platoon continues follow-on operations. The unit complies with the ROE, mission instruction, and higher headquarters (HQ) and other special orders. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p><b>NOTE: Leaders ensure that the ROE and the ROI are disseminated to subordinate personnel.</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Personnel in the kill zone react to a near ambush (within hand grenade range).               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Returned fire immediately; assumed covered positions; and threw fragmentation, concussion, and smoke grenades.</li> <li>Assaulted individually through the ambush using individual fire and movement immediately after the grenades detonated.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Personnel not in the kill zone react to a near ambush.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Identified enemy positions.</li> <li>Initiated immediate suppressive fires against the enemy.</li> <li>Took up covered positions.</li> <li>Shifted fires as personnel in the kill zone assaulted through the ambush.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Personnel receiving fire in a far ambush (beyond hand grenade range) immediately return fire and take up covered positions.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Suppressed or destroyed enemy crew-served weapons first.</li> <li>Obscured the enemy position with smoke.</li> <li>Sustained suppressive fires and shifted them as the assaulting squads fought through the enemy position.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Personnel not receiving fire react to a far ambush.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Moved by a covered and concealed route to a vulnerable flank of the enemy position.</li> <li>Assaulted using fire and movement techniques.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
5. The element forward observer (FO) calls for and adjusts indirect fires as directed by the element leader. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used indirect fires to isolate the enemy position.</li> <li>b. Adjusted fires on any retreating enemy.</li> </ul> * 6. The platoon leader accounts for all personnel and equipment after the enemy has withdrawn. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reported the situation to higher HQ.</li> <li>b. Consolidated and reorganized as necessary.</li> <li>c. Continued the mission.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-0100	Coordinate the Synchronization and Integration of Fire Support (FS)
08-2-0314.05-T01A	Treat Unit Casualties (for Units With Medical Treatment Personnel)
12-1-0403.05-T01A	Report Casualties

#### OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE

**ELEMENTS:** Headquarters Detachment  
Heavy Maintenance Section  
Command Section  
S-1

**TASK:** Prepare Personnel for Deployment (12-1-0409.05-T01A)  
(FM 7-22.7) (AR 220-10) (AR 600-38)  
(AR 600-8) (AR 600-8-14) (AR 600-8-2)  
(AR 600-8-8)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is tasked to deploy to a theater of operations. The element is assigned the responsibility to process personnel for overseas movement. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element is administratively prepared for deployment within the time frame specified in the operation order (OPORD) or the letter of instruction (LOI).

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The Adjutant (US Army) (S1) plans the preparation for oversea movement (POM).               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Established processing requirements.</li> <li>b. Established support requirements.</li> <li>c. Published the POM plan.</li> <li>d. Briefed the command group.</li> <li>e. Coordinated the POM with the brigade S1.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 2. The S1 or the personnel and administration center (PAC) supervisor coordinates POM requirements.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Coordinated with the Assistant Chief of Staff, G1 (Personnel) (G1), for personnel service company (PSC) support.</li> <li>b. Coordinated with the Staff Judge Advocate (SJA) for legal support.</li> <li>c. Coordinated with the medical department activity (MEDDAC) and the dental activity (DENTAC) for medical and dental support.</li> <li>d. Coordinated with the provost marshal (PM) for privately owned vehicle (POV) storage.</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. The S1 section participates in the POM process.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Conducted liaison with the POM site commander.</li> <li>b. Briefed soldiers on POM procedures.</li> <li>c. Issued the POM checklist.</li> <li>d. Reviewed family care plans.</li> <li>e. Reviewed pay elections.</li> <li>f. Assisted soldiers in completing postal forms.</li> <li>g. Reviewed the POM checklist for completeness.</li> <li>h. Identified nonparticipants and nondeployable soldiers.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 4. The S1 or PAC supervisor conducts briefings for family members.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Coordinated installation support.</li> <li>b. Established the briefing site and schedules.</li> <li>c. Published a family support packet.</li> <li>d. Monitored family support briefings.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENT:** Company Headquarters

**TASK:** Coordinate Rear Detachment Support (63-1-8063.05-T01A)  
 (FM 100-17) (FM 12-6) (FM 55-65)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Rear detachment support is required. All subordinate units are deploying and/or redeploying as part of the battalion deployment and/or redeployment. The rear detachment plan, readiness standing operating procedure (RSOP), and deployment and/or redeployment movement plan/order are available. The battalion staff continuously receives messages from the installation or theater support organizations, the appropriate headquarters (HQ), and subordinate units by radio, telephone, electronic means, and courier. This task should not be trained in MOPPA.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Rear detachment support is coordinated and the updated rear detachment plan is distributed according to the RSOP and commander's guidance.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The Adjutant (US Army) (S1) section coordinates rear detachment personnel and administrative services support.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified personnel and administrative services support requirements by reviewing the deployment and/or redeployment movement plan and/or order, the RSOP, and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>b. Coordinated rear detachment staffing requirements with staff sections and subordinate unit commanders.</li> <li>c. Forwarded recommendations for rear detachment staffing to the commander for approval.</li> <li>d. Coordinated personnel and administrative services support with the higher echelon S1 section or installation and/or theater support organizations, as required.</li> <li>e. Provided personnel and administrative services support input for the rear detachment plan update to the Intelligence Officer (US Army) (S2) and Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) section.</li> <li>f. Coordinated family support group assistance with the higher echelon S1.</li> <li>g. Briefed the commander, executive officer (XO), and rear detachment commander on personnel and administrative services support, as required.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. The Supply Officer (US Army) (S4) section coordinates for rear detachment logistics support.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified logistics support requirements by reviewing the deployment and/or redeployment movement plan and/or order, the RSOP, the rear detachment plan, and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>b. Coordinated logistics support with the higher echelon S4 section or installation and theater support organizations.</li> <li>c. Provided copies of the property book, document register, and related documentation to the rear detachment commander, as required.</li> <li>d. Provided logistics support input for the rear detachment plan update to the S2 and S3 section.</li> <li>e. Briefed the commander, XO, and rear detachment commander on rear detachment logistics support, as required.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The S2 and S3 section updates the rear detachment plan.</li> </ol>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
a. Verified staff input for completeness and compliance with the commander's guidance. b. Prepared the updated copy of the rear detachment plan. c. Forwarded a draft copy to the commander or XO for approval or modification. d. Distributed the rear detachment plan update according to the RSOP.  4. The S2 and S3 section provides rear detachment support. a. Requested a new classified document access roster and safe access listing for the rear detachment from the higher HQ staff element. b. Coordinated the changing of combinations for safes and arms room for the rear detachment with the higher HQ staff element. c. Assisted the rear detachment to ensure that all classified material not deployed with the unit is properly stored, transferred, or destroyed.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>		<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENT:** Company Headquarters

**TASK:** Perform Home Station Rear Detachment Activities (63-1-8064.05-T01A)  
 (FM 100-17) (FM 12-6) (FM 55-65)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The battalion and subordinate unit main body is preparing to depart from the home station. Initial coordination for personnel, administrative services, and logistics support was accomplished by the staff. Subordinate units have delivered records and files designated by the Adjutant (US Army) (S1) to the rear detachment. Dependents have been briefed on the availability of support from the installation and rear detachment. The readiness standing operating procedure (RSOP), movement plan and/or order, family assistance plan, and rear detachment plan are available. The rear detachment receives home station reception requirements from the Intelligence Officer (US Army) (S2) and Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) section. The rear detachment continuously receives messages from the installation and higher echelon headquarters (HQ) by telephone and electronic means. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Rear detachment activities are performed according to the rear detachment plan and commander's guidance.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The rear detachment commander supervises rear detachment activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified rear detachment requirements, policies, and procedures by reviewing the rear detachment plan, family assistance plan, and commander's guidance.</li> <li>b. Conducted inventory and signs for all installation property and equipment transferred into the rear detachment from deploying units.</li> <li>c. Published the chain of command based on the commander's guidance.</li> <li>d. Developed a rear detachment program to provide service to soldiers and family remaining in the rear.</li> <li>e. Briefed rear detachment personnel on the rear detachment plan and command policies.</li> <li>f. Verified the availability of personnel, administrative services and logistics support by coordinating with the installation Adjutant General (AG) and Directorate of Logistics (DOL).</li> <li>g. Briefed rear detachment personnel on available personnel and administrative services and logistics support.</li> <li>h. Monitored family support group activities for compliance with the family assistance plan.</li> <li>i. Monitored rear detachment activities for compliance with the rear detachment plan.</li> </ul> <p>2. The rear detachment provides administrative and logistics support.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Coordinated the soldier readiness program (SRP) processing of late arrivals and/or replacement personnel with the installation AG.</li> <li>b. Provided administrative and logistics support to late arrivals and/or replacement personnel according to the rear detachment plan.</li> <li>c. Redirected mail according to the rear detachment plan.</li> <li>d. Maintained records and files according to the rear detachment plan and the appropriate publications.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>e. Provided assistance to families according to the family assistance plan, as required.</li> <li>f. Published a family support chain-of-command roster for family member.</li> <li>g. Coordinated the reassignment of rear detachment personnel with the installation AG.</li> <li>h. Coordinated the inspection and disposition of real property with the supporting installation agency, as necessary.</li> <li>i. Conducted physical security inspections of facilities and storage areas.</li> <li>j. Reported damage to facilities and storage areas to the project management office (PMO) and installation engineers.</li> </ul> <p>3. The rear detachment commander coordinates reception at the home station.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified reception requirements by reviewing the RSOP and the S2 and S3 section instructions.</li> <li>b. Verified the availability of transportation and intransit support by coordinating with the installation transportation officer (ITO).</li> <li>c. Identified planned welcoming ceremonies by coordinating with installation support activities and the public affairs office (PAO).</li> <li>d. Coordinated for the transportation of dependents to the APOD with ITO, as required.</li> <li>e. Notified dependents of transportation and reception plans.</li> <li>f. Provided the S2 and S3 section information on transportation, intransit support, and welcoming ceremonies.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**



**ELEMENT:** Company Headquarters

**TASK:** Perform Personnel and Administrative Predeployment Activities (63-2-8002.05-T01A)  
 (AR 220-10) (AR 55-162) (AR 608-18)  
 (DA PAM 608-47) (DOD REG 4500.9-R PT III) (FM 55-30)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit has activated the recall plan. Unit personnel are accounted for and are prepared for predeployment processing. The Adjutant (US Army) (S1) has provided a soldier readiness program (SRP) processing schedule to the commander. The unit has coordinated with the S1 for assistance, as needed. Transportation is available to move the unit. The deployment standing operating procedure (SOP), movement plan, family assistance plan, and higher headquarters (HQ) deployment operation order (OPORD) are available. The unit is deploying as part of a higher HQ deployment. Soldier readiness program (SRP) activities are performed day or night under all environmental conditions. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Predeployment personnel and administrative activities are accomplished according to the movement plan, the deployment OPORD, the S1 SRP processing schedule, and the commander's guidance.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander directs personnel and administrative preparation for overseas movement (POM) activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided a POM processing schedule to the unit movement officer (UMO) and/or noncommissioned officer (NCO).</li> <li>b. Directed the executive officer (XO) and/or 1st sergeant to publish a company POM processing schedule based on the S1 POM processing schedule.</li> <li>c. Forwarded the list of nondeployable personnel to the higher HQ staff element.</li> <li>d. Directed the personnel to complete the POM processing activities.</li> <li>e. Directed the personnel to secure privately owned vehicles (POVs) and personal property according to the movement plan.</li> <li>f. Directed the XO to prepare the briefing for dependents.</li> <li>g. Directed the XO to update the family assistance plan, as required.</li> <li>h. Requested that higher HQ staff personnel appoint Class A agents to act as pay agents during deployment, if necessary.</li> <li>i. Coordinated with the higher HQ staff element to close out the unit fund account.</li> <li>j. Briefed the battalion commander on the status of POM activities.</li> </ul> <p>2. The company HQ processes POM records.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Delivered the unit POM records to the POM processing site.</li> <li>b. Verified that 100 percent of deploying personnel had processed.</li> <li>c. Returned the POM records to company HQ.</li> <li>d. Delivered the POM records to the battalion rear detachment before departure.</li> </ul> <p>3. The company HQ performs personnel replacement functions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified nondeployable personnel by reviewing the unit status report (USR), the 1st sergeant daily report, and POM processing results.</li> <li>b. Coordinated with the higher HQ staff element for replacement personnel.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>c. Recommended assignment of replacement personnel to the commander.</li> <li>d. Assigned replacement personnel according to the commander's instructions.</li> <li>e. Updated the family assistance plan, as required.</li> </ul> <p>4. The company HQ monitors company POM activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Published the company POM processing schedule based on the movement plan, the S1 section POM processing schedule, and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>b. Distributed the company POM processing schedule to platoons and sections.</li> <li>c. Monitored the POM processing to ensure that activities were completed according to the POM processing schedule.</li> <li>d. Coordinated with the higher HQ staff element for additional POM processing, as required.</li> <li>e. Briefed the commander on the POM processing status.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The company leaders supervise personnel and administrative POM activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Directed personnel to complete POM processing according to the POM processing schedule.</li> <li>b. Designated personnel to assist contact teams in POM processing activities, as required.</li> <li>c. Monitored the POM processing to ensure activities are completed according to POM processing schedule.</li> <li>d. Coordinated with the UMO and/or NCO for additional POM processing, as required.</li> <li>e. Identified nondeployable personnel.</li> <li>f. Coordinated personnel replacement with company HQ.</li> <li>g. Monitored securing of POVs and personal property for compliance with the movement plan and the commander's instructions.</li> <li>h. Briefed personnel on the family assistance plan.</li> <li>i. Briefed the commander on results of POM processing.</li> </ul> <p>6. The company performs POM activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed the POM contact team functions, as directed.</li> <li>b. Completed the POM processing activities, as directed.</li> <li>c. Secured the POVs and personal property according to the movement plan and the commander's instructions.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

ARTEP 5-617-35-MTP

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENT:** Company Headquarters

**TASK:** Perform Redeployment Maintenance Activities (63-2-8017.05-T01A)  
 (FM 100-17) (AR 220-1) (AR 700-138)  
 (AR 750-1) (DA PAM 738-750) (DA PAM 750-35)  
 (FM 55-10) (FM 55-65)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is preparing for redeployment to the home station. A motor officer has been designated by the commander. The required tools, equipment, and personnel are available. maintenance support teams (MSTs) are available in the tactical assembly area (TAA) and redeployment assembly area (RAA). The Maintenance standing operating procedure (SOP) is available. The unit is redeploying as part of a higher headquarters (HQ) redeployment. Redeployment maintenance is performed day or night under all environmental conditions. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Redeployment maintenance is accomplished according to the maintenance SOP and the commander's guidance.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander directs redeployment maintenance activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the redeployment maintenance requirements according to theater Army (TA) guidance.</li> <li>b. Monitored the maintenance activities for compliance with the maintenance SOP and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>c. Approved the use of controlled exchange when required repair parts were not available.</li> <li>d. Checked the material condition status report (MCSR) for accuracy and completeness.</li> <li>e. Forwarded the MCSR to the Supply Officer (US Army) (S4) section.</li> <li>f. Coordinated with the S4 for maintenance support, as required.</li> <li>g. Prioritized the repair of vehicles and equipment.</li> <li>h. Enforced safety procedures.</li> <li>i. Enforced environmental stewardship procedures.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. The motor officer and/or motor sergeant supervises redeployment maintenance activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the unit operational readiness levels by reviewing vehicle and equipment status reports, preventive maintenance checks and services (PMCS), and redeployment maintenance checks.</li> <li>b. Prepared the MCSR according to Army Regulation (AR) 220-1 and AR 700-138.</li> <li>c. Submitted the current MCSR to the commander.</li> <li>d. Submitted the request for MSTs to the commander, as required.</li> <li>e. Submitted the request for controlled exchanges to the commander for approval.</li> <li>f. Designated the unit maintenance personnel to assist MSTs according to the maintenance SOP, the S4 section, and the commander's instructions.</li> <li>g. Directed the calibration of tools, if required.</li> <li>h. Verified the prescribed load list (PLL) inventory by conducting spot checks.</li> <li>i. Verified the completion of repairs by reviewing maintenance records.</li> <li>j. Coordinated with the S4 section to identify the status of vehicles and equipment in support maintenance.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>k. Coordinated with the S4 section for disposition instructions for nonrepairable vehicles.</li> <li>l. Briefed the commander on the maintenance status of vehicles and equipment, as required.</li> <li>m. Issued and/or reissued military drivers and equipment licenses to unit personnel, as needed.</li> <li>n. Enforced safety procedures.</li> <li>o. Enforced environmental stewardship procedures.</li> </ul> <p>3. The unit HQ performs organizational maintenance activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Calibrated tools, as required.</li> <li>b. Inspected equipment.</li> <li>c. Recorded all deficiencies on equipment inspection worksheets.</li> <li>d. Corrected unit-level maintenance deficiencies.</li> <li>e. Forwarded requests for direct support (DS) maintenance to the supporting maintenance facility.</li> <li>f. Requested the required repair parts from the PLL clerk.</li> <li>g. Repaired equipment.</li> <li>h. Requested approval for controlled exchange through the motor officer or sergeant when required repair parts were not available.</li> <li>i. Performed controlled exchange according to the motor officer's or sergeant's instructions.</li> <li>j. Performed final inspection to ensure quality control of repairs.</li> <li>k. Conducted inventory of the PLL to confirm shortages according to the PLL listing.</li> <li>l. Submitted a request for the PLL replenishment to the motor sergeant, as required.</li> <li>m. Performed technical inspections of replacement equipment.</li> <li>n. Released equipment to the appropriate platoon or section.</li> <li>o. Employed safety procedures.</li> <li>p. Employed environmental stewardship procedures.</li> </ul> <p>4. The unit HQ conducts transactions with the MSTs.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified vehicles and equipment that require MST support.</li> <li>b. Prepared required documentation for submission to the MST.</li> <li>c. Delivered vehicles and equipment to the MST.</li> <li>d. Picked up equipment from the MST upon notification that repairs were completed.</li> <li>e. Notified the owning element to pick up vehicles and equipment.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The unit leaders supervise redeployment operator maintenance activities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Monitored the performance of PMCS and redeployment maintenance for compliance with the redeployment movement plan and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>b. Inspected vehicles, weapons, and equipment to ensure compliance with the commander's guidance.</li> <li>c. Provided input for the MCSR to the motor officer, as required.</li> <li>d. Enforced safety procedures.</li> <li>e. Enforced environmental stewardship procedures.</li> </ul> <p>6. The unit performs redeployment operator maintenance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed PMCS.</li> <li>b. Notified the supervisor of maintenance problems beyond the operator's capabilities.</li> <li>c. Employed safety procedures.</li> </ul>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
d. Employed environmental stewardship procedures.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>		<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Conduct a Radiological, Chemical, or Biological Reconnaissance or Survey (03-2-3008.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-19)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is conducting operations in an area where nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) weapons have been initiated. The commander needs to determine the presence of (or information on) radiological, chemical, or biological hazards in the area of operational concern. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The commander and operations section plan a reconnaissance or survey mission for the company organic reconnaissance element. The plan is issued with two-thirds planning time remaining for the element. The plan must be detailed and feasible for the element to perform. If the situation and location permit, the commander supervises the preparation and execution.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The element leader receives and analyzes the mission and identifies all unit tasks.</li> <li>* 2. The element leader issues a warning order (WO) as soon as possible to subordinate leaders.</li> <li>* 3. The element leader and the operations section make a tentative plan based on mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations (METT-TC) factors.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Planned reconnaissance or survey techniques, locations, turn-back dose rates (radiological missions), decontamination after the reconnaissance or survey, fire support, reporting procedures, logistical support, and leader and signal information.</li> <li>b. Coordinated for intelligence information, air- or indirect-fire support, and medical support and coordinated the element plan with units in the area of operations, if necessary.</li> <li>c. Drew, stocked, or coordinated petroleum, oils, and lubricants (POL); ammunition; MOPP gear; Classes II and VII support; and maintenance/recovery/Class IX support for the platoon.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 4. The element leader orders units to start movement, if necessary.</li> <li>* 5. The element leader reconnoiters the operations area and performs a map reconnaissance as a minimum.</li> <li>* 6. The element leader completes the plan and issues the operation order (OPORD) with two-thirds of the total planning time remaining for the platoon.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 7. The element leader supervises preparations of the reconnaissance or survey if the location of operations permits. Communications, supply, and maintenance sections assist the platoons with priority maintenance and resupply support.</p> <p>8. The element conducts a tactical road march or executes a traveling movement to the reconnaissance or survey site. The reconnaissance or survey element—</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Executed a mounted movement technique (traveling, traveling overwatch, or bounding overwatch) or reconnoitered dismounted, as the situation and or mission required.</li> <li>Detected and marked the contaminated area, ensuring that marking signs were facing toward friendly areas. Detected uncontaminated areas and routes. Selected decontamination sites with a water source, cover and concealment, and the physical capacity to hold a site if required to perform reconnaissance for decontamination sites as a mission.</li> <li>Determined the limits of the contaminated area. Detected the types of chemical agents or specific levels and types of radiological contamination as required by the mission.</li> </ol> <p>9. The headquarters (HQ), if prescribed by the mission, assists the reconnaissance or survey unit recovery operations.</p> <p>*10. The element leader or operations officer, if prescribed by the mission, debriefs the returning reconnaissance or survey units and forwards the acquired information to higher HQ in NBC 4 or NBC 5 format, if required.</p> <p>*11. The radiological element leaders record, collate, and submit individual and unit radiation exposure status (RES) readings to higher HQ.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
05-3-0118	Conduct Minesweeping Operations
05-3-0904.05-R01A	Establish Jobsite Security
05-3-1220	Conduct Fire and Maneuver Operations
05-3-1239	Plan and Control Indirect Fire
07-2-1125.05-T01A	Conduct Passage of Lines (Passing/Stationary)
07-2-1301.05-T01A	Conduct a Convoy
07-3-C211.05-T01A	Move Tactically



ARTEP 5-617-35-MTP

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Prepare for Operations Under Nuclear, Biological, and Chemical (NBC) Conditions (03-3-C201.05-T01A)

(FM 3-11.11)

(FM 3-3)

(FM 3-4)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Higher headquarters (HQ) informs the unit that opposing forces (OPFOR) are conducting NBC warfare in the area. NBC equipment has been issued. Soldiers carry protective masks with their load-carrying equipment (LCE), having mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) gear readily available (within the work area). This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element uses collective protection or takes measures to limit the effects of NBC attacks and/or contamination and continues the mission.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader checks the accountability and serviceability of the NBC defense equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that the NBC detection equipment was issued to trained operators.</li> <li>b. Ensured that the NBC detection equipment was employed and operating within 15 minutes.</li> <li>c. Identified equipment shortages.</li> <li>d. Took action to obtain replacement equipment.</li> </ul> <p>2. The element assumes MOPP levels as directed by higher HQ or as the NBC situation dictates and is prepared to operate at the time specified in the operation order (OPORD).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Donned masks and hoods within 15 seconds.</li> <li>b. Assumed MOPP4 within 8 minutes.</li> </ul> <p>3. Soldiers take actions to protect themselves against an NBC attack.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Set up and used collective protective shelters (if available).</li> <li>b. Prepared protective shelters, such as foxholes with overhead cover.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. The element leader adjusts the MOPP level using MOPP analysis.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Received and analyzed the enemy NBC threat capability. Took the following into consideration:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Was the unit targeted or could it be targeted?</li> <li>(2) Did the enemy have the capability to deliver chemical or nuclear weapons?</li> <li>(3) When or where could the enemy most likely deliver the chemical or nuclear weapons?</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Collected and analyzed weather data. Took the following into consideration:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Was it day or night?</li> <li>(2) What were current weather conditions (see the chemical downwind message [CDM] or weather report)?</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
(3) What were weather conditions 2, 4, and 6 hours in the future (see the CDM or weather report)? c. Analyzed the element status and mission. Took the following into consideration: (1) What was the mission? (2) What was the work rate? (3) How long did the work take? (4) What were the training and physical levels of the unit? (5) How long did it take to warn all the soldiers of an NBC attack?		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1M</b>	<b>2M</b>	<b>3M</b>	<b>4M</b>	<b>5M</b>		<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Prepare for a Chemical Attack (03-3-C202.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-4)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Opposing forces (OPFOR) are conducting chemical warfare or intelligence indicates its use is imminent. Higher headquarters (HQ) directs implementation of actions to minimize casualties and limit contamination. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Unit personnel assume mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4 within 8 minutes and complete preparation efforts before the attack or its effects reach their location. The element protects its personnel, equipment, food, and water and continues its mission. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The unit leader issues a warning order.</p> <p>2. Unit personnel start defensive preparations for a chemical attack.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assumed MOPP4 within 8 minutes after notification.</li> <li>b. Attached M9 detector paper to their right arms, left wrists, either their right or left ankles, and the vehicles.</li> <li>c. Conducted MOPP field sanitation procedures.</li> <li>d. Emplaced chemical-agent alarms upwind of their position.</li> </ul> <p>3. Unit personnel prepare fighting positions or shelters.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used existing, natural, or man-made facilities (such as caves, ditches, culverts, and tunnels) as fighting positions and shelters.</li> <li>b. Dug fighting positions and bunkers with overhead cover.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Fighting positions should have overhead cover, consisting of a minimum of 18 inches of soil, if time permits.</b></p> <p>* 4. The noncommissioned officers (NCOs) check personnel and fighting positions.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that personnel were at MOPP4.</li> <li>b. Ensured that individual and element fighting positions were hardened with sandbags and overhead cover.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The unit leader takes additional actions consistent with the tactical situation by increasing, decreasing, or modifying the MOPP level.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Respond to a Chemical Attack (03-3-C203.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-3)  
 (FM 3-5)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is deployed in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 2. Intelligence indicates that opposing forces (OPFOR) have initiated chemical warfare. The automatic alarm sounds or the detector paper changes color, causing the unit to react. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The soldiers sound the alarm (vocal or nonvocal), immediately assume MOPP4, and use available shelter to prevent further exposure to contamination. The unit reacts to the chemical alarm within 9 seconds.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. Unit leaders ensure that soldiers react to the sound of the chemical-agent alarm or recognize the indicators of a chemical or biological attack.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Gave the alarm (vocal or nonvocal).</li> <li>b. Ensured that soldiers put on their protective masks within 9 seconds.</li> <li>c. Assumed MOPP4 as soon as possible.</li> <li>d. Sought additional shelter, if available.</li> <li>e. Administered a nerve agent antidote (buddy aid) to other soldiers with symptoms of nerve agent poisoning (if applicable).</li> <li>f. Administered nerve agent antidotes to selves (if applicable).</li> <li>g. Checked soldiers to ensure that protective measures were followed.</li> </ul> <p>2. Soldiers take additional protective measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Protected exposed equipment and supplies.</li> <li>b. Monitored the area by testing it with detector kits.</li> <li>c. Applied prevention procedures, such as marking contaminated areas.</li> </ul> <p>3. Soldiers conduct immediate decontamination.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Conducted skin decontamination.</li> <li>b. Wiped down personal equipment with M291 or M280 decontamination kits.</li> <li>c. Conducted operator spray down of equipment.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. Unit leaders initiate unmasking procedures and report to higher headquarters (HQ).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that casualties were provided with medical care.</li> <li>b. Reported casualties.</li> <li>c. Submitted a nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) 1 report to higher HQ immediately.</li> <li>d. Continued the mission or requested movement to an alternate location.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
12-1-0403.05-T01A	Report Casualties

#### OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Prepare for a Friendly Nuclear Strike (03-3-C205.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit receives a strike warning message from higher headquarters (HQ) directing specific actions to be implemented. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit completes preparations within 30 minutes of a friendly nuclear-strike warning. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
1. The designated radio operator acknowledges the strike warning message. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Authenticated the call.</li> <li>b. Acknowledged the warning by returning the message.</li> </ul> * 2. The unit leader issues a warning order. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Warned subordinate and affected units.</li> <li>b. Ensured that subordinates executed actions as directed.</li> </ul> 3. Soldiers complete actions before detonation occurs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Placed vehicles and equipment for the best terrain shielding (hill masses, slopes, culverts, depressions).</li> <li>b. Disconnected nonessential electronic equipment.</li> <li>c. Tied down essential antennas.</li> <li>d. Took down nonessential antennas and antenna leads.</li> <li>e. Improved shelters with consideration for blast, thermal, and radiation effects.</li> </ul> <b>NOTE: Add sandbags to shelters, foxholes, or tents in the direction of the strike. Cover openings or position them away from the strike.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>f. Zeroed dosimeters.</li> <li>g. Digital units ensured that the systems were prepared according to the unit tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP).</li> <li>h. Secured loose, flammable, or explosive items and food or water containers to protect them from nuclear-weapons effects.</li> </ul>		



TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Prepare for a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C206.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-11) (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit receives notice that a nuclear attack is probable and must initiate actions to minimize casualties and damage. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit hardens and shields positions and equipment and conducts periodic monitoring. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The unit leader issues a warning order to subordinate units, ensuring that all soldiers understand the order.</p> <p>2. The unit begins defensive preparation for a nuclear attack.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Placed vehicles and equipment where the terrain shielding was best (hill masses, slopes, culverts, depressions).</li> <li>b. Turned off and disconnected nonessential electronic equipment according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP).</li> <li>c. Tied down essential antennas.</li> <li>d. Took down nonessential antenna leads according to the unit SOP or other guidance.</li> <li>e. Improved shelters with consideration for blast, thermal, and radiation effects.</li> <li>f. Zeroed dosimeters.</li> <li>g. Secured loose, flammable, or explosive items and food or water containers to protect them from nuclear-weapons effects.</li> <li>h. Took cover in hardened shelters (if available).</li> <li>i. Used field-expedient shelters.</li> </ul> <p>3. The unit takes additional actions consistent with the tactical situation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Continued periodic monitoring.</li> <li>b. Reported all dose rate and dosimeter readings to higher headquarters (HQ).</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

#### **SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Cross a Radiologically Contaminated Area (03-3-C208.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-3) (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-4)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit receives orders to cross a radiologically contaminated area. The approximate boundaries of the area are known or marked. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit crosses the contaminated area by the shortest, fastest route available without incurring radiation casualties or spreading contamination.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. Unit leaders prepare for the crossing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Directed individuals to cover their noses and mouths with handkerchiefs or clean rags, roll their sleeves down, and wear gloves.</li> <li>b. Received operational-exposure guidance (OEG) from the commander (turn-back dose rate).</li> <li>c. Ensured that radiac equipment operators checked the instruments.</li> </ul> <p>2. The unit prepares for the crossing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified extra shielding requirements (for example, used sandbags on the vehicle floor).</li> <li>b. Placed externally stored equipment inside the vehicle or covered it with available material.</li> <li>c. Started continuous monitoring.</li> </ul> <p>3. The unit crosses the area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Avoided stirring up dust.</li> <li>b. Kept out of the dust cloud by increasing the intervals and distances between vehicles.</li> <li>c. Conducted movement as rapidly as possible (tracked vehicles should have been buttoned up).</li> </ul> <p>4. The unit performs immediate decontamination of personnel and equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Checked for casualties.</li> <li>b. Reported casualties.</li> <li>c. Conducted necessary decontamination.</li> <li>d. Evacuated casualties.</li> <li>e. Continued the mission.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** React to Smoke Operations (03-3-C209.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-50)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit encounters friendly or enemy smoke while conducting operations. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit exploits the threat smoke or employs friendly smoke to conceal its own activities and continues the mission. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The unit does not allow smoke to impede the performance of the mission.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed its mission in the presence of smoke.</li> <li>b. Exploited threat smoke to conceal its own movements.</li> <li>c. Moved to alternate positions to reduce the effects of the threat use of smoke.</li> <li>d. Considered using countersmoke to conceal their own activities.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. The unit employs organic smoke grenade launchers, smoke pots, and smoke hand grenades.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Coordinated smoke operations with the unit commander or the supported unit.</li> <li>b. Determined the wind direction and speed.</li> <li>c. Determined where to release the smoke and where it would travel.</li> <li>d. Determined the duration of the smoke operations.</li> <li>e. Determined the effects of weather conditions on the smoke plan.</li> <li>f. Ensured that the smoke covered an area larger than the unit position.</li> <li>g. Requested smoke support from other units (if organic systems would not accomplish the task).</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The unit uses target acquisition and guidance systems.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined what available target acquisition and guidance systems were effective in the smoke.</li> <li>b. Requested and used target acquisition and guidance systems that were effective in the smoke.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 4. The noncommissioned officer in charge (NCOIC) requests a resupply of smoke munitions when required.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Requested smoke grenades and smoke pots.</li> <li>b. Distributed smoke grenades and smoke pots.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Respond to the Residual Effects of a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C222.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is located within a predicted fallout area. The mission does not allow movement from the predicted fallout area. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit takes actions to minimize exposure to residual radiation.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. Unit leaders prepare the unit for fallout.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that individuals covered their noses and mouths with handkerchiefs or clean rags, rolled their sleeves down, and wore gloves.</li> <li>b. Covered equipment; munitions; petroleum, oils, and lubricants (POL); and food and water containers or placed them inside shelters or vehicles.</li> <li>c. Used shelters, closed vehicles, or available shielding to protect personnel from fallout.</li> <li>d. Ensured that continuous monitoring was maintained using available nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) detection and identification equipment.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Designated personnel monitor fallout.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained total-dose information using available total-dose instruments.</li> <li>b. Ensured that exposure was minimized while the commander determined if relocation to a clean area was necessary or possible.</li> <li>c. Calculated the optimum time of exit.</li> <li>d. Sent NBC 4 reports to higher headquarters (HQ) using secure means when possible.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 3. The unit leader develops a contingency plan.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used guidance from higher HQ based on the mission and previous radiation exposure.</li> <li>b. Planned for rotation of individuals to minimize exposure.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 4. The unit leader submits reports according to unit standing operating procedure (SOP).</li> </ul>		



TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Respond to the Initial Effects of a Nuclear Attack (03-3-C223.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-4) (FM 3-11.11) (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Soldiers observe a brilliant flash of light and/or a mushroom-shaped cloud. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit takes action to minimize exposure to the initial effects of a nuclear detonation in its area and continues its mission.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
1. Soldiers take immediate protective actions in response to a nuclear attack. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Without warning, soldiers—               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Closed their eyes immediately.</li> <li>(2) Dropped to the ground in a prone position, with their head toward the blast (if in the hatch of an armored vehicle, immediately dropped down inside the vehicle).</li> <li>(3) Kept their heads and their faces down and helmets on.</li> <li>(4) Remained in a prone position until the blast wave passed and all debris stopped falling.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. With warning, soldiers—               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Identified the best available shelter, such as fighting positions or inside shelters.</li> <li>(2) Moved to the shelter.</li> <li>(3) Took actions to protect themselves from the blast and radiation.</li> <li>(4) Kept clothing loosely fitted and their headgear on at all times.</li> <li>(5) Protected their eyes and minimized exposed skin areas.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
* 2. Leaders reorganize the unit. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reestablished the chain of command.</li> <li>b. Reestablished communications.</li> <li>c. Submitted a nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) 1 report to higher headquarters (HQ).</li> <li>d. Treated casualties.</li> <li>e. Reported casualties.</li> <li>f. Evacuated casualties.</li> <li>g. Evaluated facilities for protection from residual radiation.</li> <li>h. Implemented continuous monitoring.</li> <li>i. Submitted a damage assessment to higher HQ.</li> <li>j. Initiated an area damage control plan, as required.</li> <li>k. Extinguished all fires.</li> </ul>		
* 3. Leaders ensure that weapon systems are operational.		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
4. Soldiers right overturned vehicles. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Checked for loss of coolant, fuel, and battery fluids.</li> <li>b. Performed operator maintenance to restore moderately damaged vehicles to combat use.</li> </ul> 5. Soldiers improve cover. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Chose dense covering material.</li> <li>b. Covered in depth.</li> <li>c. Provided strong support.</li> <li>d. Covered as much of the opening as practical.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Conduct Operational Decontamination (03-3-C224.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-5) (FM 3-11.11)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is operating in a contaminated environment and/or is contaminated. Performance degradation from mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4 is increasing, and protective gear is in danger of penetration by contamination. Time and the tactical situation permit the element to conduct operational decontamination. Replacement protective gear is available for each soldier. For a nonsupported decontamination, element decontamination equipment and supplies are available and operational. For a supported decontamination, a decontamination element is available, operational, and tasked to provide decontamination support. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit decontaminates its individual gear and conducts MOPP gear exchange (using the buddy system) without sustaining additional casualties from nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) contamination. The unit limits the contamination transfer hazard by removing gross chemical contamination on equipment and minimizes contamination on soldiers according to Field Manual (FM) 3-5. The unit reduces radiological contamination to negligible risk levels according to FM 3-5 and reduces chemical and biological contamination to accelerate the weathering process and eventually provide temporary relief from MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The contaminated unit determines the extent of contamination and establishes decontamination priorities.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Received input from staff and subordinate leaders.</li> <li>b. Established decontamination priorities.</li> </ul> <p>2. The contaminated unit submits a request for decontamination to higher headquarters (HQ). The request, as a minimum, included the—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Contaminated element designation.</li> <li>b. Contaminated element location.</li> <li>c. Contaminated element frequency and call sign.</li> <li>d. Time that the element became contaminated.</li> <li>e. Number of vehicles and equipment, by type, that were contaminated.</li> <li>f. Type of contamination.</li> <li>g. Special requirements (such as a patient decontamination station, recovery assets, and a element decontamination team).</li> </ul> <p>* 3. The contaminated unit leader coordinates with higher HQ.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Obtained permission to conduct decontamination and obtain the necessary support.</li> <li>b. Selected a linkup point to meet supporting units (a company supply section, a company or battalion power-driven decontamination equipment [PDDE] crew, or a decontamination squad or platoon).</li> <li>c. Coordinated with supporting units.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>d. Requested replacement MOPP gear.</li> <li>e. Coordinated with supporting units to determine if they would also conduct a MOPP gear exchange.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. The contaminated unit leader and NBC specialist select a site to conduct the operation, ensuring that the site selected—</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided adequate overhead concealment.</li> <li>b. Provided good drainage.</li> <li>c. Provided easy access and exit (but off the main routes).</li> <li>d. Provided the proximity to a water source large enough to support vehicle wash down.</li> <li>e. Provided an area large enough to accommodate units involved in the operational decontamination (100 square meters for both the vehicle washdown site and the MOPP gear exchange site).</li> </ul> <p>5. The contaminated unit coordinates for operational decontamination support (a company or battalion PDDE crew or a decontamination unit).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Requested operational decontamination support.</li> <li>b. Notified higher HQ of the area for the operational decontamination.</li> <li>c. Established communications with the decontamination element.</li> <li>d. Ensured that the decontamination element knew the locations of the linkup and the selected decontamination sites.</li> </ul> <p>6. The contaminated element and supporting elements move to the decontamination site.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Met at the linkup point as coordinated.</li> <li>b. Provided security at both the linkup point and the decontamination site by the contaminated element.</li> </ul> <p>7. The elements prepare for operational decontamination.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Set up the decontamination site. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) The supporting decontamination element crew set up the vehicle washdown site.</li> <li>(2) The contaminated unit set up the MOPP gear exchange site not less than 50 meters upwind of the vehicle washdown site.</li> <li>(3) The remainder of the element prepared its equipment for decontamination.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Conducted preparatory actions in the predecontamination area. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Vehicle crews (except for the operators) dismounted unless they had an operational overpressure system and an uncontaminated interior.</li> <li>(2) Dismounted crews removed mud and camouflage from the vehicles.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: The contaminated element provides personnel to do this when the crews do not dismount.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(3) Separated vehicles and dismounted crews. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(a) Ensured that vehicle operators were briefed (included the use of overhead cover and concealment and the proper intervals).</li> <li>(b) Ensured that vehicles were buttoned up; for example, all doors, hatches, and other openings were closed or covered.</li> </ul> </li> <li>(4) Moved vehicles (with operators) to the vehicle washdown site.</li> <li>(5) Moved dismounted crews and all other soldiers in the contaminated unit to the MOPP gear exchange site.</li> </ul> <p>* 8. The noncommissioned officer in charge (NCOIC) of the decontamination element supervises the operation of the vehicle washdown site, ensuring that vehicle operators—</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained the proper interval between vehicles while processing through the washdown station.</li> <li>b. Washed vehicles.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Started at the top and worked down.</li> <li>(2) Sprayed hot, soapy water for 2 to 3 minutes per vehicle.</li> <li>(3) Monitored water consumption.</li> </ul> </li> <li>c. Moved to the assembly area (AA) after the vehicle wash down.</li> <li>d. Moved to the MOPP gear exchange site and conducted MOPP gear exchange.</li> </ul> <p>9. The contaminated element conducts MOPP gear exchange.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Prepared the equipment decontamination station (with supertropical bleach [STB] dry mix).</li> <li>b. Briefed MOPP gear exchange participants on procedures to be followed.</li> <li>c. Placed the decontaminated individual equipment on a clean surface (such as plastic, a poncho, or similar material).</li> <li>d. Exchanged MOPP gear using the buddy system.</li> <li>e. Moved soldiers to the AA after completing MOPP gear exchange.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTES:</b></p> <p><b>1. Ensure that the supporting units have the opportunity to use the MOPP gear exchange site before proceeding.</b></p> <p><b>2. The supporting decontamination element cleans and marks the site and reports the area of contamination (using an NBC 4 report) to higher HQ.</b></p> <p>*10. Element leaders account for all personnel and equipment after completing the operational decontamination.</p> <p>*11. The contaminated element leader reports to higher HQ.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reported the completion and location of the vehicle washdown and MOPP gear exchange decontamination sites.</li> <li>b. Requested permission to perform unmasking procedures if, through testing, no hazards were detected.</li> <li>c. Determined the adequacy of decontamination and adjusted the MOPP level (after obtaining approval from higher HQ).</li> </ul> <p>12. The contaminated element continues the mission.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

ARTEP 5-617-35-MTP

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section

**TASK:** Cross a Chemically Contaminated Area (03-3-C226.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-3)

**ITERATION:** 1M 2M 3M 4M 5M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit is en route to a new location on a designated route. The unit cannot move off that route and still complete its assigned mission. The unit discovers contamination on the route and is directed to cross the contaminated area. This task is always performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit crosses the contaminated area without suffering chemical-agent casualties.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The unit leader selects a route across the contaminated area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Employed a nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) 5 (chemical) report and/or reconnaissance reports to select a route.</li> <li>b. Selected a route that minimized exposure consistent with the mission.</li> <li>c. Obtained a route clearance and approval.</li> </ul> <p>2. The unit prepares to cross the area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assumed mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4 for crossing the area.</li> <li>b. Ensured that all drivers, vehicle commanders, and leaders knew the march route or had strip maps.</li> <li>c. Ensured that all vehicles were buttoned up (mounted movement).</li> <li>d. Placed externally stored equipment inside the vehicle or covered it with available material.</li> <li>e. Attached M9 detector paper to soldiers and vehicles to provide warning of contamination.</li> </ul> <p>3. The unit crosses the area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Avoided low ground, overhanging branches, and brush to the extent allowed by the tactical situation.</li> <li>b. Conducted dismounted movement, if necessary, as rapidly as possible.</li> <li>c. Crossed the area as quickly and carefully as possible.</li> </ul> <p>4. The unit exits the contaminated area.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Checked for casualties.</li> <li>b. Reported casualties.</li> <li>c. Conducted necessary decontamination.</li> <li>d. Continued the mission.</li> </ul>		



TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1M	2M	3M	4M	5M		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
12-1-0403.05-T01A	Report Casualties

#### OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section  
 S-2 and S-3

**TASK:** Defend a Convoy Against a Ground Attack (05-2-0911)  
 (FM 55-30) (FM 21-75) (FM 24-19)  
 (FM 24-35) (FM 24-35-1) (FM 3-90.1)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** In a contemporary operating environment the unit is conducting a convoy. The operation order (OPORD) and the rules of engagement (ROE) provide guidance for the mission and actions to take upon contact. The enemy squad- to platoon-size force attacks the main body of the convoy. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The convoy protects itself and attacks or disengages from the enemy. The convoy minimizes casualties or damage by taking immediate action. Digital units send and receive orders and reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means to conduct combat operations. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader prepares for combat operations.</p> <p><b>NOTE: Digital units set stale settings to provide current friendly and enemy unit locations.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Designated and positioned the security elements throughout the convoy (front, rear, and flank).</li> <li>b. Established radio communications with security elements.</li> <li>c. Designated actions upon enemy contact (action front, left, right, or rear; air attack; or indirect fire).</li> <li>d. Assigned each armed vehicle a sector of fire for the movement, and ensured that the convoy had 360° coverage while moving.</li> <li>e. Designated en route rally points and the actions to be taken at those points.</li> <li>f. Coordinated with the battalion Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) for indirect fire along the planned route.</li> <li>g. Received an update from the battalion Intelligence Officer (US Army) (S2) on probable enemy actions influencing the convoy route or the mission.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Digital units receive updated intelligence information through the Force XXI Command Brigade and Below (FBCB2) System or the Maneuver Control System (MCS).</b></p> <p>2. The element prepares for combat operations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Loaded vehicles, stowed or tied down all loose equipment, and ensured that there was enough space to bring weapons to bear.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Air guards are present.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Ensured that weapons were functional and had their basic load of ammunition.</li> <li>c. Rehearsed the procedures for enemy contact before the start point (SP).</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>d. Ensured that each vehicle commander knew the route and all standing operating procedures (SOPs).</p> <p>3. The convoy reacts to enemy contact.</p> <p>a. Scanned the area for the enemy and returned fire at identified enemy positions.</p> <p>b. Sought available cover.</p> <p>c. Maneuvered vehicles to allow the gunner to engage the enemy and moved all unarmed vehicles to cover.</p> <p>d. Provided suppressive gunnery fire on the enemy.</p> <p>e. Deployed the security teams and reported the situation to the element leader.</p> <p>* 4. The element leader develops the situation.</p> <p>a. Initiated fire and maneuver.</p> <p>b. Requested indirect-fire support.</p> <p>c. Sought information on the enemy strength, composition, and disposition.</p> <p>d. Evaluated the direction and volume of the enemy fire, confirmed or suspected enemy positions, and the terrain capacity for the masking forces.</p> <p>* 5. The element leader selects a course of action based on mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations (METT-TC) and the developing situation.</p> <p>a. Maneuvered to attack the enemy flank.</p> <p>b. Conducted a frontal assault.</p> <p>c. Broke contact and moved away from the enemy position by fire and maneuver.</p> <p>6. The security element engages the enemy (within capabilities).</p> <p>* 7. The element leader reports the tactical situation to higher headquarters (HQ).</p> <p>8. The element reorganizes and resumes its convoy.</p> <p>a. Reconstituted the security force.</p> <p>b. Treated and evacuated casualties.</p> <p>c. Reported casualties.</p> <p>d. Redistributed ammunition and equipment.</p> <p>e. Recovered any damaged equipment or destroyed it in place.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
052-194-3500	Conduct a Patrol
071-326-5505	Issue an Oral Operation Order

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
071-326-5605	Control Movement of a Fire Team
071-326-5611	Conduct the Maneuver of a Squad

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
07-2-1301.05-T01A	Conduct a Convoy
07-3-1112.05-T01A	React to an Ambush
10-2-0318.05-T01A	Perform Unit Graves Registration (GRREG) Operations

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
Headquarters Detachment

**TASK:** Establish a Company Defensive Position (07-2-0414.05-T01A)  
(FM 7-10) (FM 24-19) (FM 24-35)  
(FM 24-35-1) (TC 24-20)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element has received an operation order (OPORD) or a fragmentary order (FRAGO) mission requiring the unit to provide its own security and defense. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. The opposing forces (OPFOR) elements, consisting of as much as a motorized rifle company or airborne equivalent, have been active in friendly rear areas. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element completes all preparations for the defense within the time specified by the OPORD. Digital units send and receive reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The company is not surprised by the OPFOR, suffers no casualties from friendly fire, and repels the OPFOR attacks. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p><b>NOTE: The elements execute the following tasks when the company is performing this task: Establish Unit Defense, Defend the Unit Position, Construct a Protective Obstacle, and Conduct Hasty Minefield Operations.</b></p> <p>* 1. The commander develops a defensive plan according to the OPORD or the FRAGO.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Established sectors or boundaries for the subordinate elements.</li> <li>b. Assigned battle positions for the company elements.</li> <li>c. Designated primary, alternate, and supplementary positions.</li> <li>d. Designated engagement areas (EAs).</li> <li>e. Developed the fire support (FS) plan, including the target reference points (TRPs) forward, within, and to the rear of the defensive position.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. The commander conducts a leader's reconnaissance with key company leaders.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Established local security.</li> <li>b. Confirmed or modified his plan.</li> </ul> <p>* 3. Leaders survey the terrain to finalize their defensive plans.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the covered and concealed routes to and between all positions.</li> <li>b. Identified all avenues of approach (AAs).</li> <li>c. Identified dead space.</li> <li>d. Requested indirect FS to cover the dead space and the likely AAs.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Digital units request indirect FS using the Force XXI Battle Command Brigade and Below (FBCB2) System or FM means according to the unit tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>e. Identified locations for the company command post (CP), observation posts (OPs), the supply point, and the company casualty collection point.</li> <li>f. Identified potential landing zones (LZs) that the enemy could use for an air assault.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. The commander designates unit positions or sectors.</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Concentrated fire on the most dangerous and most likely AAs.</li> <li>b. Selected positions with good fields of fire and observation of enemy ground and air forces.</li> <li>c. Provided cover and concealment.</li> <li>d. Permitted adequate lateral and in-depth dispersion.</li> </ul> <p>5. The company establishes unit security.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Established the OPs and the air guards.</li> <li>b. Conducted patrols in areas that could not be observed.</li> <li>c. Emplaced early-warning devices.</li> <li>d. Conducted stand-to procedures according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP) or order.</li> </ul> <p>* 6. Leaders position key weapons and establish fields of fire.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Oriented the units to provide all-around security.</li> <li>b. Ensured that the weapons covered the most dangerous AAs, EAs, or selected kill zones based on the defensive technique.</li> <li>c. Effected mutual support between elements.</li> <li>d. Ensured that the antiarmor weapons covered the likely armor AAs.</li> <li>e. Registered indirect fire and final protection fires (FPFs) on the most dangerous dismounted AAs, where possible.</li> </ul> <p>* 7. Leaders check the position for potential problems.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Walked the positions and adjusted for fields of fire.</li> <li>b. Walked the terrain in front of the positions to determine if personnel accomplished their assigned tasks.</li> </ul> <p>* 8. The leaders coordinate with flank elements.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Established responsibility for overlapping enemy AAs.</li> <li>b. Exchanged information on the OP locations, patrols, unit signals, and passage points.</li> </ul> <p>9. The commander coordinated a withdrawal plan.</p> <p>10. The company establishes communications, if available.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used wire as the primary communications, if available.</li> <li>b. Ensured that the platoon or company CP had communication with the OPs, higher and subordinate leaders, adjacent units, and FS team.</li> <li>c. Conducted periodic communications checks to ensure that all communications equipment was operational.</li> <li>d. Planned and provided for an alternate means of communications.</li> </ul> <p>11. The company emplaces minefields and obstacles.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Requested and received clearance to lay protective minefields.</li> <li>b. Emplaced mines or obstacles according to the company obstacle plan and recorded the minefield on the standard minefield form.</li> <li>c. Covered mines or obstacles by observation and direct and indirect fires.</li> <li>d. Reported the location of mines or obstacles to all elements, and forwarded the standard minefield record to the next higher command as soon as possible.</li> </ul> <p>12. The company defends against an enemy assault.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Detected and reported enemy contact by the OPs.</li> <li>b. Withdrew the OPs on order or according to the company SOP.</li> <li>c. Increased the intensity of defensive fires as the enemy elements closed to within range of each individual or the weapons system.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>*13. The commander or forward observer (FO) defends against an enemy assault.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Called for and engaged the attacking force with indirect fire according to the company SOP.</li> <li>Requested FPF from the supporting indirect-fire units as the enemy neared the final protective line (FPL).</li> </ol> <p>*14. The commander defends against an enemy assault.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Initiated direct-fire engagement of the attacking force according to the unit SOP.</li> <li>Executed the obstacle plan according to the battalion OPORD or FRAGO.</li> <li>Increased the intensity of defensive fires as the enemy elements closed to within range of additional weapons.</li> </ol> <p>15. The company consolidates and reorganizes during lulls in the fighting.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Executed platoon consolidation and reorganization.</li> <li>Treated and evacuated casualties.</li> <li>Transmitted the status report, and requested replacement personnel.</li> <li>Requested resupply.</li> <li>Replaced damaged barriers and obstacles.</li> <li>Restored communication.</li> <li>Repositioned the OPs that were withdrawn during the engagement.</li> <li>Resumed security and patrolling activities.</li> </ol> <p>16. The company continues to defend.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Forced the enemy to withdraw.</li> <li>Disengaged by order of higher headquarters (HQ).</li> <li>Ordered the reposition of platoons to alternate or supplementary positions as needed.</li> </ol>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-0510	Direct Survivability Construction
05-2-0518	Control Construction of Survivability Positions
05-2-1380	Identify Terrain Information Requirements
05-3-0115.05-R01A	Emplace a Hasty Protective Row Minefield
05-3-0116	Remove a Hasty Protective Row Minefield
05-3-0230	Construct a Protective Obstacle

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-3-0303	Construct Wire Obstacles
05-3-0904.05-R01A	Establish Jobsite Security
05-4-0110.05-R01A	Mark a Minefield
05-6-0094	Plan Engineer Survivability Operations
19-1-2001	Coordinate Area Security Operations
19-1-2203	Direct Site Security Operations
19-3-2204.05-T01A	Employ Physical Security Measures
71-2-0332.05-T01A	Maintain Operations Security (OPSEC)

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**



**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** React to Unexploded Ordnance (UXO) (09-2-0337.05-T01A)  
 (FM 21-16)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** During combat operations, the unit encounters a UXO hazard. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element reacts to the UXO hazard while continuing the mission, without loss of personnel or equipment. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
1. The element recognizes the UXO hazard. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the UXO by type.</li> <li>b. Identified the UXO by subgroup.</li> <li>c. Observed all safety precautions.</li> </ul> * 2. The element leader takes immediate action for the UXO hazard. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Evacuated the area as appropriate.</li> <li>b. Determined the appropriate action.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Avoided the UXO hazard.</li> <li>(2) Instituted protective measures.</li> </ul> </li> </ul> * 3. The element leader designates the element to mark the area. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Chose leaders to mark the area.</li> <li>b. Briefed leaders on the area to be marked.</li> </ul> * 4. The element marks the UXO hazard. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Marked all the logical approach routes.</li> <li>b. Ensured that the UXO was visible from all markers.</li> </ul> * 5. The element reports the UXO hazard. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Initiated the UXO spot report.</li> <li>b. Determined the priority based on the current situation.</li> <li>c. Forwarded the report to the next higher headquarters (HQ) by the fastest means available.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

#### **SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section  
 S-1  
 S-2 and S-3  
 S-4

**TASK:** Employ Physical Security Measures (19-3-2204.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-19.30) (FM 3-19.4)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** An opposing forces (OPFOR) squad-size patrol attempts reconnaissance or intrusion into the command post (CP) perimeter. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element maintains 24-hour security in its assigned sector and is not surprised by the OPFOR.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader prepares a physical security plan.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Controlled the entry of vehicles into the CP.</li> <li>b. Developed procedures for selecting and manning perimeter positions.</li> <li>c. Developed procedures for detecting and reporting OPFOR intrusion or observation of the CP perimeter.</li> <li>d. Controlled access to the element defensive areas.</li> <li>e. Established communications links between observation posts (OPs) and the reaction force.</li> <li>f. Developed procedures for initial response to ground attacks.</li> </ul> <p>2. The element operates a guard force.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Established communications with the guard commander.</li> <li>b. Stopped unauthorized entry into restricted areas.</li> <li>c. Conducted random exterior patrols to find and neutralize OPFOR intruders before they breached the CP perimeter.</li> </ul> <p>3. The element reacts to an OPFOR ground attack.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assumed preplanned positions.</li> <li>b. Denied intrusion into the CP perimeter.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Use Passive Air Defense Measures (44-1-C220.05-T01A)  
 (FM 44-100) (FM 44-64) (FM 44-8)  
 (FM 44-80)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is in a tactical position. Hostile aerial platforms (rotary-wing, fixed-wing, or unmanned aerial vehicles [UAVs]) have been operating in the general area. The element weapon control status (WCS) is weapons hold. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The opposing forces (OPFOR) element aerial platforms (rotary-wing, fixed-wing, and UAVs) do not detect the unit. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader uses passive air defense measures in a tactical position.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used all available resources (camouflage, cover, concealment, and dispersion) to hide personnel and equipment to limit vulnerability.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: The unit achieves air situational awareness (SA) by monitoring with simplified handheld terminal units (SHTUs).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Covered or shaded any shiny items, particularly windshields and optics.</li> <li>c. Established and rehearsed the air attack alarms.</li> <li>d. Dispersed vehicles, tents, and supplies to reduce vulnerability to an air attack.</li> <li>e. Constructed field fortifications with organic equipment as necessary to protect personnel and vulnerable mission-essential equipment.</li> <li>f. Manned observation posts (OPs), daytime or nighttime, to provide warning of approaching aerial platforms.</li> <li>g. Established a listening watch on the air defense early warning net, if the equipment was available and operational.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. The element leader uses passive air defense measures in a convoy.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that all personnel received the convoy commander's briefing.</li> <li>b. Camouflaged vehicles and equipment before moving out.</li> <li>c. Selected a column interval based on instructions, the mission, and the terrain.</li> <li>d. Placed crew-served weapons throughout the convoy to cover the avenues of approach (front, rear, and flank).</li> <li>e. Assigned soldiers to air guard duties with specific search sectors covering 360°.</li> <li>f. Identified threat aerial platforms visually.</li> <li>g. Reported all aircraft actions to the higher headquarters (HQ).</li> <li>h. Established and rehearsed the air attack alarms.</li> </ul> <p>3. Element personnel use passive air defense measures when occupying or displacing a position.</p>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
a. Maintained the vehicle interval specified in the movement order. b. Staggered vehicles to avoid linear patterns. c. Assigned air guards to the sectors of search that covered 360°, and maintained the coverage until the convoy completed the movement. d. Identified threat aerial platforms visually. e. Reported all aircraft actions to higher HQ. f. Established the vehicle order of precedence.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company  
 Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Section  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section  
 S-1  
 S-2 and S-3  
 S-4

**TASK:** Perform Risk Management Procedures (71-2-0326.05-T01A)  
 (AR 385-10) (FM 3-0) (FM 7-0)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is deployed, performing its combat mission. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Leaders and soldiers are aware of potential safety problems when conducting the task. The element trains to standard and does not take shortcuts that endanger element members. All risks taken are necessary to accomplish the training objectives. Appropriate measures are taken to minimize risks. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The commander identifies the risk or safety hazards.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Analyzed the operation plan (OPLAN), the fragmentary order (FRAGO), and the operation order (OPORD) for specified and implied missions (tasks).</li> <li>b. Integrated safety into every phase of the planning process.</li> <li>c. Assessed the risks before issuing a FRAGO when the mission or conditions changed.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 2. Leaders evaluate the risk or safety hazards identified in the operation.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Compared the risk to the acceptable level of risk in the commander's intent, based on the stated training objective.</li> <li>b. Determined the likelihood of equipment and personnel losses from accidents.</li> <li>c. Described the operation in terms of high, medium, or low risk.</li> <li>d. Prepared courses of action (COAs) that minimized accidental losses.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 3. The commander (or leaders) eliminates or reduces the risk or safety hazards.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Chose a COA that maximized the operation and minimized the risk.</li> <li>b. Developed procedures that reduced the risk or safety hazards.</li> <li>c. Prescribed the safety or protective equipment.</li> <li>d. Briefed the elements before all operations.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. The element carries out safety procedures.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Received safety briefings before all operations.</li> <li>b. Practiced the safety procedures during all mission rehearsals.</li> <li>c. Made on-spot safety corrections.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<b>NOTES:</b> 1. Safety is a part of realism, and realism includes building safety into the training so that safe practices, which eliminate accidents, become second nature during war (refer to Field Manual [FM] 7-0). 2. FM 3-0 emphasizes the need for boldness and that commanders must take "risks and tenaciously press soldiers and systems" as an imperative of the battle. However, such an imperative is founded on the premise that protecting the force to the maximum extent possible ensures winning the battle. Risk is an expression of possible loss over a specific period of time or number of operational cycles as defined by the Center for Army Safety.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**



**ELEMENTS:** S-1

Headquarters Detachment

**TASK:** Conduct Administrative Operations (05-2-1007)

(FM 12-6)

(DA FORM 1155)

(DA FORM 1156)

(DA FORM 2166-8)

(DA FORM 2166-8-1)

(DA FORM 67-9)

(FM 21-10)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The company is operating in a tactical environment with replacement personnel arriving. The company headquarters (HQ) has all assigned personnel; equipment; and required forms, manuals, and standing operating procedures (SOPs). Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The company integrates the replacement personnel. The company prepares and submits personnel reports and actions while sustaining operations and providing for the discipline, health, welfare, and morale of all assigned personnel. Digital units send and receive reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The company commander integrates replacement personnel and assigns them to subordinate elements within the company.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Oriented replacement personnel before their assignment.                   <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Identified the unit mission and the current situation.</li> <li>(2) Explained the chain-of-command procedures.</li> <li>(3) Explained the warning system, safety, and security procedures.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Assigned replacement personnel on a priority basis.</li> </ul> </li> <li>2. Company personnel prepare the personnel daily summary (PDS).               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Consolidated the subordinate element data.</li> <li>b. Prepared the PDS.</li> <li>c. Submitted the PDS to the battalion personnel and administration center (PAC).</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Company personnel process Department of the Army (DA) Forms 1155 and 1156.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Posted and maintained the unit casualty record.</li> <li>b. Posted and maintained DA Form 1156.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 4. Company leaders in the chain of command review and verify the completed DA Forms 1155, and submit the reports to the battalion PAC.</li> <li>* 5. Company leaders initiate actions to request awards or promotions.</li> <li>* 6. Company leaders coordinate individual requests for administrative actions requiring approval from higher HQ.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Adhered to the local battalion PAC policies.</li> <li>b.elayed all duty statuses and other actions to the battalion PAC for processing.</li> <li>c. Coordinated all finance actions through the battalion PAC and the finance office.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
<p>d. Approved or disapproved personal administrative actions (pass, leave, and emergency leave).</p> <p>* 7. Company leaders initiate judicial and nonjudicial punishment actions.</p> <p>a. Drafted a summary of the incident or violation.</p> <p>b. Obtained and assembled investigation reports and witness statements.</p> <p>c. Reviewed the incident or violation to determine the best course of action (COA).</p> <p>d. Administered nonjudicial punishment.</p> <p>* 8. Company leaders monitor personal hygiene and field sanitation procedures.</p> <p>a. Ensured that the means were available for obtaining assistance (according to the SOP).</p> <p>b. Coordinated with higher HQ for morale and personnel support.</p> <p>* 9. The company commander initiates DA Form 67-9.</p> <p>*10. The platoon leader/sergeant initiates DA Forms 2166-8 and 2166-8-1.</p> <p>a. Drafted work sheets for the noncommissioned officer (NCO) checklist/record and the noncommissioned officer evaluation report (NCOER).</p> <p>b. Forwarded the draft work sheets to the battalion PAC.</p> <p>c. Maintained the appropriate privacy measures during all stages of the process.</p> <p>*11. Company leaders coordinate the medical and dental treatment of all assigned personnel (for nonbattle injuries).</p> <p>a. Ensured that the procedures for medical and dental assistance were coordinated with higher HQ.</p> <p>b. Adhered to the medical or dental evaluation of the medical or dental authority.</p> <p>*12. Company leaders coordinate for chaplain assistance.</p> <p>a. Coordinated the presentation of religious services.</p> <p>b. Advised personnel on how to obtain chaplain assistance.</p> <p>*13. Company leaders coordinate for Red Cross assistance.</p> <p>a. Advised personnel on how to obtain Red Cross assistance.</p> <p>b. Recommended personnel for Red Cross assistance.</p>		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

ARTEP 5-617-35-MTP

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Headquarters Detachment  
Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Perform Battle-Damage Assessment and Repair (BDAR) (05-3-1041)  
(FM 4-30.3) (TM 9-2350-276-BD)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The equipment is in a tactical environment where standard maintenance procedures are impractical. The commander authorizes the use of BDAR procedures. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The team or crew restores the equipment to minimum functional combat capability within the limitations imposed by time; damage; and available parts, tools, and materials. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The element performs an initial damage assessment.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined the extent of the damage and the effect on vehicle operations.                   <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Examined the failure of the system.</li> <li>(2) Inspected the major systems that were visibly damaged, impaired, or inoperative.</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Rechecked the system by different element members, if time and conditions permitted.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 2. The element leader radios the higher element leader with an initial out-of-action report.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reported damage assessment.                   <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Determined that the damage to the vehicle caused it to be out-of-action or impaired.</li> <li>(2) Specified the location of the vehicle.</li> <li>(3) Reported the firepower status, if applicable.</li> <li>(4) Reported the mobility status.</li> <li>(5) Reported the manning status.</li> <li>(6) Identified the current and anticipated enemy action.</li> </ol> </li> <li>b. Used the nearest friendly radio to report, if the element radio was inoperable or if the vehicle was not equipped with communications equipment.</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The element moves the vehicle.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Moved the impaired vehicle to a concealed position.</li> <li>b. Used another vehicle to push or pull immobile vehicles to a concealed position.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. The element conducts a safety check.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Stationed one element member with a fire extinguisher outside the vehicle before the safety check.</li> <li>b. Checked for combustible fluid leaks.</li> <li>c. Checked the wiring for arcing to avoid igniting combustibles.</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. The element conducts functional or operational tests.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Tested the systems to ensure that they were functional.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
b. Reported damaged and inoperative systems.  * 6. The element leader reports damage assessment to the element leader. a. Identified the known causes of the immobility of the vehicle. b. Specified what functions the element could restore and the estimated repair time. c. Reported the new location of the vehicle, if it had been moved.  * 7. The element leader coordinates for repair. a. Radioed the rear-area maintenance element to report the needed repairs and the location of the damaged vehicle. b. Advised the MT of the needed repair parts or special tools.  8. The vehicle element conducts battle-damage repairs. a. Performed field-expedient repairs to restore vehicle mobility. b. Performed the repairs based on the available skills, materials, and tools.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
Eight Prime Power Sections

**TASK:** Perform Power Plant and Distribution Equipment Shipment (05-3-5733)  
(FM 5-422) (DA FORM 2258) (FM 5-34)  
(TM 5-6115-456-15) (TM 5-6120-250-12) (TM 5-682)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element must move the power plant and distribution equipment from a station to a designated port of debarkation or site of operation. Specific model generator set, auxiliary support equipment, and distribution system equipment is specified. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element coordinates transportation, moving, and/or shipping requirements. It prepares, moves, and/or ships the power plant and distribution system equipment to arrive at the port of debarkation or site of operation consistent with the mission plans.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader coordinates the external support required for moving equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Coordinated transportation requirements.</li> <li>b. Coordinated requirements for materials handling equipment.</li> <li>c. Coordinated requirements for the fabrication of packing and crating containers.</li> </ul> <p>2. The element assesses the operational condition of the power plant and distribution equipment to be shipped.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined if any uncorrected faults existed that could cause an equipment deadline.</li> <li>b. Determined serviceability of auxiliary support systems and equipment.</li> <li>c. Ensured that the equipment uncorrected fault record was updated.</li> </ul> <p>3. The element inventories the equipment and materials to be shipped.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inventoried the major end items of equipment.</li> <li>b. Inventoried the power plant and distribution system installation.</li> <li>c. Inventoried start-up supplies and materials.</li> <li>d. Ensured that the prescribed load list (PLL) was inventoried.</li> <li>e. Ensured that special items and materials, as specified in the mission directive, were accounted for and/or inventoried.</li> <li>f. Ensured that special tools for installing and preparing for a specific model generator set and/or items of distribution equipment for operation were inventoried.</li> </ul> <p>4. The element obtains materials and tools used in shipping.</p> <p>5. The element performs a work project hazard assessment.</p> <p>* 6. The element leader performs a work project safety briefing.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Reviewed the requirements for wearing proper individual safety equipment and clothing.</li> <li>b. Reviewed the requirements for using the vehicle and materials handling equipment ground guide.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>c. Reviewed the requirements for using correct hand signals to communicate boom, hook, or fork control movements of materials handling equipment.</li> <li>d. Reviewed the requirements for individual safe conduct on the job.</li> <li>e. Reviewed the requirements for safe use and handling of flammable, combustible, and hazardous materials.</li> <li>f. Reviewed the requirements and procedures for safe handling of pest and rodent control (quarantine) materials.</li> <li>g. Reviewed the requirements for safe clearance and caution procedures.</li> <li>h. Reviewed job-hazard, assessment-driven safety and environmental concerns.</li> </ul> <p>7. The element prepares equipment and materials for shipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that appropriate Department of the Army (DA) forms were prepared.</li> <li>b. Ensured that mechanical, electrical, and instrumentation equipment was processed according to approved procedures.</li> <li>c. Ensured that components and materials were packed and crated according to approved procedures.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Recommended crating methods should be used and information tags should be prepared.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>d. Ensured that equipment for quarantine was prepared as directed by the shipping instructions.</li> <li>e. Prepared and used a generator set internal load plan.</li> <li>f. Ensured that the PLL and/or the additional authorization list (AAL) was packed.</li> <li>g. Ensured that equipment overpack items were packed.</li> </ul> <p>8. The element develops the loading plan and directs the loading of auxiliary components, materials, and supplies into individual generator sets.</p> <p>9. The element inspects shipping labels for proper preparation and correct addresses.</p> <p>10. The element directs the loading of power plant and distribution equipment on the transport vehicle.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that the equipment loading plan was used.</li> <li>b. Inspected the rigging equipment before use.</li> <li>c. Verified the materials handling equipment lifting capacity and general operation condition.</li> <li>d. Inspected the rigging and loading of equipment on the transport vehicle.</li> </ul> <p>11. Element members rig and load equipment.</p> <p>12. The element coordinates a deployment method either by air, rail, or sea.</p> <p>13. The element coordinates deployment by line hauling.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Coordinated and/or conducted a road reconnaissance.</li> <li>b. Briefed transport operator(s) on critical road information.</li> <li>c. Briefed transport operator(s) on point-of-destination and point-of-contact at destination.</li> </ul> <p>*14. The element leader disseminates information on completion of shipping of equipment according to the mission directive.</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**



**ELEMENTS:** Headquarters Detachment  
Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Treat Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel) (08-2-0003.05-T01A)  
(FM 4-25.11) (FM 8-285)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The unit has sustained casualties. The unit has no organic medical treatment personnel. Threat force contact has been broken. Soldiers have been wounded and may have chemical contamination or nonbattle injuries. Some unit members have been assigned the additional duty of combat lifesaver. Unit personnel are performing first aid (self-aid/buddy aid), and combat lifesavers are providing enhanced first aid until medical treatment personnel arrive. This task is performed simultaneously with other reorganization tasks. The higher headquarters (HQ) tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) and operation order (OPORD) are available. Simplified collective-protection equipment (SCPE) is on hand and/or field expedient and natural shelters are available.

**NOTE:** This task should not be trained in mission-oriented protection posture (MOPP) 4 except when treating nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) casualties. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Unit personnel provide first aid for casualties according to Field Manual (FM) 21-11, FM 8-285, and combat lifesaver certification standards. At MOPP4, performance degradation factors increase the time required to provide treatment and limit the type of treatment provided. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander and leaders supervise the first aid of casualties.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Developed a treatment plan.</li> <li>b. Monitored the treatment for compliance with FM 21-11 and ensured that all casualties were treated.</li> <li>c. Directed the employment of combat lifesavers to treat casualties.</li> <li>d. Monitored battlefield stress reduction and prevention procedures.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: See Task 08-2-R303.05-T01A for detailed procedures.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>e. Reported casualties, as required.</li> <li>f. Coordinated replenishment of Class VIII supplies with the higher HQ logistic element according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>g. Directed distribution of Class VIII supplies and equipment according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>h. Enforced quality control (QC) procedures for Class VIII items issued to unit elements.</li> </ul> <p>2. Unit personnel survey casualties.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Checked for responsiveness.</li> <li>b. Checked for breathing.</li> <li>c. Checked for bleeding.</li> <li>d. Checked for shock.</li> <li>e. Checked for fractures, to include cervical-spine and back fractures.</li> <li>f. Checked for burns.</li> <li>g. Checked for head injuries.</li> </ul> <p>3. Unit personnel administer lifesaving first aid.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Cleared all objects from the throat of the casualty.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Used the jaw thrust method to open the airway, if a cervical-spine injury was suspected.</li> <li>c. Performed mouth-to-mouth resuscitation according to cardiovascular pulmonary resuscitation (CPR) procedures to restore the casualty's breathing.</li> </ul> <p>4. Unit personnel control a hemorrhage.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Applied dressings and bandages.</li> <li>b. Applied manual-direct pressure to the wound.</li> <li>c. Elevated extremities.</li> <li>d. Applied a pressure dressing to the wound.</li> <li>e. Applied a tourniquet as a last resort.</li> </ul> <p>5. Unit personnel dress wounds.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Applied occlusive dressings to open chest wounds, if possible.</li> <li>b. Applied dressings to open abdominal wounds.</li> <li>c. Applied dressings to open head wounds.</li> </ul> <p>6. Unit personnel splint suspected fractures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used available materials to splint injuries.</li> <li>b. Splinted fractures in the position found.</li> <li>c. Restricted the movement of extremities.</li> <li>d. Checked circulation for impairment.</li> </ul> <p>7. Unit personnel provide first aid to casualties with burns.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Extinguished thermal-burn agents.</li> <li>b. Removed chemical-burn agents.</li> <li>c. Eliminated electrical-burn sources.</li> <li>d. Uncovered the burn unless it was stuck to clothing or a chemical environment existed.</li> <li>e. Applied a field dressing, if appropriate.</li> </ul> <p>8. Unit personnel provide first aid for environmental injuries.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Administered first aid for heat injuries.</li> <li>b. Administered first aid for cold-weather injuries.</li> </ul> <p>9. Unit personnel provide first aid for chemical casualties.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Took immediate protective steps according to FM 8-285 to protect self and warn others.</li> <li>b. Protected casualties from further contamination.</li> <li>c. Administered nerve-agent antidotes according to FM 8-285.</li> <li>d. Administered convulsant antidote for nerve agents (CANA), if required.</li> <li>e. Decontaminated casualties according to FM 8-285, if necessary.</li> </ul> <p>10. Unit personnel prevent shock.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Positioned casualties in the correct antishock position according to FM 21-11.</li> <li>b. Loosened clothing and equipment.</li> <li>c. Prevented casualties from chilling or overheating.</li> <li>d. Calmed casualties by reassuring them.</li> </ul> <p>11. Unit combat lifesavers perform enhanced first aid.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Evaluated casualties for their condition and the type of treatment needed.</li> <li>b. Measured casualties' vital signs.</li> <li>c. Inserted an oropharyngeal airway in unconscious casualties.</li> <li>d. Applied splints to fractured limbs.</li> <li>e. Administered first aid to chemical-agent casualties.</li> </ul>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
f. Initiated intravenous infusions for hypovolemic shock. g. Identified environmental injuries. h. Treated environmental injuries. i. Managed battle fatigue (BF) casualties.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### **SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

#### **SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
08-2-R303.05-T01A	Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures

#### **OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Transport Casualties (for Units Without Medical Treatment Personnel) (08-2-C316.05-T01A)  
 (FM 8-10-6) (AR 200-1) (AR 385-10)  
 (FM 12-6) (FM 3-21.38)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Unit personnel are wounded and some may be chemically contaminated. The unit has no organic medical-treatment personnel. Threat force contact has been broken. Unit defenses have been reorganized. Casualties are transported from defensive positions to designated casualty collection points. All methods of transport are employed. Some wounded enemy prisoner of war (EPW) casualties may require transport. This task is performed simultaneously with other reorganization tasks. The tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) and higher headquarters (HQ) operation order (OPORD) are available. Simplified collective-protection equipment (SCPE) is on hand and/or field-expedient and natural shelters are available. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Casualties are transported as soon as the tactical situation permits according to the TACSOP, the OPORD, the provisions of the Geneva Convention, and Field Manual (FM) 8-10-6. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander and leaders supervise the transport of casualties.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Monitored casualty transport operations for compliance with FM 8-10-6 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Identified casualty collection points.</li> <li>c. Identified transport requirements.</li> <li>d. Supervised the preparation of casualties for transport.</li> <li>e. Coordinated the transport of casualties from the unit area with the higher HQ personnel element according to FM 8-10-6 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>f. Coordinated security requirements for the pickup site with subelements and the higher HQ operations element.</li> <li>g. Disseminated transport information to unit personnel.</li> <li>h. Forwarded the casualty feeder report and witness statements to the higher HQ personnel element according to FM 12-6 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul> <p>2. Element personnel prepare casualties for transport.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided first aid treatment to casualties.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: See Task 08-2-0003.05-T01A for detailed treatment procedures.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>b. Reported casualties.</li> <li>c. Collected classified documents, such as signal operation instructions (SOI), standing signal instructions (SSI), maps, overlays, and key lists.</li> <li>d. Secured the custody of organizational equipment according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Forwarded casualty feeder reports to the unit HQ according to the TACSOP.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>3. Element personnel transport casualties to casualty collection points using manual carries.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Selected the type of manual carry appropriate to the situation and the injury.</li> <li>b. Transported the casualty without causing further injury according to FM 8-10-6.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Unit personnel transport casualties to casualty collection points using litter carries.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the litter teams.</li> <li>b. Constructed an improvised litter from available material, as required.</li> <li>c. Secured the casualty on the litter.</li> <li>d. Transported the casualty without causing further injury according to FM 8-10-6.</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Element personnel transport casualties to a medical-treatment facility (MTF) using available vehicles.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Loaded the maximum number of casualties according to FM 8-10-6.</li> <li>b. Secured casualties in the vehicle.</li> <li>c. Transported casualties without causing further injury according to FM 8-10-6.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 6. The commander and leaders request an aeromedical evacuation.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Transmitted the request according to FM 8-10-6, the OPORD, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Selected the landing site (which provides sufficient space for helicopter hover, landing, and take-off) according to FMs 8-10-6 and 3-21.38.</li> <li>c. Supervised the removal of all dangerous objects likely to be blown about before aircraft arrival.</li> <li>d. Supervised the security of the landing site according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Ensured that the landing zone (LZ) was appropriately marked (light sets, smoke, and so forth) according to the TACSOP, if required.</li> </ol> </li> <li>7. Element personnel assist in loading the ambulance.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Employed the proper carrying and loading techniques according to FM 8-10-6.</li> <li>b. Loaded casualties in the sequence directed by the crew.</li> <li>c. Loaded casualties without causing unnecessary discomfort.</li> <li>d. Employed safety procedures according to Army Regulation (AR) 385-10, FM 8-10-6, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Employed environmental-protection procedures according to AR 200-1 and the TACSOP.</li> </ol> </li> <li>8. Element personnel transport chemically contaminated casualties.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Assumed MOPP4.</li> <li>b. Marked contaminated casualties according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>c. Notified the supporting MTF that contaminated casualties were en route to their location.</li> <li>d. Transported casualties directly to a designated decontamination and treatment station.</li> <li>e. Protected casualties from further contamination during transport.</li> </ol> </li> <li>9. Unit personnel transport EPW casualties.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained security of EPW casualties according to the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Searched EPW casualties for weapons and ordnance before transport.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
c. Transported EPW casualties according to the provisions of the Geneva Convention and the TACSOP.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment

**TASK:** Conduct Battlefield Stress Reduction and Stress Prevention Procedures (08-2-R303.05-T01A)

(FM 8-51)

(FM 22-51)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Combat health support (CHS) operations have commenced. Element personnel are deployed in support of higher headquarters (HQ) operations. The sleep plan and the tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) to manage battle fatigue (BF) soldiers have been developed. Personnel have been cross-trained on critical tasks. Operations are continuous over a prolonged period, causing stressful situations for personnel. The commander has directed that procedures for managing battlefield stress be implemented. Simplified collective-protective equipment (SCPE) is on hand or field-expedient and natural shelters are available.

**NOTE:** Due to the technical knowledge and skills required to perform some military occupational specialty (MOS) specific tasks, caution must be exercised when cross-training personnel. For instance, nonmedical personnel cannot be cross-trained to perform MOS specific medical tasks. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element applies techniques that counter battlefield stress. At mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4, performance degradation factors increase the need for stress prevention implementation. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The commander and leaders perform stress prevention actions.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Issued warning orders, operation orders (OPORDs), and fragmentary orders (FRAGOs) to the lowest possible level.</li> <li>b. Provided soldiers with an accurate assessment of the friendly and enemy situation.</li> <li>c. Briefed the leaders' intention to all unit personnel.</li> <li>d. Spoke positively concerning the unit missions, purpose, and abilities.</li> <li>e. Encouraged a positive attitude throughout the unit.</li> <li>f. Instituted an information dissemination plan designed to quell and prevent rumors.</li> <li>g. Informed personnel of the availability of religious support.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 2. The commander and leaders implement the sleep plan.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Provided a safe and secure area away from vehicles and other high-noise activities.</li> <li>b. Adjusted the sleep plan as dictated by the tactical situation.</li> <li>c. Enforced the sleep plan according to the TACSOP.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 3. Leaders implement task rotation or restructuring procedures.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Alternated cross-trained unit personnel on critical tasks, as required.</li> <li>b. Rotated unit personnel between demanding and nondemanding tasks.</li> <li>c. Assigned two soldiers to function independently on tasks requiring a high degree of accuracy.</li> <li>d. Adjusted task rotation policies and procedures to the tactical situation.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 4. Leaders implement stress coping and management techniques.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Integrated new unit members into the unit immediately.</li> <li>b. Assisted soldiers in resolving home front problems.</li> <li>c. Implemented a buddy system to observe signs of stress or BF among soldiers and leaders.</li> <li>d. Provided instruction on relaxation techniques to all personnel before deployment.</li> <li>e. Conducted after-action debriefings.</li> <li>f. Scheduled a critical-event debriefing after any traumatic event according to Field Manual (FM) 22-51.</li> <li>g. Conducted unit award, decoration, recognition, and memorial ceremonies.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The commander and leaders implement stress control techniques.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Implemented a plan to deal with mild, seriously stressed, or BF cases.</li> <li>b. Assigned soldiers showing signs of severe stress or BF to simple tasks.</li> <li>c. Directed personnel to be supportive of stressed or BF soldiers.</li> <li>d. Referred soldiers showing signs of serious stress or BF to the supporting medical-treatment facility (MTF) for evaluation.</li> <li>e. Reintegrated return-to-duty (RTD) soldiers into their specific element.</li> </ul> <p>6. Element personnel employ stress prevention measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained a positive attitude concerning the unit mission, purpose, and abilities.</li> <li>b. Complied with the commander's sleep plan.</li> <li>c. Identified other soldiers with signs of stress or BF.</li> <li>d. Provided immediate buddy aid support.</li> <li>e. Reported signs of stress or BF in other soldiers to their immediate supervisor.</li> <li>f. Accepted new unit members immediately.</li> <li>g. Practiced relaxation techniques at appropriate times and places.</li> <li>h. Participated in buddy systems and after-action debriefings.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
05-2-7008	Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon)



ARTEP 5-617-35-MTP

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment

**TASK:** Perform Field Sanitation Functions (08-2-R315.05-T01A)  
 (FM 21-10) (AR 200-1) (AR 385-10)  
 (AR 40-5) (FM 4-25.12)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** Health hazards exist that require field sanitation measures. The element is in the field without permanent sanitation or water facilities. The commander has selected and trained the unit field sanitation team (FST). The combat health support (CHS) plan, the tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP), and the higher headquarters (HQ) operation order (OPORD) are available. All required sanitation equipment is available. Field sanitation measures are continuous and are performed simultaneously with other operational tasks. Simplified collective-protection equipment (SCPE) is on hand and field-expedient and natural shelters are available. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The FST performs field sanitation measures according to the TACSOP, Field Manuals (FMs) 21-10 and 4-25.12, and the commander's guidance. At mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4, only minimum-essential field sanitation activities are performed. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The commander directs field sanitation measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Directed field sanitation activities to counter a medical threat.</li> <li>b. Monitored field sanitation activities for compliance with FMs 21-10 and 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>c. Enforced individual field sanitation measures.</li> <li>d. Requested assistance from the supporting preventive medicine (PVNTMED) element for sanitation problems that were beyond the expertise of the unit FST according to the TACSOP and the OPORD.</li> <li>e. Corrected field sanitation deficiencies.</li> <li>f. Reported field sanitation deficiencies that could not be corrected by unit personnel to the FST.</li> <li>g. Enforced safety procedures according to Army Regulation (AR) 385-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>h. Enforced environmental-protection procedures according to AR 200-1 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul> <p>2. The FST supervises the unit field sanitation measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained the field sanitation basic load according to AR 40-5 and FM 4-25.12.</li> <li>b. Supervised the distribution of field sanitation basic-load items according to AR 40-5 and FM 4-25.12.</li> <li>c. Tested the unit water supply for the required chlorine residual level according to FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>d. Inspected water containers and trailers according to FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>e. Monitored personnel to ensure that they used personal protective measures (skin, clothing, and bed net repellent) against arthropods and rodents according to applicable directives and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>f. Conducted rodent surveys, as required.</li> <li>g. Monitored personnel for the employment of correct hygiene measures.</li> <li>h. Monitored waste facilities and procedures for compliance with AR 40-5, FM 4-25.12, and the TACSOP, as required.</li> <li>i. Inspected latrines and urinals according to FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>j. Inspected liquid and solid waste-disposal facilities to ensure their compliance with AR 40-5, FM 4-25.12, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>k. Inspected hand-washing devices according to FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>l. Inspected the transport, storage, preparation, and service of food for compliance with FM 4-25.12 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>m. Provided advice, recommendations, and training requirements to the commander.</li> <li>n. Enforced safety procedures according to AR 385-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>o. Enforced environmental-protection procedures according to AR 200-1 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul> <p>3. Unit personnel employ field sanitation measures.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Maintained the prescribed load of water purification materials according to AR 40-5, FM 21-10, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Prepared nonpotable water for personal use according to FM 21-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>c. Consumed only water designated as potable.</li> <li>d. Maintained latrines and hand-washing facilities according to FM 21-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>e. Employed preventive measures against cold and heat injuries.</li> <li>f. Employed personal-hygiene measures.</li> <li>g. Employed preventive measures against arthropod and rodent infestation, to include using skin, clothing, and bed net repellent.</li> <li>h. Reported field sanitation deficiencies to the FST.</li> <li>i. Employed safety procedures according to AR 385-10 and the TACSOP.</li> <li>j. Employed environmental-protection procedures according to AR 200-1 and the TACSOP.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Perform Unit Graves Registration (GRREG) Operations (10-2-0318.05-T01A)  
 (FM 10-64) (FM 3-4) (FM 3-5)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element has sustained fatalities. The tactical situation permits GRREG operations to be performed. Some remains may be contaminated. The tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) is available. There are no GRREG personnel available; nonmortuary affairs personnel perform the task. The theater commander has authorized emergency burials.

**NOTE:** Only those tasks deemed mission-essential by the commander are performed in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element either recovers the killed in action (KIA) and evacuates them to a designated mortuary-affair collection point or performs an emergency burial. Personal possessions are not lost. Locations of the emergency graves are recorded and reported to higher headquarters (HQ). These activities are curtailed in MOPP4. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The element commander designates a search-and-recovery team.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Selected a team leader.</li> <li>b. Issued guidance.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 2. The search-and-recovery team leader prepares for the search.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed a map or aerial reconnaissance of the search area.</li> <li>b. Identified additional support requirements.</li> <li>c. Requested additional support requirements from higher HQ.</li> <li>d. Identified the search pattern to be used.</li> <li>e. Coordinated nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) and explosive ordnance disposal (EOD) assistance with higher HQ.</li> <li>f. Coordinated area security with higher HQ.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 3. The search-and-recovery team leader supervises the search-and-recovery and the evacuation operations.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Briefed the search-and-recovery team on operational procedures.</li> <li>b. Issued personal effects bags, human remains pouches (if available), and NBC agent tags.</li> <li>c. Assigned the search area.</li> <li>d. Monitored the search-and-recovery team operations for compliance with the TACSOP and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>e. Coordinated evacuation operations with higher HQ.</li> <li>f. Forwarded the situation report (SITREP) to higher HQ according to the TACSOP.</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. The search-and-recovery team conducts the search.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Checked the area immediately for mines or booby traps.</li> <li>b. Searched the assigned areas for remains and personal effects.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>c. Marked the terrain location of the remains with pegs.</li> <li>d. Collected all disassociated personal effects.</li> <li>e. Recorded the 8-digit grid coordinates of the recovery site.</li> </ul> <p>5. The search-and-recovery team recovers remains.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Established tentative identification.</li> <li>b. Attached the NBC tag or a tag marked with a large C to the contaminated and contagious remains.</li> <li>c. Attached personal effects to the remains.</li> <li>d. Shrouded the remains with available materials.</li> <li>e. Prepared a sketch of the recovery site.</li> <li>f. Prepared a map overlay of the recovery site.</li> </ul> <p>6. The search-and-recovery team evacuates remains.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Verified that personal effects were attached to the remains.</li> <li>b. Loaded the remains in ground transportation, feet first and in aircraft, headfirst.</li> <li>c. Transported the remains in a covered vehicle or aircraft to a designated mortuary-affair collection point.</li> </ul> <p>* 7. The search-and-recovery team leader supervises emergency burials.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the specific burial site.</li> <li>b. Supervised the marking of the grave site.</li> <li>c. Supervised the burying of all recovered remains and their personal effects.</li> </ul> <p>8. The search-and-recovery team performs emergency burials.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Prepared the grave site.</li> <li>b. Placed the remains in the grave.</li> <li>c. Marked all grave sites.</li> <li>d. Buried the United States, allied, and enemy forces remains with their personal effects in separate grave sites.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Headquarters Detachment

**TASK:** Provide Company Supply Support (10-2-0320.05-T01A)  
 (DA PAM 710-2-1) (AR 710-2) (FM 3-4)  
 (FM 3-5)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element headquarters (HQ) is receiving requests for supplies from subordinate elements. The equipment and supplies are arriving through supply channels, but additional supplies may be required. Extra small arms and ammunition are stored in the supply area. The unit tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) and the battalion operation order (OPORD) are available. The supply area has been established and supply support is a continuous task that is performed simultaneously with other support and operational tasks. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The equipment and supplies are distributed without interfering with mission requirements as established by the TACSOP and the OPORD. At mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4, unit supply support is reduced to the minimum-essential actions. Digital units send and receive reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means according to unit TACSOP. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in MOPP4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The element commander directs unit supply operations.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected the supply records and status to ensure compliance with supply regulations, directives, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Directed inventories of supplies and equipment to calculate assets on hand.</li> <li>c. Inspected unit equipment, weapons, and ammunition storage areas for compliance with supply regulations, directives, and the TACSOP.</li> <li>d. Directed the issue of supplies and equipment according to battalion guidance and the TACSOP or both sustainment controls.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 2. The supply sergeant supervises unit supply operations.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected the supply status to determine total assets.</li> <li>b. Conducted inventories to calculate assets on hand.</li> <li>c. Developed the supply storage plans.</li> <li>d. Monitored supply transactions to ensure compliance with established supply procedures.</li> <li>e. Supervised the control of weapons and ammunition.</li> <li>f. Prepared input to the materiel condition status reports (MCSR).</li> </ul> </li> <li>3. Supply personnel request additional supplies.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Coordinated requirements with the elements.</li> <li>b. Calculated resupply requirements.</li> <li>c. Recorded requests on the appropriate document register.</li> <li>d. Forwarded resupply requests to the Supply Officer (US Army) (S4).</li> </ul> </li> <li>4. Supply personnel receive supplies.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Inspected incoming supplies for quantity and condition.</li> <li>b. Recorded receipt of supplies on the appropriate document register.</li> <li>c. Stored supplies according to storage plans.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
d. Notified the requesting element of the availability of supplies for issue.  5. Supply personnel issue supplies. a. Processed supply requests according to the appropriate regulations, directives, and the TACSOP. b. Prepared transaction documents according to the appropriate regulations, directives, and the TACSOP. c. Issued supplies as prescribed in the commander's guidance. d. Maintained the prescribed copies of the transactions according to the appropriate regulations and directives.  6. Supply personnel maintain small arms and ammunition. a. Controlled stored weapons and ammunition according to the appropriate regulations and command policies. b. Requested ammunition resupply from the S4. c. Performed unit-level maintenance on small arms. d. Forwarded weapons beyond organizational-repair capabilities to the support maintenance elements.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**



**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Handle Enemy Prisoners of War (EPWs) (19-3-3106.05-T01A)  
 (FM 3-19.40) (AR 190-8) (DD FORM 2745)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The enemy soldiers surrendered or were captured. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The capturing element takes charge of and evacuates the EPWs according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP) and the search, silence, segregate, speed, safeguard, and tag (5 Ss and T) method. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
1. The element searches the EPWs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Removed weapons and documents that had intelligence value.</li> <li>b. Returned the personal items of no military intelligence value, such as protective clothing and equipment.</li> <li>c. Furnished receipts to the prisoners for their personal property that was taken.</li> </ul>		
2. The element segregates the EPWs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Segregated the EPWs by rank, sex, desertion status, civilian status, nationality, and ideology.</li> <li>b. Turned the wounded EPWs over to the medical personnel for evacuation through the medical channels.</li> </ul>		
3. The element silences the EPWs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Prevented the EPW leaders from giving orders.</li> <li>b. Prevented the EPWs from planning an escape.</li> <li>c. Did not talk in front of the EPWs except to issue orders and maintain discipline.</li> </ul>		
4. The element safeguards the EPWs. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Removed the EPWs from the dangers of the battlefield.</li> <li>b. Did not allow anyone to abuse the EPWs.</li> <li>c. Treated the EPWs humanely.</li> </ul>		
5. The element tags the EPWs with a Department of Defense (DD) Form 2745. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Annotated the date and time of the capture, the capturing unit, the grid coordinates of the capture, and the circumstances of the capture.</li> <li>b. Attached Part A to the EPWs.</li> <li>c. Retained Part B for the unit records.</li> <li>d. Attached Part C to the property.</li> </ul>		
6. The element speeds the EPWs to the rear. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Notified higher headquarters (HQ) that the company had EPWs.</li> </ul>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
b. Removed the EPWs rearward to the nearest military police (MP) collecting point.		
c. Exploited the intelligence information.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

#### **SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Conduct Unit Level Maintenance Operations (43-2-0001.05-T01A)  
 (FM 4-30.3) (AR 220-1) (AR 385-40)  
 (AR 700-138) (AR 750-1) (DA PAM 738-750)  
 (FM 9-43-2)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element maintenance personnel receive requests to repair inoperative organic equipment. The element maintenance area is established. The required tools, equipment, and personnel are available. Operators are performing preventive-maintenance checks and services (PMCS) on the equipment. Recovery operations with injured operators on board may be required. The element tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) is available. Element maintenance is a continuous task and is performed simultaneously with other internal support and operational tasks. Digital elements have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element vehicles and equipment are maintained according to the appropriate technical manuals (TMs) and the commander's guidance. Digital elements send and receive reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element commander directs the element maintenance program.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Supervised the implementation of the unit maintenance program to ensure compliance with the commander's guidance and the TACSOP.</li> <li>b. Identified the company operational levels by reviewing the vehicle and equipment status reports.</li> <li>c. Approved the use of controlled exchanges when the required repair parts were not available.</li> <li>d. Approved repairs using the battle damage assessment and repair (BDAR) procedures when the established repair procedures could not be used.</li> <li>e. Checked the materiel condition status report (MCSR) for accuracy and completeness.</li> <li>f. Identified current or anticipated maintenance problems to minimize their impact on element readiness.</li> <li>g. Coordinated the resolution of maintenance problems with the battalion maintenance officer (BMO).</li> <li>h. Forwarded the MCSR to the BMO.</li> <li>i. Conducted periodic inspections of personnel and equipment to ensure that the safety program was enforced.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. Section leaders supervise operator maintenance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Monitored PMCS performance for compliance with the appropriate TMs and the commander's guidance.</li> <li>b. Inspected personnel and equipment to ensure compliance with the safety program.</li> <li>c. Coordinated maintenance assistance with the motor sergeant.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>d. Monitored the supply of the repair parts for platoon equipment to ensure that the repair parts were on order.</li> <li>e. Requested approval for the BDAR through the motor sergeant.</li> <li>f. Maintained the maintenance status of vehicles, weapons, and equipment.</li> <li>g. Provided input for the MCSR to the commander.</li> </ul> <p>3. Company personnel perform operator maintenance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed PMCS according to the appropriate TMs.</li> <li>b. Notified the supervisor of any maintenance problems beyond the operator's capability.</li> <li>c. Requested approval for the BDAR through the platoon leader when the established repair procedures could not be used.</li> <li>d. Performed the BDAR according to the appropriate BDAR manual.</li> <li>e. Assisted the unit maintenance personnel with the repairs and services.</li> </ul> <p>* 4. The motor sergeant supervises the unit maintenance personnel.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Organized the element maintenance personnel to perform element maintenance activities.</li> <li>b. Supervised The Army Maintenance Management System (TAMMS) and the prescribed load list (PLL) procedures for completeness and accuracy.</li> <li>c. Supervised the repair and the inspection procedures to ensure that they were done safely and according to the appropriate references.</li> <li>d. Requested approval for the BDAR from the commander when the established repair procedures could not be used.</li> <li>e. Supervised the BDAR procedures to ensure that they were done according to the appropriate BDAR manuals.</li> <li>f. Requested approval for controlled exchanges from the commander when the required repair parts were not available.</li> <li>g. Supervised the use of controlled exchanges for compliance with the commander's guidance.</li> <li>h. Notified the platoon or section leaders upon completion of the repairs.</li> <li>i. Supervised the recovery operations to ensure that the correct recovery and safety procedures were used.</li> <li>j. Supervised the Army Oil Analysis Program (AOAP) procedures to ensure that the testing of oil samples was done at the required intervals.</li> <li>k. Coordinated the maintenance status with the platoon leader.</li> <li>l. Provided the unit maintenance status to the commander.</li> </ul> <p>5. Unit maintenance personnel repair organic equipment.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Diagnosed faults on the inoperative equipment.</li> <li>b. Requested the required repair parts from the PLL clerk.</li> <li>c. Repaired the equipment according to applicable TMs.</li> <li>d. Requested approval for the BDAR through the motor sergeant when the established repair parts were not available.</li> <li>e. Performed the BDAR according to the appropriate BDAR manual.</li> <li>f. Requested approval for controlled exchanges through the motor sergeant when the required repair parts were not available.</li> <li>g. Performed controlled exchanges.</li> <li>h. Performed a final inspection to ensure quality control of repairs.</li> <li>i. Employed safety procedures to minimize accidents.</li> </ul> <p>6. Unit maintenance personnel conduct transactions with support maintenance.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified the category of the repair as direct support or higher.</li> <li>b. Corrected unit level deficiencies.</li> <li>c. Prepared the required documentation for submission to support maintenance.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
d. Evacuated the equipment to support maintenance. e. Verified the completion of repairs. f. Picked up the equipment upon the completion of repairs.  7. Unit maintenance personnel perform administrative-support functions. a. Maintained the PLL. b. Requested repair parts for element equipment. c. Turned in unserviceable, repairable items. d. Maintained technical publications on all organic equipment.  8. Unit maintenance personnel recover disabled vehicles. a. Verified the location of the disabled vehicle. b. Identified the best route to the vehicle, given the tactical situation. c. Coordinated indirect-fire support along the route with the Intelligence Officer (US Army) (S2) and the Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3). d. Maintained security while en route to the recovery site. e. Established local security at the recovery site. f. Removed casualties from vehicles. g. Treated casualties. h. Requested medical assistance, if required. i. Evacuated casualties, if required. j. Performed a battle damage assessment to determine if repairs were required. k. Performed repairs and the BDAR on site, if possible. l. Recovered nonrepairable equipment back to the unit maintenance area according to the established recovery procedures. m. Requested the disposition of unrecoverable equipment from the commander. n. Conducted salvage operations to remove all usable equipment. o. Prepared vehicles for destruction according to the TACSOP.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Headquarters Detachment  
Command Section  
S-2 and S-3

**TASK:** Report Engineer Information (05-1-0026)  
(FM 5-100) (FM 5-170) (FM 5-34)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The engineer element is providing support to a maneuver task force (TF) in a contemporary operating environment. The battalion tactical operations center (TOC) is operational and in a secure area. The TOC is transferring engineer information to other elements (higher headquarters [HQ] and adjacent and subordinate units). Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** Higher HQ and adjacent and subordinate elements have continuous, accurate, and timely engineer information that will have an impact on their operations. The digital elements are sending and receiving reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. All reports sent via digital means must also be followed up with the appropriate Department of the Army (DA) forms according to the element tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) and standardization agreement (STANAG). The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>1. The battalion TOC Intelligence Officer (US Army) (S2) or Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) receives engineer information.</p> <p><b>NOTE: The digital elements maintain a message log using the Army Battle Command System (ABCS) that is available according to the elements TACSOP.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Logged information in a message log.</li> <li>b. Requested clarification of information received from the submitting element.</li> <li>c. Maintained a file copy of all hard copy reports.</li> </ul> <p>2. The S2 or S3 analyzes the information received and disseminates it to the appropriate action element within the battalion TOC.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Disseminated personnel and administration information to the Adjutant (US Army) (S1).</li> <li>b. Disseminated intelligence and weather information to the S2.</li> <li>c. Disseminated operations and maneuver information to the S3.</li> <li>d. Disseminated logistics and maintenance information to the Supply Officer (US Army) (S4).</li> <li>e. Disseminated command-related information (guidance, tactical decisions, and critical resources) to the commanding officer (CO) or executive officer (XO) of the command group.</li> <li>f. Disseminated information to the action elements using the reporting procedures on the Maneuver Control System (MCS) according to the battalion standing operating procedure (SOP).</li> <li>g. Disseminated information copies to the other elements, as required.</li> </ul> <p>3. The action element(s) analyzes information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined the content validity and filtered out noncritical information.</li> <li>b. Determined the importance of the information to the operation.</li> <li>c. Determined the required actions, coordination, and reports.</li> </ul> <p>4. The action element(s) acts on the information.</p>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Conducted required coordination with engineer and maneuver elements.</li> <li>b. Updated digital overlays, records, status boards, and logs on the Force XXI Battle Command Brigade and Below (FBCB2) System and the MCS.</li> <li>c. Determined the course of action (COA).</li> <li>d. Selected the COA.</li> <li>e. Obtained guidance or concurrence on the selected COA from relevant elements and the command group, when needed.</li> <li>f. Implemented the COA.</li> <li>g. Prepared the required reports according to the battalion SOP.</li> <li>h. Provided the S2 or S3 with an action summary and all the appropriate reports according to the battalion SOP.</li> </ul> <p>5. The S2 or S3 prepares and submits reports and engineer information.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Prepared the reports for transmission to subordinate elements and the battalion staff. Transmitted and submitted the reports according to the battalion SOP using the MCS.</li> <li>b. Prepared, transmitted, and submitted reports to higher HQ, the supported maneuver command, and the adjacent elements according to the higher HQ SOP using the MCS.</li> <li>c. Updated digital overlays, records, status boards, and logs on the MCS, as required.</li> <li>d. Submitted reports to the appropriate elements and HQ using the MCS.</li> <li>e. Logged the transmission and submission of the report.</li> <li>f. Updated the command group using the fastest means of communications, the MCS or mobile subscriber radiotelephone terminal (MSRT), as required.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
052-195-4065	Conduct Engineer Tactical Planning

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
05-1-0026	Report Engineer Information
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENT:** Company Headquarters

**TASK:** Develop and Implement an Area Damage Control (ADC) Plan (05-1-0029)  
(FM 5-100) (FM 5-104)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The battalion is located in the division corps rear area or communications zone (COMMZ). The higher headquarters (HQ) assigns ADC tasks to the battalion. The higher HQ establishes the mission requirements and priorities. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The ADC plan minimizes the effects of an enemy attack. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3), assisted by the communications electronics (CE) officer, establishes communications with the supported unit rear-operations command (either a rear-area operations center [RAOC], base cluster, or base).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Used normal signal channels (frequency modulated [FM], landline, or multichannel).</li> <li>b. Established a communication link to afford the capability for immediate communications at any time.</li> <li>c. Coordinated the engineer unit plans with the ADC requirements and periodically monitored the supported command element.</li> </ul> <p>* 2. The battalion commander and staff use information developed from the engineer estimate with ADC considerations.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Identified and prioritized potential ADC tasks.</li> <li>b. Determined the specialized engineer support required beyond the battalion capability.</li> <li>c. Determined preventive actions to take prior to an incident. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Stockpiled materials.</li> <li>(2) Located alternate routes.</li> <li>(3) Identified replacement facilities.</li> <li>(4) Identified other requirements as appropriate.</li> </ul> </li> <li>d. Identified host nation assets and other units required and/or available.</li> <li>e. Designated an engineer company to perform each ADC task, starting with the highest priority.</li> <li>f. Specified quality standards for the repair.</li> </ul> <p>3. The companies perform preventive tasks prior to an event occurring.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Performed an on-site reconnaissance.</li> <li>b. Developed repair and contingency plans.</li> <li>c. Established communication links with the supported element.</li> <li>d. Requested assets from higher echelons (if required) and coordinated for a linkup.</li> </ul> <p>4. The battalion staff, upon request, reviews unit, base, and base cluster ADC plans.</p>		



TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Command Section  
 S-2 and S-3

**TASK:** Plan/Control Augmentation Support (05-1-0721)  
 (FM 5-100)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element has been tasked with a mission that requires additional resources and augmentation support. Augmentation support is available. Digital elements have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The battalion staff determines the augmentation support necessary to accomplish the mission and submits a request and then begins the coordination for logistical support that provides for unhindered mission execution by the attached element. Digital elements perform collaborative planning; send requests, reports, and orders; and perform Digital Topographic Support System (DTSS) functions, using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p><b>NOTE: Digital elements perform collaborative planning, make requests, and send or receive reports using digital systems.</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The battalion staff performs mission analysis and determines resource requirements and availability during the estimate process.           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Determined resources required in time to accomplish the mission.</li> <li>Determined the availability of organic resources.</li> <li>Included requirements for rations, maintenance, fuel, and lubricants to support augmentation element(s), to include shortfalls, such as equipment maintenance.</li> </ol> </li> <li>The Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3) submit a request for augmentation support.           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Requested augmentation support from higher headquarters (HQ) if not supporting a maneuver element.</li> <li>Requested augmentation support from higher HQ and the maneuver commander when supporting a maneuver unit.</li> <li>Submitted the request immediately after the estimate process was complete.</li> <li>Included the following information in the request:               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Type of relationship (command or support).</li> <li>Amount and type of personnel and equipment needed.</li> <li>Length of time needed to accomplish the mission.</li> <li>Mission of the battalion.</li> <li>Mission of the augmentation support element.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> <li>The battalion staff modifies the estimate process based on the actual augmentation support received.           <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Prioritized the effort for the supporting element.</li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
b. Effected the coordination for logistical support based on the command or support relationship, such as food, fuel, and maintenance.  4. The S3 coordinates the liaison of the augmentation element with the engineer company(s). <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Determined the time, place, and attendance requirements for issuing the battalion operation order (OPORD) if not already issued.</li> <li>b. Determined the time and place for the liaison between the augmentation element and the engineer company.</li> </ul> 5. The battalion staff monitors the attached elements. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Received personnel strength, maintenance status, mission status, and updates as required.</li> <li>b. Shifted assets as necessary.</li> <li>c. Inspected the quality of workmanship.</li> <li>d. Visited the element to maintain high morale.</li> </ul> 6. The augmented unit staff terminates augmentation support. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Accounted for equipment and personnel.</li> <li>b. Reported mission accomplishment to higher and receiving HQ.</li> </ul> <b>Note: Reports are sent via FM or digital means according to the standing operating procedure (SOP) of the element.</b>		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### **SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

#### **SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-1-0008	Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD)

#### **OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Prepare an Operation Order (OPORD) (Company/Platoon) (05-2-7008)  
 (FM 5-71-2) (FM 5-34)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The company is performing tactical operations in a contemporary operating environment. The company receives a new mission that requires the preparation of an OPORD. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. The unit is linked to the task force (TF) tactical operations center (TOC). Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The OPORD follows the intent of the commander, is understandable, and contains all of the information necessary to accomplish the mission. Digital units send and receive orders and reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader writes an OPORD following the five-paragraph format.  <b>NOTE: Digital units write and disseminate the OPORD using the Army Battle Command System (ABCS), perform collaborative planning, and submit orders/requests and reports according to the unit tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP).</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Ensured that the situation paragraph contained information about the enemy forces, friendly forces, attachments, and detachments.</li> <li>b. Stated the mission clearly. Included who, what, when, where, and why.</li> <li>c. Ensured that the execution paragraph included the intent of the commander, the subordinate unit instructions, and coordinating instructions.</li> </ul> <p><b>NOTE: Address any environmental considerations in the coordinating instructions. Include specific measures to minimize environmental damage.</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>d. Ensured that the service support paragraph contained combat service support (CSS) and unit support instructions. If the paragraph was too long, used an annex. Otherwise, used the following paragraph sample format:             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(1) Material and services.</li> <li>(2) Medical.</li> <li>(3) Personnel.</li> <li>(4) Civil military.</li> <li>(5) As necessary.</li> </ul> </li> <li>e. Ensured that the command and signal paragraphs specified the command post (CP) locations for supporting the units and gave the instructions for coordinating and establishing communications by different means (digital and FM).</li> </ul> <p>* 2. The element leader ensures that the necessary information is included and briefed to the subordinate elements.</p> <p>* 3. The element leader ensures that the order is disseminated or briefed in time to satisfy the one-third/two-third rule (allowing subordinates two-thirds of the available time).</p>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
05-1-1389	Identify Geospatial Support Requirements
05-1-1391	Request a Standard Geospatial Product
05-1-1393	Request Nonstandard Geospatial Products
05-2-1380	Identify Terrain Information Requirements
05-4-1372	Disseminate Terrain Information Product
05-4-1376	Perform a Geospatial Collection Effort
05-6-0088	Coordinate Geospatial Operations

#### OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
 Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Headquarters Detachment  
 Heavy Maintenance Section  
 Command Section  
 S-2 and S-3

**TASK:** Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures (05-3-1018)

(FM 5-10)  
 (FM 5-422)

(FM 101-5)  
 (FM 5-71-2)

(FM 3-90.1)  
 (FM 7-7)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** In a contemporary operating environment, the element receives a mission from a warning order (WO), a fragmentary order (FRAGO), or an operation order (OPORD) to perform operations. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The unit leader gives a WO, conducts a leader's reconnaissance, issues an OPORD, and supervises the preparation for the assigned mission within the allotted time. Digital units have the ability to perform a map reconnaissance using the Digital Topographic Support System (DTSS). The Army Battle Command System (ABCS) can be used to submit reports and orders to update the common operational picture (COP) and the situational awareness (SA). The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The element leader receives the mission in a WO, a FRAGO, or an OPORD from its higher headquarters (HQ). He determines the mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations (METT-TC); the needed supplies and equipment; and special tasks to assign.</p> <p><b>NOTE: Digital units send and receive orders using the ABCS or FM means according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP).</b></p> <p>* 2. The element leader issues a WO to subordinate leaders.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Stated the mission (nature of the operation).</li> <li>Identified the task organization.</li> <li>Stated the time of the operation.</li> <li>Provided any special instructions, such as drills to be rehearsed, precombat checks (PCCs), and precombat inspections (PCIs).</li> <li>Stated the element timeline.</li> </ol> <p>* 3. The element leader develops a tentative plan while the element prepares for the mission.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Developed the plan based on METT-TC factors.</li> <li>Planned the available time using the reverse-planning process.</li> <li>Used no more than one-third of the available time, leaving the remainder for subordinate element preparation.</li> <li>Ensured that subordinate leaders began the PCCs and reconfigured the equipment based on the mission, to include checking rations, water, weapons, ammunition, individual uniforms and equipment, mission-essential equipment, and the individual soldier's knowledge of the mission.</li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>4. The element continues assembly area activities and security.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Maintained equipment and weapons.</li> <li>Performed personal hygiene.</li> <li>Resupplied equipment and materials, to include small arms ammunition, demolitions, mines, and refueling of vehicles.</li> <li>Rehearsed battle and crew drills.</li> <li>Performed weapon test firing.</li> <li>Ate.</li> <li>Rested.</li> <li>Maintained security.</li> </ol> <p>* 5. The element leader initiates movement before completing the plan.  <b>NOTE: Subordinate leaders move the element in the absence of the element leader. This task step may be omitted, occur in a different sequence, or be done concurrently with another task step.</b></p> <p>* 6. The element leader performs a reconnaissance.  <b>NOTE: Digital units request intelligence information by requesting All-Source Analysis System (ASAS) information and DTSS products from higher HQ.</b></p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Performed a map reconnaissance, as a minimum, along with subordinate leaders when practical.</li> <li>Performed a ground reconnaissance (usually as part of a larger force).               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Included as many subordinate leaders as practical.</li> <li>Identified the critical areas of the mission.</li> <li>Moved as far forward as the time and situation permitted.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> <p>* 7. The element leader completes the plan.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Made changes to the tentative plan based on the map or ground reconnaissance.</li> <li>Made changes to the tentative plan based on available equipment, personnel, and material.</li> <li>Made changes to the tentative plan based on the intelligence gained by reconnaissance assets.</li> </ol> <p>* 8. The element leader verbally issues the completed order, in a FRAGO or OPORD format, to subordinate and attached leaders. The order contained the following information and could be given to the entire element at the same time.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SITUATION.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Enemy forces.</li> <li>Friendly forces.</li> <li>Attachments and detachments.</li> </ol> </li> <li>MISSION.</li> <li>EXECUTION.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Concept of the operation.                   <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scheme of maneuver.</li> <li>Fires.</li> <li>Reconnaissance and surveillance.</li> <li>Intelligence.</li> <li>Engineer support.</li> <li>Air defense.</li> <li>Information operations.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Subunit tasks.</li> <li>Coordinating instructions. At a minimum, the element leader must address the—                   <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Time or condition when the plan or order becomes effective.</li> </ol> </li> </ol> </li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>(b) Commander's critical-information requirements (CCIR).</p> <p>(c) Risk reduction control measures.</p> <p><b>NOTE: The element leader determines the risk reduction control measures by using the five steps of the risk management process, referring to Field Manual (FM) 101-5 for additional information.</b></p> <p>(d) Rules of engagement.</p> <p>(e) Environmental considerations.</p> <p>(f) Force protection.</p> <p>d. SERVICE SUPPORT.</p> <p>(1) Support concept.</p> <p>(2) Materials and services.</p> <p>(3) Medical evacuation and hospitalization.</p> <p>(4) Personnel.</p> <p>(5) Civil military.</p> <p>e. COMMAND AND SIGNAL.</p> <p>(1) Command.</p> <p>(a) The location of the element leadership, support element leadership, and command posts for the operation.</p> <p>(b) Succession of command. (If not stated in the element SOP or tactical standing operating procedure [TACSOP]).</p> <p>(2) Signal.</p> <p>(a) Signal operation instructions (SOI) in effect.</p> <p>(b) Radio communication restrictions.</p> <p>(c) Visual and pyrotechnic signals.</p> <p>(d) Code words and reports specific to the operation.</p> <p>(e) Communications security (COMSEC) guidelines and procedures.</p> <p>* 9. Subordinate leaders complete the PCCs, and element leaders perform the PCIs.</p> <p><b>NOTE: Subordinate leaders can perform the PCCs on receipt of a WO or FRAGO. The element should have mission-specific PCC/PCI checklists in the unit TACSOP.</b></p> <p>a. Checked and inventoried equipment, ensured that the items were serviceable and that the element had the items specified in the unit SOP and the items required for specific mission.</p> <p>b. Ensured that adequate resupply of ammunition, food, water, repair parts, fuel, medical supplies, obstacle material, demolitions, and mines were available.</p> <p>c. Performed a communications check.</p> <p>d. Ensured that personnel, equipment, and carriers were camouflaged and that weapons were test fired.</p> <p>e. Ensured that personnel understood their task and purpose and that of the element headquarters.</p> <p>f. Inspected personnel, vehicles, weapons, and equipment just before starting the mission.</p> <p>*10. Leaders perform at least one type of rehearsal.</p>		



TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

#### **SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-3-0904.05-R01A	Establish Jobsite Security

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Four Prime Power Platoon Headquarters  
 Eight Prime Power Sections  
 Command Section  
 S-2 and S-3  
 Headquarters Detachment

**TASK:** Provide Liaison (05-4-1379)  
 (FM 5-100) (FM 34-2) (FM 5-100-15)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element has been requested by higher headquarters (HQ) to determine the support requirements. The element performs liaison with lower, lateral, and higher echelons. This task should not be trained in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The element plans operations and advises the supported commander on the availability, development, and use of the element services.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
* 1. The element leader establishes analog, digital, or satellite communications with the supported unit and higher HQ. * 2. The element leader interfaces directly with division staffs, corps staffs, theater Army staffs, and (on occasion) Department of Defense (DOD) civilian agencies. <b>NOTE: From a division standpoint, coordination between the liaison officer (LNO) and the assistant division engineer (ADE) is necessary for support provided by all nondivisional engineer elements.</b> * 3. The element leader determines the requirements and advises the supported commander on the use of supporting elements and capabilities. 4. The element provides the mission-specific requirements. * 5. The element leader conducts liaison with staff elements and support elements to ensure that the mission requirements are understood and met. 6. The element submits reports and requests through the supported agency through the LNO.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5		TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS**

<b>Task Number</b>	<b>Task Title</b>
05-2-1218	Conduct Report Procedures
11-5-0101.05-T01A	Install, Operate, and Maintain a Single-Channel Voice Radio Station (AM)

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Headquarters Detachment  
Heavy Maintenance Section

**TASK:** Establish and Operate a Single-Channel Voice Radio Net (11-3-0214.05-T01A)  
(FM 24-18) (FM 24-1) (FM 24-19)  
(FM 24-33)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is tactically deployed and must establish the communications network. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. The operators have been briefed and issued extracts from the signal operation instructions (SOI), the signal supplemental instructions (SSI), the numerical cipher, the authenticated system, the operations codes, and the brevity lists. Situational hazards exist, such as nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC) conditions; opposing forces (OPFOR); electronic warfare (EW); and directional-finding ability. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The operators establish and enter a radio net no later than the time prescribed in the operation order (OPORD) or the operation plan (OPLAN). Digital units send and receive reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The net is not compromised. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Radio operators install a radio set for operation.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Secured radios in the mount.</li> <li>b. Connected audio accessories.</li> <li>c. Installed antennas.</li> <li>d. Performed before-operation, preventive-maintenance checks and services (PMCS).</li> <li>e. Performed radio operational checks.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. Radio operators make initial entry into the nets.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Obtained appropriate call signs, suffixes, and frequencies from the SOI or SSI.</li> <li>b. Entered a radio net.</li> <li>c. Authenticated when challenged by the net control station (NCS).</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. Radio operators recognize frequency interference.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Recognized jamming or interference.</li> <li>b. Determined if the interference was internal or external.</li> <li>c. Determined if the interference was intentional or unintentional.</li> </ol> </li> <li>4. Radio operators initiate prescribed electronic counter-countermeasures (ECCM).               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Continued to operate.</li> <li>b. Increased the transmit power.</li> <li>c. Tuned the receiver for max signal.</li> <li>d. Relocated the antenna.</li> <li>e. Requested a change of frequency.</li> <li>f. Reported suspected jamming to the immediate supervisor.</li> <li>g. Submitted meaconing, intrusion, jamming, and interference (MIJI) feeder reports.</li> </ol> </li> <li>5. Radio operators employ preventive ECCM and radio procedures.</li> </ol>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
a. Used communications security (COMSEC) equipment (secure), if available (transmission security [TSEC]/KY-38 or TSEC/KY-57). b. Loaded the appropriate key variables using KYK-13 or KOI-15. c. Operated only approved radiotelephone procedures as required by the SOI/SSI. d. Encrypted and decrypted grid coordinates using the SOI/SSI (not necessary in secure voice operation). e. Ensured that the length was not more than 20 seconds per transmission and that the number of transmissions was at a minimum. f. Operated on the lowest power setting required to communicate with desired stations. g. Employed the correct call signs and frequencies. h. Observed periods of radio-listening silence. i. Complied with net discipline.		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

#### SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE

#### SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS

Task Number	Task Title
05-4-1005	Perform Preventive-Maintenance Checks and Services (PMCS)

#### OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE

**ELEMENTS:** Headquarters Detachment  
 Command Section  
 S-1  
 S-2 and S-3  
 S-4

**TASK:** Participate in the Operation Order (OPORD) Process (12-1-0408.05-T01A)  
 (FM 101-5) (FM 3-0)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The element is engaging in combat operations and has received a mission from higher headquarters (HQ). The digital elements have performed functionality checks and systems are operational. The battalion commander has issued planning guidance. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The personnel estimate and annex of the OPORD are completed in the time outlined in the commander's guidance. The digital units send and receive reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means. The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<p>* 1. The Adjutant (US Army) (S1) section prepares the personnel estimate.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Obtained the commander's restated mission.</li> <li>b. Obtained intelligence information from the Intelligence Officer (US Army) (S2).</li> <li>c. Obtained tactical information from the commander or the Operations and Training Officer (US Army) (S3).</li> <li>d. Obtained logistical information from the Supply Officer (US Army) (S4).</li> <li>e. Prepared the troop preparedness situation.</li> <li>f. Analyzed and compared courses of action.</li> <li>g. Developed conclusions.</li> <li>h. Presented conclusions to the commander.</li> </ul> <p>2. The S1 section participates in the preparation process for the service support annex.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Verified the battalion task organization.</li> <li>b. Updated task force (TF) battle rosters and personnel strength (PS) charts to reflect the new task organization.</li> <li>c. Advised the commander and staff on TF PS.</li> <li>d. Developed estimates of injured, sick, and wounded rates.</li> <li>e. Coordinated the location of medical-support facilities and evacuation routes and procedures.</li> <li>f. Provided medical-support information to staff members in support of staff planning.</li> <li>g. Relayed tactical and operational information and command directives to medical-support units.</li> <li>h. Verified casualty data and strength information with the battalion aid station.</li> <li>i. Established requirements and procedures for strength accounting, replacements, and casualty reporting.</li> <li>j. Coordinated and designated temporary enemy prisoner of war (EPW) and civilian detainee collection points and outlined evacuation procedures.</li> </ul>		

<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
k. Prepared the personnel portion of paragraph 4 (service support) of the OPORD.		
l. Briefed the task organization and personnel portions of the OPORD.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
Headquarters Detachment

**TASK:** Maintain Company Strength (12-2-0321.05-T01A)  
(FM 12-6) (FM 101-5)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The company has resumed combat operations. Casualties have occurred and replacements are arriving. During operations, the unit may encounter separate or multiple air; Level I threat; nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC); and terrorist attacks. Casualty processing and replacement actions continue during lulls in combat operations. The task may occur in a field environment or during military operations on urbanized terrain (MOUT). A tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) is available. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The personnel situation report (SITREP), which accounts for all company personnel, is reported daily or as required. Digital units send and receive reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means to update the common operational picture (COP) and situational awareness (SA). The time required to perform this task is increased when performing it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. The headquarters (HQ) element collects strength information reports from subordinate sections.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Logged the SITREP and other personnel information.</li> <li>b. Verified strength data.</li> <li>c. Corrected erroneous and incomplete data.</li> </ol> </li> <li>2. The HQ element processes information.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Consolidated the personnel information of subordinate elements.</li> <li>b. Determined critical shortages and cross-leveling requirements.</li> <li>c. Updated the battle roster.</li> <li>d. Prepared a hasty personnel status report (PSR) and strength reports.</li> <li>e. Submitted PSR to higher HQ according to the unit standing operating procedure (SOP).</li> </ol> </li> <li>3. The HQ element processes replacements.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Briefed replacements on the mission, tactical situation, company policies and procedures, specific duties, and site or company orientation.</li> <li>b. Added soldiers' names to the battle roster.</li> <li>c. Inspected critical clothing and equipment for shortages.</li> <li>d. Coordinated the issue of needed items.</li> <li>e. Arranged the movement of replacements to the platoon of assignment.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 4. The first sergeant (1SG) disseminates strength information.               <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Briefed the commander on unit strength and replacement status.</li> <li>b. Forwarded the personnel SITREP or hasty strength reports, casualty feeder reports, and witness statements to the supporting Adjutant (US Army) (S1) section.</li> <li>c. Informed subordinate sections of projected replacements.</li> </ol> </li> <li>* 5. The company commander performs strength management functions.</li> </ol>		



<b>TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES</b>	<b>GO</b>	<b>NO-GO</b>
a. Directed cross leveling. b. Verified combat critical personnel requirements. c. Reviewed strength management reports. d. Spot-checked strength information processing. e. Briefed superiors on unit strength and replacement status.		

<b>TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK</b>							
<b>ITERATION</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>M</b>	<b>TOTAL</b>
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

**ELEMENTS:** Company Headquarters  
Headquarters Detachment

**TASK:** Maintain Troop Morale and Combat Capability (12-2-0338.05-T01A)  
(FM 22-51) (AR 27-1) (AR 600-15)  
(AR 608-99) (FM 21-20) (FM 6-22.5)

**ITERATION:** 1 2 3 4 5 M (Circle)

**COMMANDER/LEADER ASSESSMENT:** T P U (Circle)

**CONDITIONS:** The company is preparing to resume combat operations. During preparations, the unit may encounter separate or multiple air; Level 1 threat; nuclear, biological, and chemical (NBC); and terrorist attacks. Preparations occur during lulls in combat operations. Digital units have performed functionality checks, and systems are operational. The task may occur in a field environment or during military operations on urbanized terrain (MOUT). The tactical standing operating procedure (TACSOP) is available. Some iterations of this task should be performed in MOPP4.

**TASK STANDARDS:** The company follows and applies techniques to counter performance degradation and to enhance combat effectiveness. Digital units send and receive reports using frequency-modulated (FM) or digital means to maintain and inform subordinate units of the common operational picture (COP) and maintain situational awareness (SA). The time required to perform this task is increased when conducting it in mission-oriented protective posture (MOPP) 4.

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>* 1. The company commander executes actions to keep soldiers informed.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Issued warning orders, operation orders (OPORDs), and fragmentary orders (FRAGOs) to the lowest possible level.</li> <li>b. Provided soldiers with an accurate assessment of the friendly and enemy situations.</li> <li>c. Instructed the soldiers of the leaders' intentions.</li> <li>d. Spoke positively concerning unit mission, purpose, and abilities.</li> <li>e. Encouraged a positive attitude throughout the unit.</li> <li>f. Reduced and prevented rumors.</li> <li>g. Disseminated command information to include the availability of religious support.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 2. The company commander or first sergeant (1SG) implements the unit sleep plan.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Developed the unit sleep plan.</li> <li>b. Provided safe, secure areas away from vehicles and other activities for sleep.</li> <li>c. Provided an opportunity for the maximum number of soldiers to sleep or rest where possible.</li> <li>d. Specified and provided time for leaders to sleep or rest.</li> <li>e. Adjusted the plan to the tactical situation.</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 3. All leaders implement task rotation restructuring procedures.               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Cross-trained soldiers on critical tasks.</li> <li>b. Developed plans for the rotation of soldiers between demanding and nondemanding tasks.</li> <li>c. Assigned two soldiers to function independently on tasks requiring a high degree of accuracy, such as mathematical computations (duplicate efforts).</li> </ul> </li> <li>* 4. All leaders implement stress-coping and stress management techniques.</li> </ul>		

TASK STEPS AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES	GO	NO-GO
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Taught soldiers relaxation techniques before deployment.</li> <li>b. Ensured that the unit implemented a buddy system to observe signs of stress or battle fatigue among soldiers and leaders.</li> <li>c. Ensured that soldiers used relaxation techniques when needed.</li> <li>d. Facilitated the acceptance of newly arrived soldiers into the unit.</li> <li>e. Reintegrated returned-to-duty, stressed, or battle-fatigued soldiers into the unit.</li> </ul> <p>* 5. The company commander or 1SG implements stress treatment techniques.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Developed a plan to deal with mild and more serious stress or battle fatigue cases.</li> <li>b. Assigned soldiers, who showed signs of stress or battle fatigue, to perform simpler tasks.</li> <li>c. Ensured that soldiers were supportive in speech and behavior toward soldiers suffering from stress or battle fatigue.</li> <li>d. Moved stressed or battle-fatigued soldiers who did not show improvement after resting to unit trains, supporting units, or medical facilities.</li> <li>e. Referred soldiers who had serious signs of stress or battle fatigue and those who were not recuperating for medical care.</li> </ul> <p>* 6. The company command group provides morale, welfare, and recreation (MWR) support.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Implemented sports programs as the situation allowed.</li> <li>b. Provided hot rations.</li> <li>c. Coordinated postal support.</li> <li>d. Coordinated combat payments.</li> <li>e. Coordinated clothing exchange and bath support.</li> <li>f. Coordinated the issue and sale of soldier comfort, morale, and welfare items.</li> <li>g. Coordinated legal support.</li> <li>h. Advised higher headquarters on the unit MWR status.</li> </ul> <p>* 7. All leaders maintain soldiers' fitness.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Monitored soldiers' fitness.</li> <li>b. Conducted physical training (as the time and combat situation allowed).</li> <li>c. Implemented personal hygiene and field sanitation procedures.</li> <li>d. Corrected problem areas.</li> <li>e. Briefed the commander on the soldiers' fitness status.</li> </ul> <p>* 8. The company commander administers the Uniform Code of Military Justice (UCMJ).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Evaluated evidence and determined the appropriate disposition of reported violations of the UCMJ.</li> <li>b. Administered nonjudicial punishment.</li> <li>c. Forwarded charges for trial by court-martial.</li> </ul> <p>* 9. The company commander disposes of disciplinary infractions and misconduct by other-than-judicial or nonjudicial proceedings.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a. Counseled soldiers for indebtedness.</li> <li>b. Counseled soldiers for nonsupport of dependents.</li> <li>c. Initiated letters of reprimand or admonition.</li> <li>d. Initiated administrative separations.</li> </ul>		

TASK PERFORMANCE / EVALUATION SUMMARY BLOCK							
ITERATION	1	2	3	4	5	M	TOTAL
TOTAL TASK STEPS EVALUATED							
TOTAL TASK STEPS "GO"							
TRAINING STATUS "GO"/"NO-GO"							

"\*" indicates a leader task step.

**SUPPORTING INDIVIDUAL TASKS: NONE**

**SUPPORTING COLLECTIVE TASKS: NONE**

**OPFOR TASKS AND STANDARDS: NONE**

## CHAPTER 6

### External Evaluation

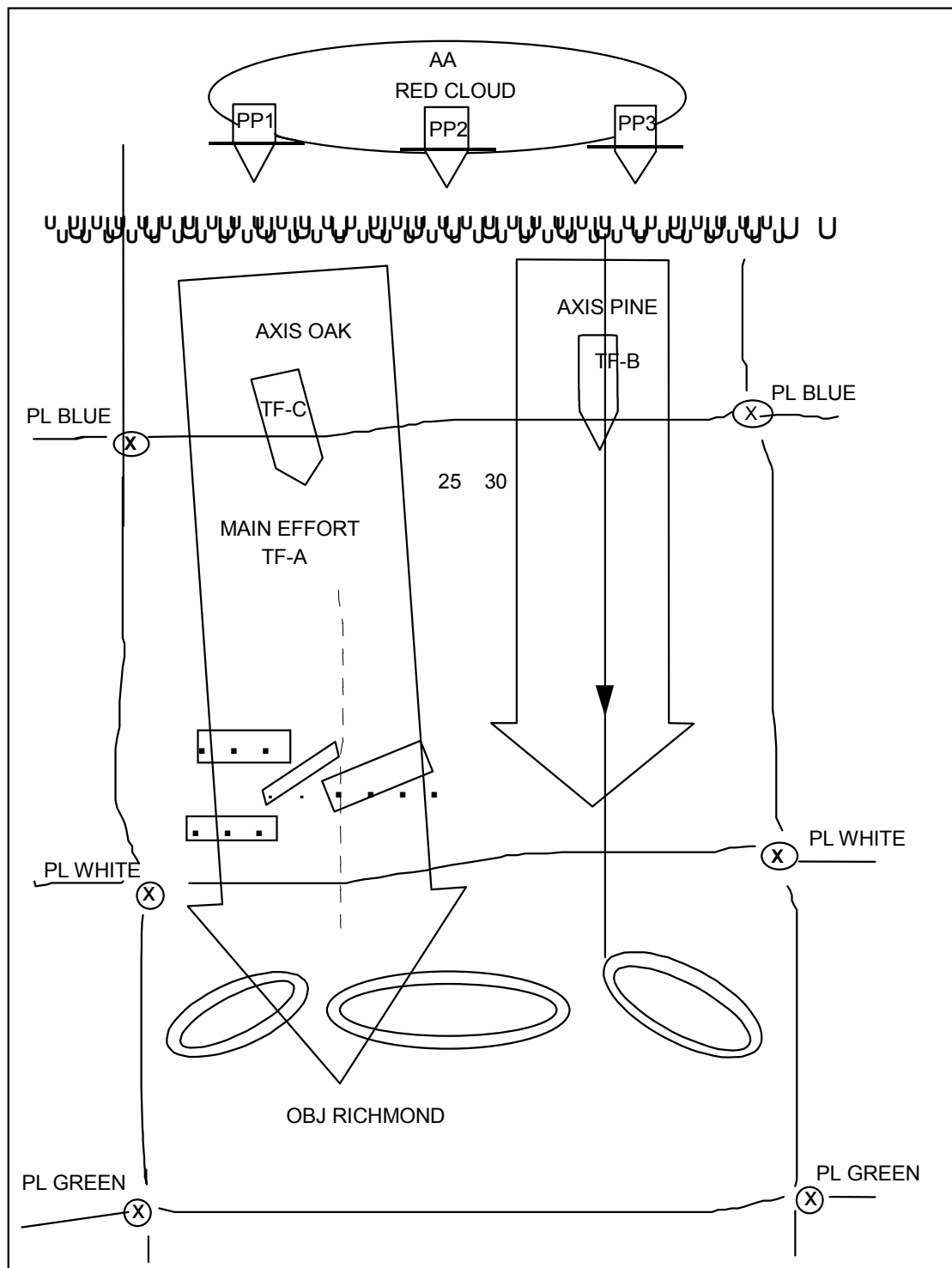
6-1. General. An external evaluation is used to assess the ability of the unit to perform its mission. Units may modify this evaluation based on the METT-TC and other considerations as deemed appropriate by the commander. Selected T&EOs from Chapter 5 that involve the total unit and employ a realistic OPFOR and the MILES are used for the evaluation. At the completion of the evaluation, the commander can identify the unit strengths and weaknesses. These strengths and weaknesses are the basis for future training and resource allocations.

6-2. Preparing the Evaluation. The commander must standardize evaluation procedures to accurately measure the unit capabilities. Table 6-1 is a sample evaluation scenario that contains the mission and the appropriate tasks necessary to develop the scenario and execute the evaluation. Figure 6-1 is a graphic representation of the scenario. Selective tailoring is required because it is not possible to evaluate every task. Procedures for developing the evaluation are discussed below.

**Table 6-1. Sample Evaluation Scenario**

Event	Action	Proposed Time Frame	Estimated Time Allotted
1	Conduct Preevaluation Operations	Before start time	
2	Conduct Troop-Leading Procedures		
3	Issue a Road March Order	Day 1 - 0200 hours	2 hours
4	Conduct a Tactical Road March	0400 hours	5 hours
5	Occupy an AA	0900 hours	3 hours
<b>Module 1</b>			
6	Receive a WO	1200 hours	2 hours
7	Support Combat Operations (Mobility)		
8	Conduct Unit Support Operations		
9	Perform Unit Maintenance Operations		
10	Conduct Administrative Operations		
11	Conduct Intelligence Operations		
<b>Module 2</b>			
12	Conduct Unit Support Operations	Day 2 - 1400 hours	
13	Receive a WO		
14	Support Combat Operations (Countermobility)		
15	Perform Unit Maintenance Operations		
16	Move to an AAR Site and Conduct an AAR		
17	ENDEX		

- a. Identify the missions for evaluating each element from Figure 2-2. Record the selected missions on DA Form 7506.
- b. List each mission on a separate DA Form 7502.
- c. Select the tasks for the evaluation of every mission. List the selected tasks on the task summary sheet, which is used for recording the results of the evaluation.



### Figure 6-1. Sample Graphic Illustration Scenario

- d. Compile the selected missions and tasks in the order that they logically occur in the detailed scenario (Table 6-1). Group the selected missions and tasks into parts for continuous operations. The parts can be interrupted at logical points to assess the MILES casualties and to conduct in-process AARs.

6-3. Resourcing and Planning. Adequate training ammunition, equipment, and supplies must be forecasted and requisitioned. Table 6-2 is a consolidated list of the support requirements for this evaluation. It is based on experience with the scenario in Table 6-1. The evaluating HQ must prepare its own consolidated support requirements.

**Table 6-2. Sample Consolidated Support Requirements**

CONSOLIDATED SUPPORT REQUIREMENTS FOR FTX 5-1-E0001			
Ammunition	DODIC	Estimated Basic Load	
5.56 mm	A080	150 rounds per rifle	
7.62 mm	A111	400 rounds per M60	
5.56 mm	A075	250 rounds per SAW	
Caliber .50	A598	250 rounds per M2	
ATWESS (AT-4)	L367	15 each per company (inert)	
Hand grenade, body, M69	G811	2 per man	
Hand grenade, fuse (practice)	G878	2 per man	
Simulators, projectile, ground burst	L598	50 per exercise	
Simulator, hand grenade, M116 series	L601	20 per squad (without live demolitions to simulate demolition) or 6 per squad	
Demolitions (See note below.)			
MICLIC		4 per company with 2 reloads	
Bangalore torpedo kit		1 per squad	
Charge, block TNT		50 per squad	
MDI M11, 12, 13, 14		15 each (total 60) per platoon	
MDI igniters		60 per platoon	
Time fuse		500 feet per platoon	
Satchel charge, M183		30 per platoon	
40-pound shape charge		12 per platoon	
Smoke grenades, white		60 per platoon	
Smoke pot, ground		10 per platoon	
Mines			
Other Items			
Batteries, BA 200 (6-volt)		50 each	
Batteries, BA 3090 (9-volt)		400 each	
Class IV			
Concertina wire			
Pickets			
Staples			
Barbed wire			
MILES Equipment	Company	Evaluators	OPFOR
APC	13		13/4
Caliber .50 system	15		13/4
M240 system	2		
M19 blank firing adapter	15		13/4
drM16 system	120		120/28
M60 machine gun system	13		13/2
Controller guns		8	
Small arms alignment fixture		2	
NOTE: Ammunition and demolitions are basic loads and should be restocked (according to use) during the exercise.			

6-4. Selecting and Training Observers/Controllers. A successful evaluation depends heavily on selecting O/Cs with the proper experience, training them to fulfill their responsibilities, and supervising them throughout the evaluation.

a. A six-person O/C team comprised of the following personnel is suggested for performing an external evaluation:

- (1) Senior O/C.
- (2) Staff O/C.
- (3) Operations O/C.
- (4) Administration O/C.
- (5) Logistics O/C.
- (6) NBC O/C.

b. The O/Cs must have a thorough knowledge of the unit mission, organization, equipment, and doctrine. They must understand the overall operation of the unit and how it is integrated into and supports force protection operations. Team members must have a working knowledge of the common individual and collective tasks in areas such as local-defense convoy procedures, communications, and NBC operations. One member of the team must have detailed expertise in NBC and local-defense, common-task areas. The O/Cs should be equal in grade to the soldier in charge of the element they are evaluating, and should have previous experience in the position being evaluated. All team members must be able to make objective evaluations, function effectively as a team member, and state their findings in reports and briefings.

c. O/C training focuses on providing O/Cs with a general understanding of the overall evaluation, providing each O/C with a detailed understanding of the specific duties and responsibilities, and building a spirit of teamwork. O/C training includes—

- (1) The overall evaluation design, general scenario, master events list, and the specific evaluation purposes and objectives.
- (2) The unit METL and its linkage to the T&EOs and other materials contained in this MTP.
- (3) The O/C team composition and general duties and responsibilities of each team member.
- (4) The detailed responsibilities of individual team members, with special emphasis on the master events list items that are their responsibility. These include—
  - (a) A review of written instructions and materials contained in the O/Cs folders.
  - (b) A detailed reconnaissance of the area used for the evaluation.
  - (c) The O/C communications and command and control (C2) systems.
  - (d) Safety procedures.
  - (e) Evaluation data collection OPLAN and procedures.
  - (f) AAR procedures and techniques.



(5) A talk-through of the entire evaluation. This includes war-gaming all items on the master events list in order of occurrence and reviewing each team member's responsibilities and anticipated problems.

d. The senior O/C supervises the operation of the team. He provides the team leadership, focuses his efforts on ensuring that the O/Cs fulfill their responsibilities and adhere to the evaluation plan, resolves problems, synchronizes the efforts of the team members, ensures close coordination among team members, holds periodic team coordination meetings, plans and orchestrates the unit AAR, and conducts specific evaluation team AARs.

6-5. Selecting and Training Opposing Forces. The OPFOR support for an external evaluation of the unit is limited to two squads of dismounted infantry and two to five individuals who serve as enemy agents. Although OPFOR support is only used for some tasks, proper training and employment of this force is important to ensure a proper assessment of the unit capabilities.

a. The OPFOR commander should be a company grade officer or a senior noncommissioned officer (NCO) who is well trained in OPFOR tactics and operations. In addition to the duties and responsibilities in leading various OPFOR elements, the OPFOR commander serves as a part-time member of the O/C team. In order to fulfill O/C responsibilities, the OPFOR commander must participate in O/C planning and training activities and must be present during AARs.

b. OPFOR elements are trained, organized, and equipped to operate in a manner that depicts threat forces as realistically as possible. The training includes—

- (1) Threat tactics and rules of engagement.
- (2) OPFOR missions and responsibilities.
- (3) OPFOR tasks and standards.
- (4) Threat weapons and equipment, if available.
- (5) C2.
- (6) Safety.

6-6. Conducting the Evaluation. The senior O/C has overall responsibility for conducting the evaluation. He orchestrates the overall evaluation and the support provided by various individuals and elements that are specially selected and trained to fulfill designated functions and responsibilities. O/Cs must be free to observe, report, and record the actions of the unit.

a. The HQ two echelons above the unit being evaluated should select and train the control element for the evaluation. It issues orders, receives reports, provides feeder information, and controls the OPFOR.

b. All exercise participants and supporting personnel must ensure that every facet of the evaluation is conducted in a safe manner. Personnel observing unsafe conditions must take prompt action to halt them and must advise their superiors of the situation.

6-7. Recording External Evaluation Information. The senior O/C is responsible for implementing the evaluation scoring system. Although the final evaluation is developed by the senior O/C, the full team participates in this process. Their reports reflect the overall ability of the combat engineer unit to accomplish its wartime missions.

a. The evaluation scoring system is based on an evaluation of the unit performance of each mission-essential task and any other collective task contained in the overall evaluation plan. Use the following four steps for the evaluation:

**Step 1.** Identify the MTP T&EOs that correspond to each of the evaluation plan tasks.

**Step 2.** Use T&EO standards to evaluate the unit performances of the tasks. Do this for each evaluation plan task.

**Step 3.** Record on the T&EO a GO for each performance measure performed to standard and a NO-GO for each performance measure not performed to standard.

**Step 4.** Record the overall unit capability to perform the task by using the GO/NO-GO information recorded on each T&EO. Use the following definitions as guidance in making this determination:

- **GO.** The unit successfully accomplished the task or performance measure to standard.
- **NO-GO.** The unit did not accomplish the task or performance measure to standard.

b. Use DA Forms 7503, 7504, and 7505 to collect the evaluation information. These reports assist the team in recording the information concerning the unit capability to perform its wartime mission according to the established standards. This information will assist the senior O/C to determine the final overall unit rating.

(1) DA Form 7503 is used to record information concerning weather and terrain conditions present during the evaluation period.

(2) DA Form 7504 is used to record information concerning the element personnel and equipment losses during OPFOR engagements.

(3) DA Form 7505 is used to record personnel and equipment status.

6-8. Preparing After-Action Reviews. AARs provide direct feedback to unit members by involving them in the diagnosis process and by enabling them to discover for themselves what happened during the evaluation. In this way, participants identify errors and seek solutions that increase the value of the training and reinforce learning.

a. The senior O/C is responsible for the AAR process. He coordinates the entire AAR program from the initial planning of the evaluation through the after-action phases.

b. Key steps in the AAR process are—

(1) **Planning.** Planning for AARs is started in the exercise preparation activities long before the start of the action evaluation. AARs are integrated into the general scenario at logical breakpoints and into the detailed evaluation scenario that is developed subsequently. Qualified O/Cs are selected and trained in the AAR process as part of O/C training. This phase also includes the identification of potential AAR sites and the requisition of equipment and supplies needed to conduct the AAR.

(2) **Preparation.** AAR preparation starts with the beginning of the actual evaluation. In addition to observing the unit performing its critical tasks, this phase includes the review of the training objectives, orders, and doctrine. Final AAR site selection is completed and times and attendance are established. AAR information is gathered from applicable O/Cs and unit personnel. The AAR is organized and rehearsed.

(3) Conduct. AARs are conducted at logical breakpoints in the exercise and at the end of the evaluation. When AAR participants have assembled, the AAR begins with the senior O/C introducing the session with a statement of the AAR purpose, the establishment of the AAR ground rules and procedures, and a restatement of the training and evaluation objectives. A successful AAR follows these guidelines:

- (a) AARs are not critiques, but are professional discussions of training events.
- (b) The senior O/C guides the discussion in a manner to ensure that participants openly discuss the lessons.
- (c) Dialogue is encouraged among O/Cs and unit personnel.
- (d) All individuals who participated in the evaluation should be present for the AAR. As a minimum, every unit or element that participates in the exercise is represented.
- (e) Participants discuss not only what happened, but also why it happened and how it could have been done better.
- (f) Participants review the sequence of events associated with hazards and the risk assessment made before the exercise. As a minimum, the review should address hazards that presented themselves (but were not identified) and each incident of fratricide or near fratricide and how it could be avoided in the future.
- (g) Events not directly related to major events are not examined.
- (h) Participants do not offer self-serving excuses for inappropriate actions.
- (i) The AAR end result is that soldiers and leaders, through discovery learning, gain a better understanding of their individual and collective strengths and weaknesses and become more proficient in training for and performing their critical tasks.

**NOTE: Reference materials for conducting an AAR are Training Circulars (TC) 25-6 and 25-20 and FM 25-101.**

## APPENDIX A - EXERCISE OPERATION ORDER

For use of the OPORD, refer to the exercise outlined in Chapter 4 and to Figure A-1.

<b>OPERATION ORDER</b> (classification) <b>FOR TRAINING PURPOSES ONLY</b>	
Operation Order _____ 20____	Copy ____ of ____ copies 25th Engineer Battalion
Task Organization:	
<p>1. SITUATION.</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">a. Enemy Forces. Contact with the enemy has been broken. The enemy has withdrawn deep to the rear. It is being reinforced with motorized rifle forces and is preparing to counterattack within 24 hours. The enemy is expected to use nonpersistent nerve agents. Enemy air is expected to be active in the area. The latest INTSUM indicates that the enemy may have a platoon-size combat outpost in the battalion sector. Enemy units occupying the combat outpost are half strength. Counterattacking forces are expected to be full strength.</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">b. Friendly Forces. 1st Brigade conducts a passage of lines to seize Objective Richmond. On order, 1st Brigade continues the attack forward of Phase Line (PL) Green.</p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">(1) Missions of units on left and right flanks, as required.</p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">(2) Supporting engineer unit missions, as required.</p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">(3) Supporting fires: 2nd Battalion, 61st Field Artillery is in direct support.</p> <p>2. MISSION. The TF conducts a passage of lines and attacks to seize and secure Objective Richmond no later than 090600Z. On order, the TF prepares to continue movement forward of PL Green.</p> <p>3. EXECUTION.</p> <p style="margin-left: 40px;">a. Concept of the Operation: See the overlay developed by the trainer in the field.</p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">(1) Maneuver. TF 1-25 departs AA Red Cloud with two company teams abreast and two teams following. Team A leads on Axis Oak and is the main attack. Team B leads on Axis Pine and is supporting the attack. Teams C and D follow on Axis Oak and Pine respectively. The commander's intent is to gain contact with the enemy and locate and fix the main body of the enemy so that the brigade can conduct envelopments to destroy it. It is necessary to destroy enemy combat outposts. The unit must quickly reorganize and continue movement until the unit finds the main body. The company team that makes initial contact will attempt to fight through and destroy the enemy. If the unit cannot, they will provide a base of fire for maneuver with the remaining TF. The unit will continue movement to PL Green if no contact is gained. The unit will continue movement past PL Green on order.</p> <p style="margin-left: 80px;">(2) Fire support. The priority of fires is to Team A initially and then to the team that is in contact (once contact is made).</p>	

**Figure A-1. Sample OPORD**

- (3) Mines, obstacles, and fortifications. Critical checkpoints and identified obstacles are shown on the obstacle overlay.
  - b. Subunit Missions (as required).
  - c. Engineer. Priority of support is to the two lead teams. On order, conduct breaching operations in support of the team in contact. Be prepared to support a hasty defense on order.
  - d. Coordinating Instructions.
    - (1) Report all enemy contact.
    - (2) Report all enemy obstacles.
    - (3) Report crossing of the PLs.
    - (4) Additional information, as required.
  - 4. SERVICE AND SUPPORT. Per the brigade SOP.
  - 5. COMMAND AND SIGNAL.
    - a. Command.
    - b. Signal.
      - (1) Current SOI.
      - (2) Radio-listening silence until initial contact is made with the enemy.
- FOR TRAINING PURPOSES ONLY  
(classification)

**Figure A-1. Sample OPORD (continued)**

## APPENDIX B - THREAT ANALYSIS

### B-1. Introduction.

a. Dramatic changes in Europe and within the former Soviet Union have reduced the likelihood of an east-west military confrontation in Europe. The threat in Europe has not gone away completely, but it is less immediate and has changed in nature. Despite reductions, Russia will still have the largest army in Europe. Regardless of the stated peaceful intentions of current Russian political leaders, the Russian Armed Forces still possesses formidable capabilities, and those capabilities will remain, should conditions and intentions change. Other former Soviet republics are forming their own armed forces and could pose threats to each other or to other countries in the region. In this time of turmoil and uncertainty, the former Soviet military power remains a potentially dangerous challenge to US and North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATO) security. However, this remnant of the former Soviet threat is just one of many.

b. Many other nations are obtaining or developing sophisticated weaponry. Various regional conflicts could cause the US to intervene bilaterally or as part of a multinational coalition to protect our interests or those of our allies. Other potential conflict areas could call for a variety of responses by either the US, the former Soviet republics, or both. The threat may come in an organized military form, which may or may not follow the former Soviet model. It may also come in the form of insurgencies, terrorism, or narcotics trafficking. The US Army needs to be prepared to respond to this broad spectrum of potential threats that it could encounter in various contingencies.

B-2. Global Threats. Modern weapons and the capability to project military power to great distances beyond its own national borders would characterize a global-type threat, such as the former Soviet one. Against such a potential adversary, the threat to rear operations would include the following:

- Armored or mechanized forces breaking into the rear area.
- Airborne, airmobile, or amphibious assault forces inserted into the rear area.
- Long-range artillery, surface-to-surface missiles, or air strikes targeting rear-area assets.
- NBC weapons.
- Radio-electronic combat aimed at jamming or destroying our communications means and disrupting our C2.
- Agents and saboteurs.

B-3. Regional Threats. Regional threats, such as Iraq or North Korea, have less capability to project power. However, they may have some of the same weapons and organizations as a global threat. In fact, lessening superpower tensions are contributing significantly to the proliferation of sophisticated weaponry to emerging nations. This applies not only to conventional ground and air weapons, but also to chemical and nuclear weapons and missile systems. A mature regional power, possibly with a global power as a major source of its military hardware, emphasizes the ability to project its forces throughout a given region.

B-4. Local Threats. Local threats have even more localized objectives and little capability to project power beyond their own borders or their immediate neighbors. They generally have less modern equipment than global or regional threat powers or at least a limited variety of modern weapons. Their equipment may include modern small arms and light artillery (such as mortars, howitzers, and rocket launchers), but often does not include sophisticated weapons such as long-range conventional artillery or high-performance aircraft. A local threat may be heavily supported by a regional threat or even by a global power. For example, in the past, Cuba assisted Soviet-backed movements in Angola, Nicaragua, and Ethiopia. This outside influence will often be reflected in the equipment, organization, or tactics of the local threat forces. However, the actions of a local threat are often limited to insurgencies, civil wars, or

border disputes. Insurgents, especially those with outside help, may be able to purchase modern weapons, but may not have developed a logistics base able to sustain continuous conflict. Therefore, they often concentrate on guerrilla tactics, sabotage, assassinations, booby traps, or explosives to achieve their objectives.

**B-5. Special Situations.**

a. The threat in special situations includes terrorism. Terrorism may satisfy the objectives of different types of threats discussed above. Terrorists are the least likely threat to use conventional forces and thus are the hardest to anticipate or to train against. Terrorist tactics include the following:

- Assassinating or maiming.
- Arson.
- Bombing.
- Hijacking, kidnapping, or hostage taking.
- Raids and seizure of facilities.
- Sabotage.
- Hoaxes (such as bomb threats).

Terrorists may also be able to obtain weapons of mass destruction. A political leadership that supports terrorism, as in Iraq, may control such NBC weapons. If nuclear weapons are too difficult to obtain, terrorists may instead employ chemical or biological weapons.

b. Narcotics trafficking is another special-condition threat. It may be supported or tolerated by a global power for political or economic reasons. It may also be tied in with regional or local threat powers or with terrorism. There is often a marriage of convenience between insurgent groups and the drug cartels. The cartels can spend significant amounts of money on the latest in technology for communications and security to protect their operations. They can also buy weapons and otherwise finance regional insurgencies and cross-border conflicts.

**B-6. Bottom Line.** The threat to rear operations includes all of the above categories. These threat categories are not mutually exclusive and may overlap with one another.

**APPENDIX C - METRIC CONVERSION CHART****Table C-1. Metric Conversion Chart**

<b>US Units</b>	<b>Multiplied By</b>	<b>Equals Metric Units</b>
<b>Length</b>		
Feet	0.30480	Meters
Inches	2.54000	Centimeters
Inches	0.02540	Meters
Inches	25.40010	Millimeters
Miles (statute)	1.60930	Kilometers
Miles per hour	0.04470	Meters per second
Yards	0.91400	Meters
<b>Volume</b>		
Cubic feet	0.02830	Cubic meters
Cubic yards	0.76460	Cubic meters
<b>Weight</b>		
Pounds	453.59000	Grams
Pounds	0.45359	Kilograms
<b>Metric Units</b>	<b>Multiplied By</b>	<b>Equals US Units</b>
<b>Length</b>		
Centimeters	0.39370	Inches
Meters per second	2.23700	Miles per hour
Millimeters	0.03937	Inches
Kilometers	0.62137	Miles (statute)
Meters	3.28080	Feet
Meters	39.37000	Inches
Meters	1.09360	Yards
<b>Volume</b>		
Cubic meters	35.31440	Cubic feet
Cubic meters	1.30790	Cubic yards
<b>Weight</b>		
Kilograms	2.20460	Pounds



## GLOSSARY

**1SG**

first sergeant

**5 Ss and T**

search, silence, segregate, speed, safeguard, and tag

**AA**

avenue of approach; assembly area; antiaircraft; anchor assembly

**AAR**

after-action review; after-action report

**ABCS**

Army Battle Command System

**AC**

active component; alternating current

**ADC**

area damage control

**ADE**

assistant division engineer

**AG**

adjutant general

**ALCE**

airlift control element

**AO**

area of operations

**AOAP**

Army Oil Analysis Program

**APC**

armored personnel carrier

**AR**

Army regulation; armor; angle of repose

**ARTEP**

Army Training and Evaluation Program

**ATTN**

attention

**ATWESS**

antitank weapon effects signature simulator

**BDAR**

battle damage assessment and repair

<b>BF</b>	battle fatigue; board feet
<b>BMO</b>	battalion maintenance officer
<b>BOS</b>	battlefield operating system
<b>C2</b>	command and control
<b>CANA</b>	convulsant antidote for nerve agents
<b>CATS</b>	combined arms training strategy
<b>CCIR</b>	commander's critical-information requirement
<b>CDM</b>	chemical downwind message
<b>CE</b>	command element; communications-electronics; compactive effort
<b>CFX</b>	command field exercise
<b>CHS</b>	combat health support
<b>CO</b>	commissioned officer; carbon monoxide; commanding officer; company
<b>COA</b>	course of action
<b>COMEX</b>	communications exercise
<b>COMMZ</b>	communications zone
<b>COMSEC</b>	communications security
<b>COP</b>	common operational picture
<b>CP</b>	command post; checkpoint
<b>CPR</b>	

cardiovascular pulmonary resuscitation; cardiopulmonary resuscitation

**CPX**

command post exercise

**CSS**

combat service support

**CTA**

common table of allowances; consolidated training activities

**DA**

Department of the Army; Denmark; direct action

**DA Form**

Department of the Army Form

**DACG**

departure-airfield control group

**DD**

Department of Defense

**DEERS**

Defense Enrollment Eligibility Reporting System

**DENTAC**

dental activity

**DOD**

Department of Defense

**DODIC**

Department of Defense identification code

**DS**

direct support; double story

**DTSS**

Digital Topographic Support System

**EA**

each; engagement area

**ECCM**

electronic countercountermeasures

**EEFI**

essential elements of friendly information

**EMO**

electronic media only

**ENDEX**

end of exercise

**EOD**

explosive ordnance disposal

**EPW**

enemy prisoner of war

**EW**

electronic warfare

**FBCB2**

Force XXI Battle Command Brigade and Below

**FH**

field hospital; frequency hopping

**final protection fires (FPF)**

An immediately available prearranged barrier of fire designed to impede enemy movement across defensive lines or areas.

**FM**

field manual; frequency-modulated; frequency modulation

**FO**

forward observer

**FPF**

final protective fire; final protection fires

**FPL**

final protective line

**FRAGO**

fragmentary order

**FRAGO (fragmentary order)**

An abbreviated form of an operation order (usually issued on a day-to-day basis) that eliminates the need for restating information contained in a basic operation order.

**FS**

fire support; foresight; Fort Sill

**FST**

field sanitation team; fire support team

**FTX**

field training exercise

**G1**

Assistant Chief of Staff, G1 (Personnel)

**GRREG**

graves registration

**HQ**

headquarters

**INTSUM**

intelligence summary

**ITO**

installation transportation office(r)

**KIA**

killed in action

**LCE**

load-carrying equipment

**LNO**

liaison officer

**LOC**

lines of communication; location

**LOI**

letter of instruction

**LZ**

landing zone

**MACOM**

major Army command

**MANSCEN**

Maneuver Support Center

**MAPEX**

map exercise

**MCC**

movement control center

**MCS**

Maneuver Control System

**MCSR**

materiel condition status report

**MDI**

modernized demolition initiator

**MEDDAC**

medical department activity

**METL**

mission-essential task list

**METT-TC**

mission, enemy, terrain, troops, time available, and civilian considerations

**MICLIC**

mine clearing line charge

**MIJI**  
meaconing, intrusion, jamming, and interference

**MILES**  
Multiple Integrated Laser Engagement System

**mm**  
millimeter(s)

**MO**  
Missouri; monthly

**MOPP**  
mission-oriented protective posture

**MOPP2**  
mission-oriented protective posture Level 2 (mask carried/worn, protective suit and boots worn, and gloves carried)

**MOPP4**  
mission-oriented protective posture Level 4 (mask, protective suit, boots, and gloves worn)

**MORTREP**  
mortar bombing report

**MOS**  
military occupational specialty; minimum operating strip

**MOUT**  
military operations on urbanized terrain

**MP**  
military police

**MSR**  
main supply route

**MSRT**  
mobile subscriber radiotelephone terminal

**MST**  
maintenance support team

**MTF**  
medical-treatment facility

**MTP**  
mission training plan; MOS training plan

**MWR**  
morale, welfare, and recreation

**NATO**  
North Atlantic Treaty Organization

**NBC**

nuclear, biological, and chemical

**NBC 1 Report**

Observer's Initial Report. This report is used by the observing unit to give basic, initial, and follow-up data about an NBC attack. This report is sent by platoons and companies to the battalion headquarters or by designated observers to the division NBC Center (NBCC).

**NBC 4 Report**

Monitoring and Survey Report. This report is used to report NBC hazards detected by a unit through monitoring, survey, or reconnaissance. This report is prepared and submitted by company-level organizations.

**NBC 5 Report**

Actual Contaminated Areas Report. Once the NBC reports are posted on the situation map, the division prepares an NBC 5 report showing the contaminated area. The preferred method of dissemination is by overlay.

**NCO**

noncommissioned officer

**NCOER**

noncommissioned officer evaluation report

**NCOIC**

noncommissioned officer in charge

**NCS**

net control station

**O/C**

observer/controller

**OBJ**

objective

**OEG**

operation exposure guide; operational-exposure guidance

**OP**

observation post; operational procedure

**OPFOR**

opposing forces

**OPLAN**

operation plan

**OPORD**

operation order

**OPORD (operation order)**

A directive issued by a commander to subordinate commanders for the purpose of effecting the coordinated execution of a plan of action.

**OPSEC**

operations security

**PAC**

personnel and administration center

**pam**

pamphlet

**PAO**

Personnel Affairs Officer

**PCC**

precombat check

**PCI**

photo coverage indexes; precombat inspection

**PDDE**

power-driven decontamination equipment

**PDS**

personnel daily summary

**PL**

phase line; plastic limit; Poland

**PLL**

prescribed load list

**PM**

provost marshal; program manager; preventive maintenance

**PMCS**

preventive-maintenance checks and services

**POE**

port of embarkation

**POL**

petroleum, oils, and lubricants

**POM**

preparation for oversea movement; program objective memorandum

**POS/NAV**

position/navigation

**POV**

privately owned vehicle

**PS**

personnel strength; personnel status; pull switch

**PSC**

personnel service company



<b>PSR</b>	personnel status report
<b>PVNTMED</b>	preventive medicine
<b>QC</b>	quality control
<b>radiac</b>	radiation, detection, indication, and computation
<b>RAOC</b>	rear-area operations center
<b>RATELO</b>	radiotelephone operator
<b>RC</b>	rapid cure; reserve component
<b>RES</b>	radiation exposure status
<b>ROE</b>	rules of engagement
<b>ROI</b>	rules of interaction
<b>RP</b>	Republic of Philippines; release point; rally point; reference point; red phosphorus
<b>RSOP</b>	readiness standing operating procedure
<b>RTD</b>	return to duty
<b>S1</b>	Adjutant (US Army)
<b>S2</b>	Intelligence Officer (US Army)
<b>S3</b>	Operations and Training Officer (US Army)
<b>S4</b>	Supply Officer (US Army)
<b>SA</b>	semiannually; situational awareness
<b>SATS</b>	Standard Army Training System

**SAW**

squad automatic weapon

**SCATMINE**

scatterable mine

**SCPE**

simplified collective-protection equipment

**SHELREP**

shelling report

**SHTU**

simplified handheld terminal unit

**SINCGARS**

Single-Channel, Ground and Airborne Radio System

**SITREP**

situation report

**situation report (SITREP)**

A report giving the situation in the area of the reporting unit or formation.

**SJA**

Staff Judge Advocate

**SOFA**

Status of Forces Agreement

**SOI**

signal operation instructions

**SOP**

standing operating procedure

**SOP (standing operating procedure)**

A set of instructions covering those features of operations that lend themselves to a definite or standardized procedure without loss of effectiveness. The procedure is applicable unless ordered otherwise.

**SP**

start point; strongpoint; self-propelled; Spain

**SSI**

standing signal instructions; signal supplemental instructions

**STANAG**

standardization agreement

**STB**

supertropical bleach

**STP**

soldier training publication

**STRAC**

Standards in Training Commission

**STX**

situational training exercise

**T&EO**

training and evaluation outline

**TA**

terrain analysis; theater Army; training area; training aid

**TAA**

Tactical Assembly Area

**TACSOP**

tactical standing operating procedure

**TAMMS**

The Army Maintenance Management System

**TC**

technical coordinator; training circular; track commander; tank commander

**TEWT**

tactical exercise without troops

**TF**

task force; total float

**TM**

team; technical manual; trademark

**TMO**

transportation movements office(r)

**TNT**

trinitrotoluene

**TOC**

tactical operations center

**TOE**

table(s) of organization and equipment

**TRADOC**

United States Army Training and Doctrine Command

**TRP**

target reference point; traffic regulation plan

**TSEC**

transmission security

**UAV**

unmanned aerial vehicle

**UCMJ**

Uniform Code of Military Justice

**UPW**

unit proficiency work sheet

**US**

United States

**UXO**

unexploded ordnance

**WCS**

weapon control status; weapon control station

**WO**

warrant officer; warning order

**XO**

executive officer

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**30 OCTOBER 2003**

By Order of the Secretary of the Army:

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